(Unit : mm)

GL100MN×MP Series

Features

- 1. Compact and thin package
- 2. Surface mount type
- 3. 2-way mounting;top view/side view
- 4. Reflow soldering
- 5. High output type: GL100MN1MP
- General purpose type:GL100MN0MP Pair use with PT100MC0MP/PT100MF0MP is recommended

Applications

- 1. Touch panel for ATM
- 2. Touch panel for Car navigation system
- 3. Touch panel for FA equipment

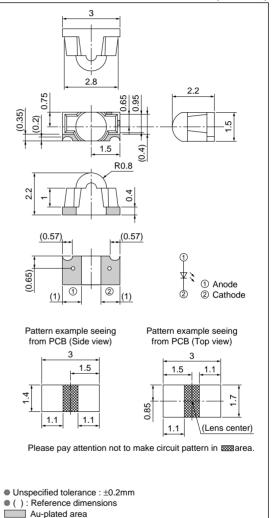
Absolute Maximum Ratings (T _a					
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit		
Forward current	$I_{\rm F}$	50	mA		
*1 Peak forward current	I _{FM}	0.5	Α		
Reverse voltage	V _R	6	V		
Power dissipation	Р	75	mW		
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-30 to +85	°C		
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +95	°C		
*2 Soldering temperature	T _{sol}	240	°C		

*1 Pulse width 100µs, duty 0.01

*2 Max. 10s

Compact, Surface Mount Type Infrared Emitting Diode

Outline Dimensions



Notice In the absence of confirmation by device specification sheets, SHARP takes no responsibility for any defects that may occur in equipment using any SHARP devices shown in catalogs, data books, etc. Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest device specification sheets before using any SHARP device. Internet address for Electronic Components Group http://sharp-world.com/ecg/

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage	GL100MN0MP	VF	I _F =20mA	_	1.2	1.4	V
	GL100MN1MP	V _F	I _F =20mA	-	1.2	1.5	V
Peak forward voltage		VFM	I _{FM} =0.5A	_	3.0	4.0	V
Reverse current		I _R	V _R =3V	_	-	10	μΑ
Radiant flux	GL100MN0MP	$\Phi_{\rm e}$	I _F =20mA	1.0	-	3.0	mW
	GL100MN1MP	$\Phi_{\rm e}$	I _F =20mA	2.0	-	6.0	mW
Peak emission wavelengtl	1	λ_p	I _F =5mA	-	940	-	nm
Half intensity wave length		Δλ	I _F =5mA	_	45	-	nm
Terminal capacitance		Ct	V _R =0, f=1MHz	_	50	-	pF
Response frequency		f _c	-	-	300	-	kHz
Half intensity angle		Δθ	_	_	±10	_	•

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

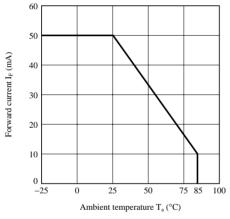


Fig.3 Spectral Distribution

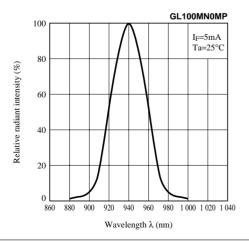


Fig.2 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

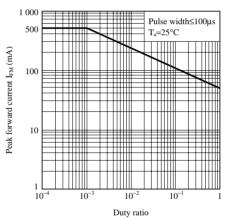
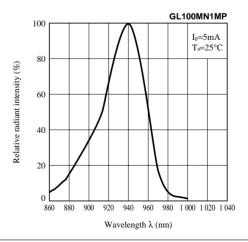
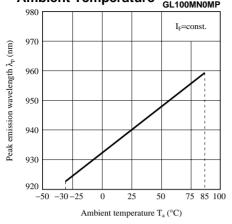


Fig.4 Spectral Distribution









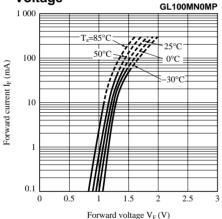
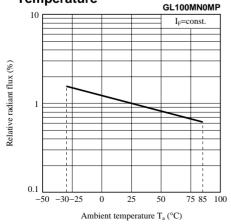


Fig.9 Relative Radiant Flux vs. Ambient Temperature





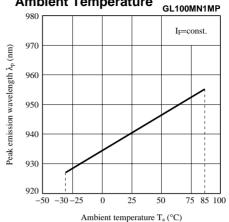


Fig.8 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

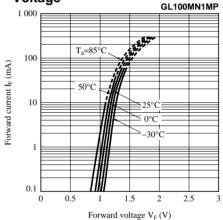
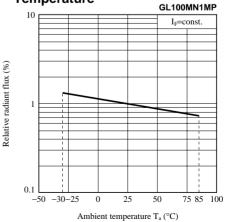
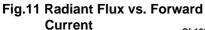
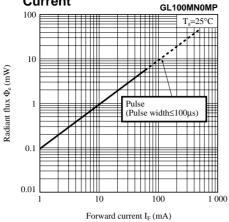
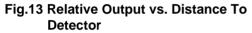


Fig.10 Relative Radiant Flux vs. Ambient Temperature









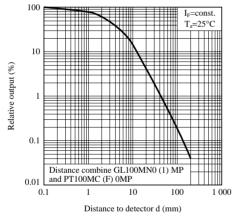


Fig.15 Reflow Soldering

Only one time soldering is recommended within the temperature profile shown below.

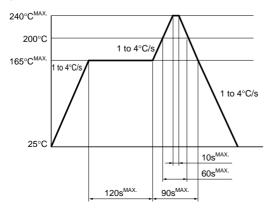


Fig.12 Radiant Flux vs. Forward Current

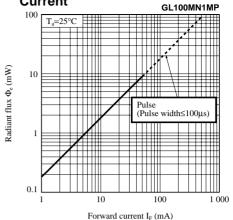
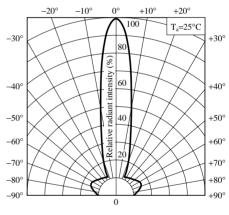


Fig.14 Radiation Diagram (Typical Value)



Angular displacement 0

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 - --- Office automation equipment
 - --- Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
 - --- Test and measurement equipment
 - --- Industrial control
 - --- Audio visual equipment
 - --- Consumer electronics
 - (ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:
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 - --- Traffic signals
 - --- Gas leakage sensor breakers
 - --- Alarm equipment
 - --- Various safety devices, etc.

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- --- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
- --- Nuclear power control equipment
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