## LA47516 - Four-Channel 50W BTL Power Amplifier for Car Stereo Systems

## Overview

The LA47516 is a four-channel 50W BTL power amplifier IC for car stereo systems. The output stage uses a pure complementary format with a V-PNP transistor on the upper side and an NPN transistor on the lower side, making it possible to obtain high power output and excellent sound quality.
This IC features an extensive set of functions required in car audio systems, including a standby switch, muting function, and a full complement of protection circuits.

## Features

- Maximum output : $50 \mathrm{~W} \times 4$ (at $\mathrm{V} C \mathrm{C}=14.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=4 \Omega$ )
- Very low external component count


## Functions

- On-chip offset detector
- Electrically driven mirror noise countermeasure pin provided
- Mute function
- Standby switch
- Full compliment of protection circuits (including shorting to the power supply, shorting to ground, load short-circuit, overvoltage, thermal protection)


## Usage Notes

Note 1 : This IC must not be connected incorrectly. Incorrect connection can lead to damage to or destruction of the IC.
Note 2 : The protection circuits can temporarily prevent damage to the IC from abnormal states such as incorrect output line connections, but they cannot guarantee that the IC will not be destroyed.
In particular, these protection circuits do not function outside the guaranteed operating ranges, and incorrect connection of the outputs can lead to destruction of the IC.

## Specifications

Maximum Ratings at $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum supply voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \max 1$ | No signal, $\mathrm{t}=1$ minute | 26 | V |
|  | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \max 2$ | With signal | 18 | V |

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| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum output current | IO peak |  | 4.5 | A |
| Allowable power dissipation | Pd max | With a infinity large heat sink (See note.) | 50 | W |
| Operating temperature | Topr |  | -40 to +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | Tstg |  | -40 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Junction-to-case thermal resistance | 0j-c |  | 1 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |

Note : Power consumption (Pd), junction-to-case thermal resistance ( $\theta \mathrm{j}-\mathrm{c}$ ), heat sink thermal resistance ( $\theta \mathrm{f}$ ), junction temperature ( Tj ), case temperature ( Tc ), and ambient temperature ( Ta ) have the relationship shown in the following equation.
$\mathrm{Tj}=\operatorname{Pd}(\theta \mathrm{j}-\mathrm{c}+\theta \mathrm{f})+\mathrm{Ta}$

$$
=\mathrm{Pd} \times \theta \mathrm{j}-\mathrm{c}+\mathrm{Tc}, \quad * \mathrm{Tc}=\mathrm{Pd} \times \theta \mathrm{f}+\mathrm{Ta} \quad \text { However, } \mathrm{Tj} \text { max is limited by } \mathrm{T} \operatorname{stg} \max \left(150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)
$$

Operating Conditions at $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recommended supply voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | 14.4 | V |
| Recommended load resistance | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}$ |  | 4 | $\Omega$ |
| Operating supply voltage range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ op | Pd max shall not be exceeded. | 9 to 18 | V |

Electrical Characteristics at $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=14.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=4 \Omega, \mathrm{Rg}=600 \Omega$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | min | typ | max |  |
| Quiescent current | ICCO | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=\infty, \mathrm{Rg}=0$ |  | 200 | 350 | mA |
| Standby current | Ist | $\mathrm{Vst}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Output offset voltage | Vn offset | $\mathrm{Rg}=0$ | -150 |  | +150 | mV |
| Voltage gain | VG | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{dBm}$ | 31 | 32 | 33 | dB |
| Voltage gain difference | $\Delta \mathrm{VG}$ |  | -1 |  | +1 | dB |
| Output power | $\mathrm{PO}_{\mathrm{O}} 1$ | THD $=10 \%$ | 24 | 29 |  | W |
|  | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{O}}$ max1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=13.7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=2.5 \mathrm{Vrms}$ |  | 43 |  | W |
|  | $P_{0}$ max2 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.5 \mathrm{Vrms}$ |  | 48 |  | W |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{O}}=4 \mathrm{~W}$ |  | 0.1 | 0.4 | \% |
| Channel separation | CHsep | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{Rg}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 55 | 65 |  | dB |
| Ripple rejection ratio | SVRR | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{fr}=100 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Vr}=0 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{Rg}=0 \\ & \text { B.P.F }=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ | 50 | 70 |  | dB |
| Output noise voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}$ | $\mathrm{Rg}=0, \mathrm{~B} . \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{F}=20 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 20kHz |  | 80 | 200 | $\mu \mathrm{Vrms}$ |
| Mute attenuation | Ma | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=20 \mathrm{dBm}$ | 70 | 90 |  | dB |

$* 0 \mathrm{dBm}=0.775 \mathrm{Vrms}$

## Package Dimensions

unit: mm (typ)

3236A



## Block and Test Circuit Diagram



Note : The components and constant values in the test circuit are used for confirmation of characteristics and do not guarantee that the application equipment will be free from malfunction or trouble

## Description of Operation

1. Standby switch function (pin 4)

The pin 4 threshold voltage is set to $2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{BE}}$; the amplifier turns on when $\mathrm{Vst}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ or higher, and off when $\mathrm{Vst}=0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ or lower. Note that pin 4 requires an operating current of $40 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ or higher.
Note : Do not ground the output with the Pin 4 voltage at approximately 1.4 V . In addition, do not give the Pin 4 voltage a time constant.
2. Muting function

The audio can be muted by connecting pin 22 to ground through a $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistance. This sets the IC to the muted state. The mute time constant is determined by the external capacitor and resistor constants. The recommended external constants are $\mathrm{C}=3.3 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{R}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
3. Oscillation stability

Parasitic oscillation may be induced depending on the board layout.
Countermeasures against oscillation can be taken by adding the following parts.
Note that the following are only examples for reference, and that the optimum capacitance values must be confirmed in the mounted condition for each set.

- Connect a Mylar capacitor $(0.033 \mu \mathrm{~F})$ between the BTL outputs.
- Connect a capacitor and a resistor $(0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and $2.2 \Omega$ in series) between each output and GND.

4. Sound quality (low frequencies)

The frequency response in the low frequency range can be improved by varying the capacitance value of the input capacitor. The recommended value is $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ or less.
5. Impulse noise

This IC includes a function for preventing impulse noise from appearing in the output. The effect of this function can be improved by using it in combination with the muting function.

- When turning on the amplifier, turn the power supply and the mute function on at the same time.

Then turn the mute function off after the output current potential has stabilized.

- When turning off the amplifier, first turn on the muting function and then turn off the power.

6. Electric mirror noise suppression measures

A capacitor about twice the size of the input capacitors must be used for the capacitor between pins 1 and 25 that is used to minimize noise from the electrically driven mirror.
In the sample application circuit, a $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor is used for $0.22 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ input capacitors.
Note that the capacitor connected between pins 1 and 25 must be connected to the same pre-ground as the input capacitors.





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