Heraeus

Precise and reliable measurement, optimization and management.

Heraeus Nexensos

Sensors for the efficient and responsible use of resources.



Heraeus Nexensos

Precise, reliable, and optimized measurement

Sustainability, environmental awareness and energy efficiency are worldwide concerns, and important drivers for future development. Key technologies for clean air, energy efficiency and conservation of resources are both a responsibility and a challenge.

High precision temperature measurement is essential for these technologies and, in addition to accuracy, stability and reliability are important prerequisites for successful technical solutions, and their efficient use.

Platinum thin-film technology offers outstanding advantages in a wide variety of applications, and is the first choice when it comes to accuracy and long-term stability. As a specialist in high-precision temperature measurement, Heraeus, with more than 100 years of experience, is the global market leader in thin-film platinum sensor technology.

With our portfolio of sensors, capable of performing highly accurate measurements over the temperature range of -196° C to $+1000^{\circ}$ C in gases, liquids and solids, we provide advanced standard and customized solutions.

The most important application areas include the automotive, household appliance, process technology, energy production and energy management, electronics and life science fields. Our solutions help protect the environment, promote the efficient use of energy, facilitate precision analysis, and help to maximize safety in these fields.

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Heraeus Nexensos

A partner for your goals



Innovation as a matter of principle

Our customers are invited to utilize our innovative technology and vast experience in the field of platinum thinfilm technology. As a development partner and solutions provider, in close cooperation with our customers, we continually create innovative products and applications with impressive performance and efficiency. Our track record? Millions of sensors, operating world-wide, every day.

Technology with vision

As pioneers in industrial precious metal processing, and specialists in platinum-based temperature measurement, you can count on Heraeus Nexensos for extensive expertise, technological experience and a nearly unlimited bandwidth of possible applications. We help ensure that your large-scale production is fast and stable, with continuous improvement always in mind.





Quality and responsibility

The million-fold mass production of high-precision sensors requires comprehensive quality assurance. To insure that our customer's strictest quality requirements are met, the ISO/TS 16949 automotive quality management system is followed. In addition, extensive methods relating to anticipatory quality planning are used. Embedded in all of our systems is a commitment to the conservation of resources and sustainability, as stated in the Heraeus mission statement.

For quality with a future, look for Made in Germany.

Heraeus Nexensos

Advanced solutions for the key technologies of today and tomorrow

Automotive:

- Designed and produced with direct customer dialog
- Constant product optimization based on customers' needs
- Compliance with statutory emissions requirements
- Reduction of fuel consumption
- Increased vehicle operational safety thanks to precise sensor technology operating up to 1050°C
- Extended component service life



Household appliances:

- Individually customized sensor solutions
- High quality final products
- Extremely reliable and durable Pt sensor technology
- Cost-effective high volume production

Process technology:

- Dependable process management
- Reduction of maintenance costs and downtime
- Cost-effective standard products in Pt thin-film technology
- High-precision sensors for specialized customer requirements



Energy production and energy management

- Temperature monitoring for alternative and conventional energy production
- Heat management and energy conservation
- Application-specific, cost-optimized solutions
- Cost savings achieved via simple mounting capability
- Cost-effective products mass-produced in Pt thin-film technology

Electronics:

- Precise temperature measurement
- Automated assembly
- Compensation for component thermal drift effects
- High-volume production at low-cost
- Standardized characteristic curve DIN EN 60751
- AECQ 200 certified products



Life science:

- Biocompatibility
- Heater-sensor combinations and multi-sensor platforms for customer-specific applications
- Ramp-up capability for large-scale production



Platinum Temperature Sensors in Operation Technical principles

The change in electrical resistance of a platinum sensing element is precisely defined by the temperature; as a result, this relationship can be utilized for thermometry. The relationship is listed in the table of basic values for Pt 100 (TC = 3850 ppm/K).

Some of the parameters that influence platinum thin-film sensors over their service life are as follows:

Measurement currents and self-heating

The supply current heats the platinum thin-film sensor. The resulting temperature measuring error is defined by: $\Delta T = P^*S$

where P, the power loss = I^2R and S, the self-heating coefficient in K/mW.

The self-heating coefficients are specified in the data sheets for the individual products. Self-heating is dependent on thermal contact between the platinum thin-film sensor and the surrounding medium. If the heat transfer to the environment is efficient, higher measurement currents can be used. Platinum thin-film sensors have no low limits for measurement current. The optimal measurement current is greatly dependent upon the specific parameters of the application.

General recommendations for test current:

100 Ω: 0.3 to max. 1.0 mA
500 Ω: 0.1 to max. 0.7 mA
1000 Ω: 0.1 to max. 0.3 mA
2000 Ω: 0.1 to max. 0.3 mA
10,000 Ω: 0.1 to max. 0.25 mA

Basic va	lues for 100) Ω platinun	n temperatı	ire sensors	as per DIN	EN 60751 (1	(S90) TC = 3	3850 ppm/K			
°C	Ω	Ω/°C	°C	Ω	Ω/° C	°C	Ω	Ω/ ° C	°C	Ω	Ω/° C
-200	18.52	0.432	70	127.08	0.383	340	226.21	0.352	610	316.92	0.320
-190	22.83	0.429	80	130.90	0.382	350	229.72	0.350	620	320.12	0.319
-180	27.10	0.425	90	134.71	0.380	360	233.21	0.349	630	323.30	0.318
-170	31.34	0.422	100	138.51	0.379	370	236.70	0.348	640	326.48	0.317
-160	35.34	0.419	110	142.29	0.378	380	240.18	0.347	650	329.64	0.316
-150	39.72	0.417	120	146.07	0.377	390	243.64	0.346	660	332.79	0.315
-140	43.88	0.414	130	149.83	0.376	400	247.09	0.345	670	335.93	0.313
-130	48.00	0.412	140	153.58	0.375	410	250.53	0.343	680	339.06	0.312
-120	52.11	0.409	150	157.33	0.374	420	253.96	0.342	690	342.18	0.311
-110	56.19	0.407	160	161.05	0.372	430	257.38	0.341	700	345.28	0.310
-100	60.26	0.405	170	164.77	0.371	440	260.78	0.340	710	348.38	0.309
-90	64.30	0.403	180	168.48	0.370	450	264.18	0.339	720	351.46	0.308
-80	68.33	0.402	190	172.17	0.369	460	267.56	0.338	730	354.53	0.307
-70	72.33	0.400	200	175.86	0.368	470	270.93	0.337	740	357.59	0.305
-60	76.33	0.399	210	179.53	0.367	480	274.29	0.335	750	360.64	0.304
-50	80.31	0.397	220	183.19	0.365	490	277.64	0.334	760	363.67	0.303
-40	84.27	0.396	230	186.84	0.364	500	280.98	0.333	770	366.70	0.302
-30	88.22	0.394	240	190.47	0.363	510	284.30	0.332	780	369.71	0.301
-20	92.16	0.393	250	194.10	0.362	520	287.62	0.331	790	372.71	0.300
-10	96.09	0.392	260	197.71	0.361	530	290.92	0.330	800	375.70	0.298
0	100.00	0.391	270	201.31	0.360	540	294.21	0.328	810	378.68	0.297
10	103.90	0.390	280	204.90	0.358	550	297.49	0.327	820	381.65	0.296
20	107.79	0.389	290	208.48	0.357	560	300.75	0.326	830	384.60	0.295
30	111.67	0.387	300	212.05	0.356	570	304.01	0.325	840	387.55	0.294
40	115.54	0.386	310	215.61	0.355	580	307.25	0.324	850	390.48	0.293
50	119.40	0.385	320	219.15	0.354	590	310.49	0.323			
60	123.24	0.384	330	222.68	0.353	600	313.71	0.322			

For additional tables for 200, 500, and 1000 ohm elements, please visit www.heraeus-nexensos.com

Accuracy tolerance classification

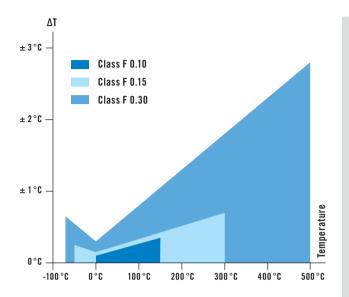
Heraeus Nexensos supplies platinum thin-film sensors in accordance with DIN EN 60751 in the accuracy tolerance classifications B (F0.3), A (F0.15) and 1/3 B (F0.1) (and 2B (F0.6) for specific parts).

Tolerance classification												
Tolerance according to DIN EN 60751 2009–05	Tolerance according to DIN EN 60751 1996-07	Temperature range										
F 0.10	Class 1/3 B	0°C to +150°C										
F 0.15	Class A	-50 °C to + 300 °C										
F 0.30	Class B	-70 °C to + 500 °C										
F 0.60	Class 2B	-70 °C to + 500 °C										

Platinum thin-film sensors can also be selected in tolerance groups with a maximum $\Delta T = 0.1$ K over a range of 0 °C to 100 °C. For applications with high price sensitivity, other accuracy tolerances are also available.

Limit variations for 100 Ω platinum sensors

Temp. °C		Limit va	riations	
	Class	F 0.15	Class	F 0.3
	°C	Ohm	°C	Ohm
-200	±0.55	±0.24	±1.3	±0.56
-100	±0.35	±0.14	±0.8	±0.32
0	±0.15	±0.06	±0.3	±0.12
100	±0.35	±0.13	±0.8	±0.30
200	±0.55	±0.20	±1.3	±0.48
300	±0.75	±0.27	±1.8	±0.64
400	±0.95	±0.33	±2.3	±0.79
500	±1.15	±0.38	±2.8	±0.93
600	±1.35	±0.43	±3.3	±1.06
650	±1.45	±0.46	±3.6	±1.13
700	-	_	±3.8	±1.17
800	-	_	±4.3	±1.28
850	-	-	±4.6	±1.34



Tolerances of base values for Pt temperature sensors are specified in DIN EN 60751.

Thermal response times

The thermal response time is the time required by a platinum thin-film sensor to react to a step change in temperature. The response time value is specified for a particular percentage of the temperature change. DIN EN 60751 recommends that response time values be specified for 50% and 90% of the step change. $t_{0.5}$ and $t_{0.9}$ for water and air flows of 0.4 or 2.0 meters/ second are indicated on the data sheets. Conversion to other media and speeds can be carried out with the aid of the VDI/VDE 3522 manual.

Thermo-electric effect

Platinum thin-film sensors generate virtually no electromotive power.

Vibration and impact

Platinum thin-film sensors are solid-state components and are extremely resistant to vibration and impact. The qualifying factor is normally the mounting method. The testing of well mounted platinum thin-film sensors has confirmed typical performance as follows:

Vibration resistance:	40g over a range
	from 10 Hz to 2 kHz
Shock resistance:	100g, 8ms half sine

Platinum Temperature Sensors in Operation Technical principles

General electrical parameters of the sensor elements

Inductance:	<1µH
Capacitance:	1 to 6 pF
Insulation resistance:	>100 M Ω at 20 °C
	>2 MΩ at 500°C
High-voltage strength:	>1000 V at 20°C
	> 25 V at 500 °C

Mechanical load capability

Platinum thin-film sensors are sensitive to mechanical loads that may, under extreme conditions, lead to a rupture or chipping of the glass cover or the ceramic substrate. Improper handling or unsuitable mounting processes may lead to permanent changes to the measurement signal.

During manufacture, the connection wires are subjected to pull and tear tests for quality assurance purposes

Repeatability

Heraeus Nexensos platinum thin-film sensors are characterized by a high degree of signal repeatability.

Long-term stability

The aging effects on temperature sensors as a result of longterm operation or temperature shock may have a negative influence on the precision and reproducibility of the sensor signal. Long-term stability is therefore of the greatest importance.

Platinum thin-film sensors are the most stable thin-film sensors available due to the chemical stability and homogeneity of platinum. Depending upon operating conditions, the resistance changes after 5 years of operation at 200 °C are typically less than 0.04 %. The standard test conditions include exposure times of 250, 500, and 1000 hours. Additional long-term tests, and shock tests, adapted to the customer's needs, are also available.

Climate and humidity

A double glass layer and glass-ceramic fixing drop reliably protect the sensor element from environmental influences. Measurements show that climatic and humidity variations do not have an impact on the measurement accuracy of sensor elements.

Circuit design

Platinum thin-film sensors are typically operated with a continuous current. For energy conservation reasons (accumulator or battery operation, for example), a switched measuring current may also be used. The voltage output signal is a function of the Rt resistance (V=IR). The simple quadratic function of the platinum thin-film sensor characteristic curve and the feasibility of a simple linear approximation allows for easy linearization of the measurement signal.

Connection

Standard 2-lead circuits may result in a loss of accuracy. Therefore, 3 or 4-lead circuits are recommended:

- When longer extension cables are used, especially if significant resistance (including temperature dependent resistance) is added by the cable
- When platinum thin-film sensors with narrower tolerances are used
- When significant electromagnetic interference is present

Storage

Platinum thin-film sensors must not be exposed to caustic or corrosive conditions. The storage information specified for each type should be followed.

Cleaning

Platinum thin-film sensors are cleaned before packing and further cleaning is normally not required. Should cleaning be required after mounting, most conventional industrial processes can be used, including immersion in a liquid bath. We recommend the use of residue-free cleaning agents.

Handling

Platinum thin-film sensors are precision components, and should be handled carefully during mounting. Metal holders, clamps or other rough gripping devices should not be used. Plastic tweezers are recommended for working with sensor elements. The supply leads should not be bent near the body of the platinum thin-film sensor. Frequent repositioning of the supply leads should be also avoided.

Connection technology

The best results are achieved with welding processes (resistance welding, laser welding etc.) or soldering (soft, hard solder). When using hard solder, the platinum thinfilm sensor body must not not heated above the maximum nominal temperature rating for the element. In general, to avoid damage, the soldering time for hard solder should be less than three seconds. Crimping and ultrasonic sealing is also possible.

- When crimping, steps should be taken to avoid high contact resistance at the junction.
- With ultrasonic sealing, the leads must be bent out of the plane of the platinum thin-film sensor in order to prevent interior damage.
- For the SMD and TO92 series, processing via wave or reflow soldering processes is recommended.

Adhesion and embedding

When bonding, embedding, powder encapsulating or coating platinum thin-film sensors, it is important to coordinate the thermal expansion coefficients of the different materials that are used to avoid mechanical stress that may affect the sensor signal.

The embedding materials should be chemically neutral. The position of a connected platinum thin-film sensor should under no circumstances be subsequently corrected by sliding its body. Heraeus Nexensos's MR series is already recast in a ceramic casing. The TO92 series is cast in plastic.

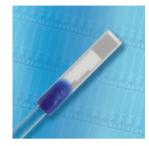
All standard sensors in this catalog are RoHS and REACH compliant, according to current legislation.

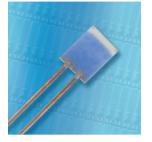
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Sensor Elements with wire leads









Maximum precision, long-term stability and high resistance make platinum thin-film temperature sensors the sensor of choice in a wide variety of technology sectors.

Driven by our own stimulus for innovation, and motivated by the high demands of our customers, we work constantly further develop and innovate our platinum thin-film technology. The result is a large product portfolio of platinum temperature sensors for measuring temperatures from -196 ° C to +1000 ° C with standard resistance values from 100 to 10,000 ohms.

The ability to meet high standards and quality demands require the best raw materials, high manufacturing precision and exclusive sensor know-how. This expertise produces sensors that make accurate measurements on a day-to-day basis, millions of times. Excellent chemical and mechanical stability, resistance to moisture, air and other environmental factors result in measurements reproducible and reliable over thousands of cycles.

Our demanding customers apply these advantages by using our sensors to advance the state-of-the-art of their own products. We, as an experienced development partner, are the first port of call for our customers worldwide.

Platinum temperature sensor Type C (Cryo) Temperature range -196 °C to +150 °C

Applications

Cryo applications (analytical equipment, chemical and power generation plants, as well as aerospace)

Specification DIN EN 60751

DIN LN 00731

Tolerance class Class F 0.3

Nominal resistances

 $100~\Omega$ and $1000~\Omega$ at 0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Temperature coefficient 3850 ppm/K

Soldering connection AgPd leads

Connection technology

Suitable for soft soldering (Note application temperature of the solder)

Long-term stability Typical R₀-drift 0.03% after 1000 hrs at 150°C

Vibration resistance

At least 40 g acceleration at 10 to 2000 Hz, depending on mounting method

Shock resistance

At least 100 g acceleration with 8 ms half sine wave, depending on mounting method

Measuring current

at 100 Ω: 0.3 to 1.0 mA

at 1000 Ω : 0.1 to 0.3 mA (self-heating has to be considered)

Insulation resistance $>100 \text{ M}\Omega \text{ at } 20 \,^\circ\text{C}$

Storage life

min. 12 months (in original packaging)

Status 02/2016

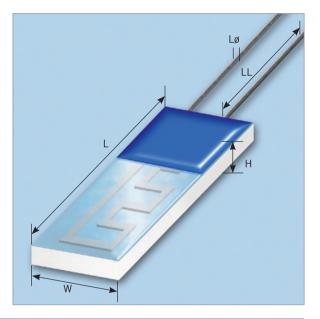
Supply range

The standard types listed in the catalog with their various features are the most frequently used designs. They can be obtained at short notice and at reasonable prices.

Non-standard versions are available for special applications.

Contact us!





Tolerance class F 0.3 over the temperature range -196 $^\circ$ C to +150 $^\circ$ C

	Nan	ne	Order number		Dime	nsions	in mn	ı	Self-heating	Res	Response time in seco		
Туре	Design	Nominal	Plastic box/Plastic bag	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v = 0.4 m/s		Air: v =	2 m/s
		resistance							in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
С	420	Pt 1000	32207502	3.9	1.9	1.0	15	0.25	0.3	0.08	0.25	3.50	15
С	220	Pt 100	32207399	2.3	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.4	0.06	0.20	3.00	13

Tolerances in mm:

L: ± 0.15 • W: ± 0.2 • H: + 0.3/-0.2 • LL: ± 1.0 • LØ: ±0.02



Platinum temperature sensor Type L (Low) Temperature range -50 °C to +400 °C

Applications

HVAC, process industry; designed for all applications, where good soft solderability is required

Specification

DIN EN 60751

Tolerance class

Class F 0.1 Class F 0.15 Class F 0.3

Nominal resistances

100 $\Omega,~500~\Omega$ and 1000 Ω at 0 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

Temperature coefficient 3850 ppm/K

Soldering connection AgPd leads

Connection technology

Suitable for soft soldering (Note application temperature of the solder)

Long-term stability

Typical R₀-drift 0.04 % after 1000 hrs at 400 $^\circ\text{C}$

Vibration resistance

At least 40 g acceleration at 10 to 2000 Hz, depending on mounting method

Shock resistance

At least 100g acceleration with 8 ms half sine wave, depending on mounting method

Insulation resistance

> 100 MΩ at 20°C; > 2 MΩ at 400°C

Measuring current

at 100 Ω: 0.3 to 1.0 mA

at 500 Ω: 0.1 to 0.7 mA

at 1000 Ω : 0.1 to 0.3 mA (self-heating has to be considered)

Storage life

min. 12 months (in original packaging)

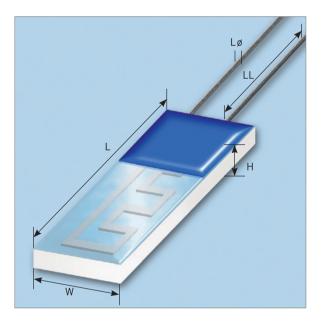
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Supply range

The standard types listed in the catalog with their various features are the most frequently used designs. They can be obtained at short notice and at reasonable prices.

Non-standard versions are available for special applications.







Type L (Low)

Tolerance Class F 0.3 over the temperature range -50°C to +400°C

	Nam	пе	Order number		Dime	nsions	in mn	ı	Self-heating	Response time in secor			ds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Plastic bag	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: $v = 0.4 \text{ m/s}$		Air: $v = 2 \text{ m/s}$	
		resistance							in K/mW	t _{0.5}	to.9	t _{0.5}	to.9
L	1020	Pt 100	32207708	9.5	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.2	0.12	0.30	6.0	20
L	1020	Pt 1000	32207710	9.5	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.2	0.12	0.30	6.0	20
L	420	Pt 100	32207702	3.9	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.3	0.08	0.25	3.5	15
L	420	Pt 500	32207703	3.9	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.3	0.08	0.25	3.5	15
L	420	Pt 1000	32207704	3.9	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.3	0.08	0.25	3.5	15
L	416	Pt 100	32207440	3.9	1.5	1.0	10	0.25	0.4	0.07	0.25	3.2	14
L	220	Pt 100	32207400	2.3	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.4	0.06	0.20	3.0	13
L	220	Pt 1000	32207733	2.3	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.4	0.06	0.20	3.0	13
L	220 P	Pt 100	32207608	2.3	1.9	0.9	10	0.25	0.4	0.20	0.30	3.0	9

Tolerance Class F 0.15 over the temperature range -50 $^\circ$ C to +300 $^\circ$ C Name Order number Dimensions in mm Self-heating Response time in seconds Type Design Nominal Plastic bag L W Н LL LØ Ice water 0 °C Water: v = 0.4 m/sAir: v = 2 m/sresistance in K/mW to.9 t_{0.5} to.5 to.9 32207579 0.2 L 1020 Pt 100 9.5 1.9 1.0 10 0.25 0.12 0.30 6.0 20 1020 Pt 1000 32207581 9.5 1.9 1.0 0.25 0.2 0.12 0.30 6.0 20 L 10 3.5 420 Pt 1000 32207582 3.9 1.9 1.0 0.25 0.3 0.08 0.25 15 L 10 416 Pt 100 32207583 0.25 0.4 0.07 0.25 3.2 14 L 3.9 1.5 1.0 10 L 220 Pt 100 32207584 2.3 1.9 1.0 10 0.25 0.4 0.06 0.20 3.0 13

Tolerance Class F 0.1 over the temperature range -0 $^\circ$ C to +150 $^\circ$ C

	Nam	ie	Order number	Dimensions in mm				ı	Self-heating	Response time in seconds			ıds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Plastic bag	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v	Water: v = 0.4 m/s		2 m/s
		resistance							in K/mW	t _{0.5}	to.9	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
L	1020	Pt 100	32207585	9.5	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.2	0.12	0.30	6.0	20
L	1020	Pt 1000	32207586	9.5	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.2	0.12	0.30	6.0	20
L	420	Pt 1000	32207587	3.9	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.3	0.08	0.25	3.5	15
L	220	Pt 100	32207588	2.3	1.9	1.0	10	0.25	0.4	0.06	0.20	3.0	13

Platinum temperature sensor Type LN (Low) Temperature range -50 °C to +400 °C

Applications

HVAC, process industry; designed for all applications, where good soft solderability is required

Specification

DIN EN 60751

Tolerance class

Class F 0.15 Class F 0.3

Nominal resistances

100 $\Omega,~500~\Omega$ and 1000 Ω at 0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Temperature coefficient 3850 ppm/K

Soldering connection Ni-silver-plated

Connection technology

Suitable for soft soldering (Note application temperature of the solder)

Long-term stability

Typical R₀-drift 0.04 % after 1000 hrs at 400 $^\circ$ C

Vibration resistance

At least 40 g acceleration at 10 to 2000 Hz, depending on mounting method

Shock resistance

At least 100g acceleration with 8 ms half sine wave, depending on mounting method

Insulation resistance

> 100 MΩ at 20°C; > 2 MΩ at 400°C

Measuring current

at 100 Ω: 0.3 to 1.0 mA

at 500 Ω: 0.1 to 0.7 mA

at 1000 Ω : 0.1 to 0.3 mA (self-heating has to be considered)

Storage life

min. 12 months (in original packaging)

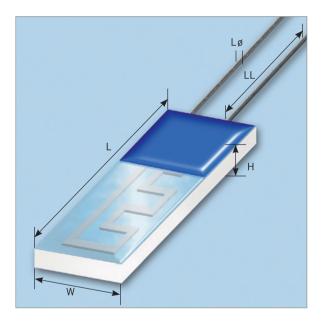
Status 02/2016

Supply range

The standard types listed in the catalog with their various features are the most frequently used designs. They can be obtained at short notice and at reasonable prices.

Non-standard versions are available for special applications.







Type LN (Low)

To	Tolerance Class F 0.3 over the temperature range -50°C to +400°C													
	Nam	ie	Order number		Dime	nsions	in mn	ı	Self-heating	Response time in seconds				
Туре	Design	Nominal	Plastic bag	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v = 0.4 m/s		Air: $v = 2 \text{ m/s}$		
		resistance							in K/mW	t _{0.5}	to.9	t _{0.5}	to.9	
LN	222	Pt 100	32207770	2.3	2.1	0.9	10	0.22	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10	
LN	222	Pt 1000	32207772	2.3	2.1	0.9	10	0.22	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10	

Tolerance Class F 0.15 over the temperature range -50 $^\circ$ C to +300 $^\circ$ C

	Nan	пе	Order number		Dime	nsions	in mm	ı	Self-heating	Response time in seconds			ıds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Plastic bag	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v	Water: $v = 0.4 \text{ m/s}$		2 m/s
		resistance							in K/mW	t _{0.5}	to.9	t _{0.5}	to.9
LN	222	Pt 100	32207771	2.3	2.1	0.9	10	0.22	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10
LN	222	Pt 1000	32207773	2.3	2.1	0.9	10	0.22	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10

Platinum temperature sensor Type M (Medium) Temperature range -70 °C to +500 °C, short-term up to +550 °C

Applications

Automotive, white goods, ventilation, heating and energy generation, medical and industrial equipment

Specification

DIN EN 60751

Tolerance class

Class F 0.1 Class F 0.15 Class F 0.3

Nominal resistances

100 $\Omega,$ 500 $\Omega,$ 1000 Ω and 2000 Ω at 0 °C.

Temperature coefficient 3850 ppm/K

Soldering connection Pt coated Ni wire

Connection technology

Suitable for welding, hard soldering and crimping

Long-term stability

Typical R₀-drift 0.04 % after 1000 hrs at 500 $^\circ\text{C}$

Vibration resistance

At least 40 g acceleration at 10 to 2000 Hz, depending on mounting method

Shock resistance

At least 100g acceleration with 8 ms half sine wave, depending on mounting method

Insulation resistance

> 100 MΩ at 20°C; > 2 MΩ at 500°C

Measuring current

at 100 Ω: 0.3 to 1.0 mA

at 500 Ω: 0.1 to 0.7 mA

at 1000 Ω: 0.1 to 0.3 mA

at 2000 Ω: 0.1 to 0.3 mA (self-heating has to be considered)

Storage life

min. 12 months (in original packaging)

Status

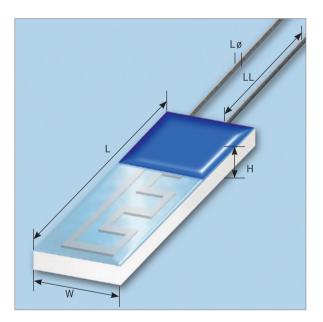
02/2016

Supply range

The standard types listed in the catalog with their various features are the most frequently used designs. They can be obtained at short notice and at reasonable prices.

Non-standard versions are available for special applications.







Type M (Medium)

To	lerance	Clas	is F 0.3	over the tem	perature rang	e -70°	°C to +	500°C			TK 3850				
	Nan	ne		Order r	number		Dimer	sions	in mm		Self-heating	Res	ponse tim	ne in seco	onds
Туре	Design	No	minal	Blister reel	Plastic bag	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v	= 0.4 m/s	Air: $v = 2 \text{ m/s}$	
		resi	istance								in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	to.9
М	1020	Pt	100	32208280	32208180	9.5	1.9	0.9	10	0.2	0.2	0.10	0.30	4.0	12
М	1020	Pt	500	32208285	32208201	9.5	1.9	0.9	10	0.2	0.2	0.10	0.30	4.0	12
М	1020	Pt	1000	32208286	32208191	9.5	1.9	0.9	10	0.2	0.2	0.10	0.30	4.0	12
М	620	Pt	2000		32208541	5.9	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.3	0.08	0.25	3.7	11.5
М	422	Pt	100	32208520	32208392	3.9	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.3	0.07	0.20	3.2	11
М	422	Pt	500	32208523	32208414	3.9	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.3	0.07	0.20	3.2	11
М	422	Pt	1000	32208526	32208499	3.9	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.3	0.07	0.20	3.2	11
М	416	Pt	100	32208278	32208213	3.9	1.5	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.06	0.18	3.1	10.5
М	412ax	Pt	1000		32208240	3.7	1.2	0.9	10/10	0.2	0.4	0.06	0.17	3.0	10
М	411ax	Pt	100	32208209		3.7	1.0	0.9	10/15	0.2	0.4	0.06	0.17	3.0	10
М	310	Pt	100	32208721	5014252	3.0	1.0	0.8	10	0.15	0.4	0.04	0.12	2.5	8
М	310	Pt	1000	32208723	5014253	3.0	1.0	0.8	10	0.15	0.4	0.04	0.12	2.5	8
М	222	Pt	100	32208718	32208548	2.3	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10
Μ	222	Pt	500		32208706	2.3	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10
М	222	Pt	1000		32208571	2.3	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10
Μ	220	Pt	100	32208440	32208714	2.3	1.9	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10
Μ	213	Pt	100		32207690	1.7	1.25	0.8	10	0.15	0.6	0.04	0.12	2.2	7
Μ	213	Pt	1000		32207695	1.7	1.25	0.8	10	0.15	0.6	0.04	0.12	2.2	7

To	lerance	Class F 0.1	5 over the ten	iperature ran		TK 3850								
	Nan	ne	Order r	number		Dimen	isions i	in mm		Self-heating	Res	sponse tim	ie in seco	onds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Blister reel	Plastic bag	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v	= 0.4 m/s	Air: v :	= 2 m/s
		resistance								in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
М	1020	Pt 100	32208429		9.5	1.9	0.9	10	0.2	0.2	0.10	0.30	4.0	12
Μ	1020	Pt 1000	32208439		9.5	1.9	0.9	10	0.2	0.2	0.10	0.30	4.0	12
М	422	Pt 100	32208521	32208498	3.9	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.3	0.07	0.20	3.2	11
М	422	Pt 500	32208524	32208501	3.9	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.3	0.07	0.20	3.2	11
М	422	Pt 1000	32208527	32208503	3.9	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.3	0.07	0.20	3.2	11
М	416	Pt 100	32208279	32208216	3.9	1.5	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.06	0.18	3.1	10.5
М	310	Pt 100	32208725	5014254	3.0	1.0	0.8	10	0.15	0.4	0.04	0.12	2.5	8
М	310	Pt 1000	32208727	5014255	3.0	1.0	0.8	10	0.15	0.4	0.04	0.12	2.5	8
М	222	Pt 100		32208550	2.3	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10
М	222	Pt 1000		32208572	2.3	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10
М	220	Pt 100	32208465	32208715	2.3	1.9	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10
Μ	213	Pt 100		32207691	1.7	1.25	0.8	10	0.15	0.6	0.04	0.12	2.2	7

Tolerances in mm: L: ± 0.15 (M 213: L: ± 0.25) • W: ± 0.15 (at X 22: W: ± 0.2) • H: ± 0.3 /-0.2 • LL: ± 1.0 • LØ: ± 0.02

Type M (Medium)

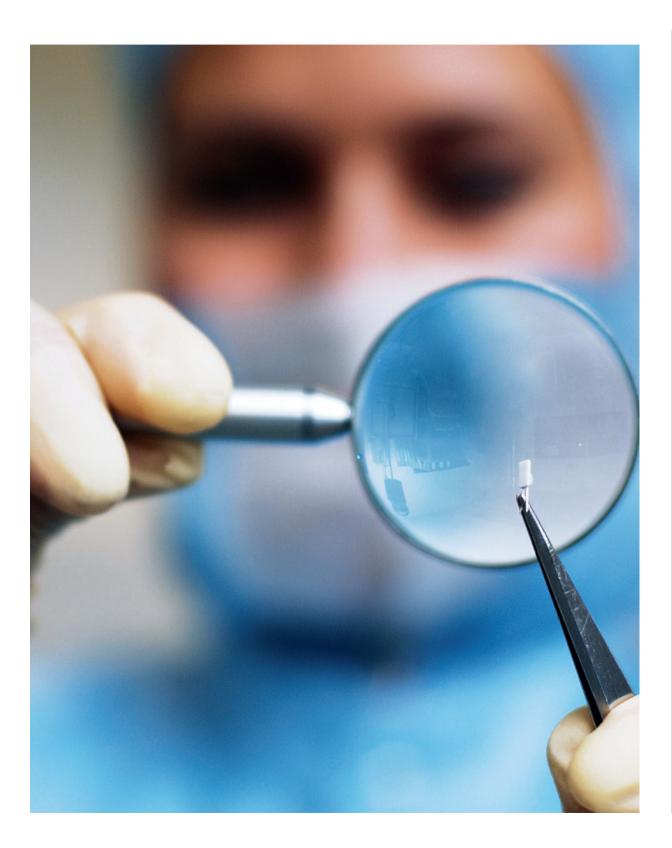
To	lerance	Class F 0.1	over the tem	perature rang		TK 3850								
	Nan	ne	Order r	number		Dimer	isions i	n mm		Self-heating	Res	sponse tim	ie in seco	onds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Blister reel	Plastic bag	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v :	= 0.4 m/s	Air: v :	= 2 m/s
		resistance								in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
М	1020	Pt 100	32208428		9.5	1.9	0.9	10	0.2	0.2	0.10	0.30	4.0	12
М	1020	Pt 1000	32208483		9.5	1.9	0.9	10	0.2	0.2	0.10	0.30	4.0	12
М	422	Pt 100	32208522	32208500	3.9	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.3	0.07	0.20	3.2	11
М	422	Pt 500	32208525	32208502	3.9	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.3	0.07	0.20	3.2	11
М	422	Pt 1000		32208537	3.9	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.3	0.07	0.20	3.2	11
М	416	Pt 100	32208701	32208217	3.9	1.5	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.06	0.18	3.1	10.5
Μ	222	Pt 100		32208551	2.3	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10
Μ	222	Pt 1000		32208707	2.3	2.1	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10
Μ	220	Pt 100	32208466		2.3	1.9	0.9	10	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10
Μ	213	Pt 100		32207692	1.7	1.25	0.8	10	0.15	0.6	0.04	0.12	2.2	7

To	lerance	Class F 0.3	over the tem	perature rang	;e -70°	C to +	500°C			TK 3750				
	Name		Order i	number		Dimer	isions i	n mm		Self-heating	Res	sponse tim	e in seco	nds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Blister reel	Plastic bag	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v	Water: $v = 0.4$ m/s Air: $v = 2$		= 2 m/s
		resistance								in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
М	222	Pt 1000		32208233	2.3	2.1	0.9	8	0.20	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10

 Tolerances in mm:

 L: ± 0.15 (M 213: L: ± 0.25)
 W: ± 0.15 (at X 22: W: ± 0.2)
 H: ± 0.3 / -0.2 LL: ± 1.0 LØ: ± 0.02





Platinum temperature sensor MR 828 and 845 Temperature range -70 °C to +500 °C (continuous operation)

Applications

Typical fields of application are analytical and medical equipment, chemical plants and mechanical equipment.

Specification

DIN EN 60751

Tolerance class Class F 0.3

Nominal resistances

100 $\Omega,$ 500 Ω and 1000 Ω at 0 °C

Temperature coefficient 3850 ppm/K

Leads Pt clad Ni wire

MR 828

Connection technology

Suitable for welding, hard soldering and crimping

Long-term stability

Typical R_0 -drift 0.1% after 1000 hrs at 500 °C

Vibration resistance

according to DIN EN 60751

Insulation resistance

> 100 MΩ at 20°C; > 2 MΩ at 500°C

Measuring current

100 Ω: 0.3 to 1.0 mA

500 Ω: 0.1 to 0.7 mA

$1000\ \Omega;$ 0.1 to 0.3 mA (self-heating has to be considered)

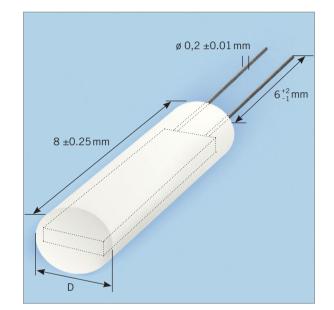
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Note

Other tolerances and values of resistance are available on request.

Contact us!

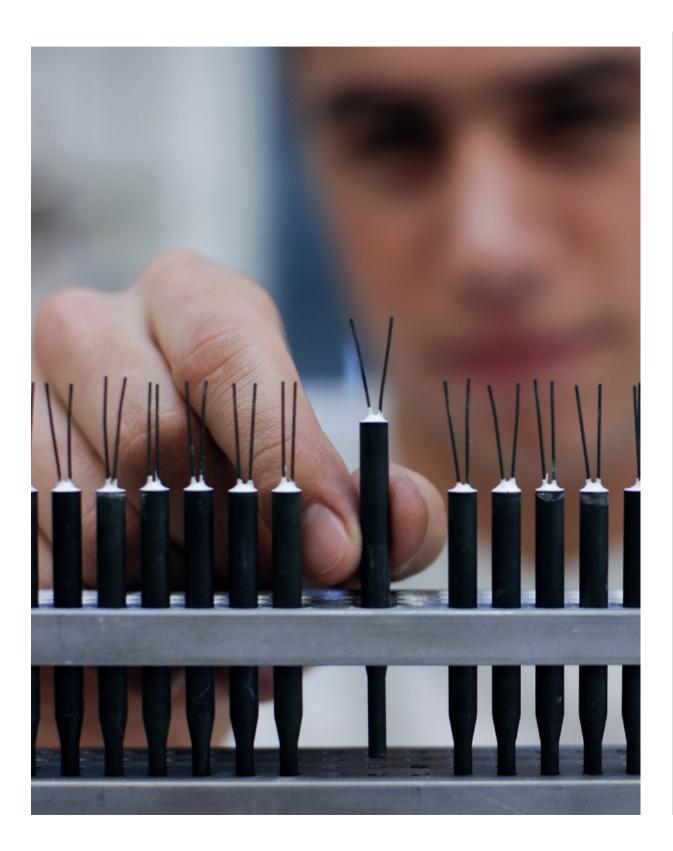




	Name		Order number	Diameter	Self-heating	Res	oonse tim	e in seco	onds
Туре	Design	Design Nominal Blister r		in mm ±0.3 mm	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v :	= 0.4 m/s	Air: v =	= 2 m/s
		resistance			in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
MR	828	Pt 100	32209340	2.8	0.05	0.9	2.7	12.3	39.5
MR	828	Pt 500	32209341	2.8	0.05	0.9	2.7	12.3	39.5
MR	828	Pt 1000	32209342	2.8	0.05	0.9	2.7	12.3	39.5
MR	828	2 Pt 100	32209343	2.8	0.16	0.9	2.7	12.3	39.5

MR 845

	Name		Order number	Diameter	Self-heating	Res	oonse tim	e in seco	onds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Blister reel	in mm ±0.3 mm	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v :	= 0.4 m/s	Air: v =	= 2 m/s
		resistance			in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
MR	845	Pt 100	32209346	4.5	0.04	1.5	4.6	24.8	78.8
MR	845	Pt 500	32209347	4.5	0.04	1.5	4.6	24.8	78.8
MR	845	Pt 1000	32209348	4.5	0.04	1.5	4.6	24.8	78.8
MR	845	2 Pt 100	32209349	4.5	0.08	1.5	4.6	24.8	78.8
MR	845	2 Pt 1000	32209351	4.5	0.08	1.5	4.6	24.8	78.8



Platinum temperature sensor Type H (High) Temperature range -70 °C to +600 °C (HM), -70 °C to +750 °C (HL), -70 °C to +850 °C (HD)

Applications

Used in applications with high consumption volumes, typically in the automotive, white goods, heating power and process technology fields

Specification

DIN EN 60751

Tolerance class

Class F 0.3 Class F 0.6

Nominal resistances 100Ω and 1000Ω at 0 °C

Temperature coefficient 3850 ppm/K (HM, HL, HD)

Soldering connection PtPd, PtNiCr, Pt leads

Connection technology

Suitable for welding and hard soldering

Long-term stability

HM: 1000 hrs at 600 °C (energized) smaller than DIN EN 60751

HL: 1000 hrs at 750 °C (energized) smaller than DIN EN 60751 HD: 1000 hrs at 850 °C (energized, open) smaller than DIN EN 60751, 1000 hrs at 650 °C (energized in MI) smaller than DIN EN 60751

Vibration resistance

At least 40 g acceleration at 10 to 2000 Hz, depending on mounting method

Shock resistance

At least 100 g acceleration with 8 ms half sine wave, depending on mounting method

Environmental conditions

Up to 600 °C, fitting in cleaner MI version is also possible, above 600 °C no reducing atmospheres, air access must be ensured.

HD version:

Up to 650 °C, fitting in cleaner MI version is also possible, above 650 °C no reducing atmospheres, air access must be ensured.

Insulation resistance

> 100 MΩ at 20°C; > 2 MΩ at 650°C

Measuring current

100 Ω: 0.3 to max. 1 mA

1000 Ω : 0.1 to max. 0.3 mA (self-heating has to be considered)

Storage life

min. 12 months (in original packaging)

Status

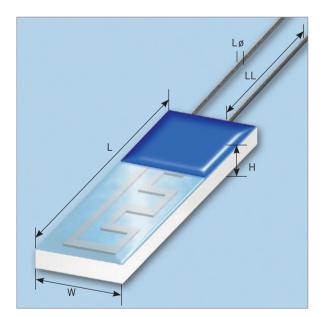
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Supply range

The standard types listed in the catalog with their various features are the most frequently used designs. They can be obtained at short notice and at reasonable prices.

Non-standard versions are available for special applications.







Type H (High)

Tolerance Class F 0.6 over the temperature range -70 °C to +750 °C, TK = 3850 ppm/K

	Nan	ne	Order ı	number		Dime	nsions	in mm	1	Self-heating	Res	ponse time	in seco	nds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Please	Leads material	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v	0.4 m/s Air: v = 2 r		= 2 m/s
		resistance	ask							in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
HL	220	Pt 1000	32208779	PtNiCr	2.3	1.9	1.0	8	0.2	0.2	≤ 0.05	≤ 0.14	≤ 3	≤ 10

Tolerances in mm:

L: ± 0.15 • W: ± 0.15 • H: ± 0.3 • LL: ± 1.0 • LØ: ± 0.04

Tolerance Class F 0.3 over the temperature range -70°C to +600°C, TK = 3850 ppm/K

	Nan	ne	Order r	number		Dime	nsions	in mm	ı	Self-heating	Res	ponse time	e in secon	ıds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Please	Leads material	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v = 0.4 m/s		Air: v =	2 m/s
		resistance	ask							in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
ΗМ	220	Pt 100	32208787	PtPd	2.3	1.9	0.9	8	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.15	3.0	10

Tolerances in mm:

L: ± 0.15 • W: ± 0.15 • H: ± 0.3 • LL: ± 1.0 • LØ: ± 0.04

Tolerance Class F 0.3 over the temperature range -70 °C to +650 °C; TK = 3850 ppm/K und Tolerance Class F 0.6 over the temperature range +850 °C; TK = 3850 ppm/K

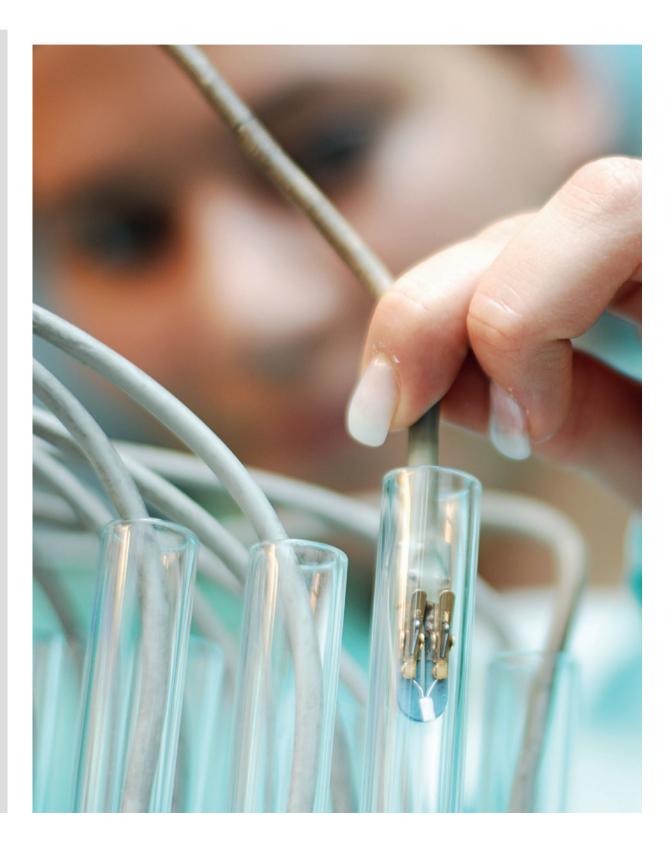
	Nan	ıe	Order r	number		Dime	nsions	in mn	ı	Self-heating	Res	ponse time	e in secor	ıds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Please	Leads material	L	W	Н	LL	LØ	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v = 0.4 m/s		Air: v =	2 m/s
		resistance	ask							in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
HD	421	Pt 100	32208228	Pt	4.1	2.2	1.2	6	0.25	0.2	0.05	0.17	3.3	13

Tolerances in mm:

L: ± 0.3 • W: $\pm 0.3 / -0.2$ • H: ± 0.3 • LL: ± 1.0 • LØ: ± 0.04

HST-Sensors up to +1000°C

Please ask for projects for sensors up to +1000°C



Platinum Sensors for electronic circuits









Precision, safety and long-term stability are critical success factors for the development and production of applications and solutions requiring high-accuracy temperature measurements.

The outstanding properties of the sensor components, combined with the capacity for high quality, high volume production, provide our customers with the ability to enhance their own products with the benefits of platinum sensor technology. Standardized designs also allow for automated processing; a key advantage for cost reduction. Platinum sensor components used in the process technology, power & energy management, home appliances, automotive technology, electronics, and life science take advantage of these benefits.

The close partnership with our customers is of the highest importance; it provides the basis for our unique achievements. With our own basic research capability, and in close collaboration with universities and research institutes, we create the prerequisites for your innovative and future-oriented applications.

With extensive experience and expertise in the field of structured thin platinum films, Heraeus Nexensos is your contact partner for cutting-edge sensor solutions.

Platinum temperature sensor SMD Temperature range -50 °C to +150 °C*

* Application temperatures of + 150 °C are only possible with the use of expansion-matched circuit board material (Up to + 130 °C with circuit board material not matched for expansion)

Applications

Temperature detection on circuit boards, designed for automatic assembly in large-scale applications

Specification DIN EN 60751

Tolerance class Class F 0.3 Class F 0.6

Nominal resistances

100 Ω, 1000 Ω at 0°C

Temperature coefficient 3850 ppm/K

Leads SMD-V: galvanic tin plated with Ni-barrier

Long-term stability max. R₀-drift 0.06% after 250 hrs at 150°C Insulation resistance $> 10 \text{ M}\Omega$ at 20 °C

Measuring current

at 100 Ω: 0.3 to 1.0 mA

at 1000 Ω : 0.1 to 0.3 mA (self-heating has to be considered)

Application

Face-up mounting: Reflow soldering or wave soldering, e.g. double wave

Storage life

min. 12 months (in original packaging)

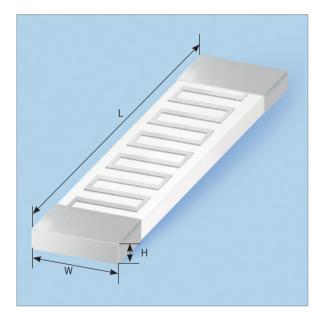
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Supply range

The standard types listed in the catalog with their various features are the most frequently used designs. They can be obtained at short notice and at reasonable prices.

Non-standard versions are available for special applications.







Tolera	nce Class F O	.6 over the tem	perature range -5	0°C to +	150°C*; F	R ₀ : ±0.24 S	% Fa	ce up			
	Name		Order number	Dime	ensions in	n mm	Self-heating	Res	oonse tim	e in seco	onds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Blister reel	L	W	Н	Ice water 0°C	Water: v	= 0.4 m/s	Air: v =	= 2 m/s
		resistance					in K/mW	t _{0.5}	to.9	to.5	to.9
SMD	1206 V	Pt 100	32207589	3.2	1.6	0.6	0.4	0.15	0.30	3.5	10
SMD	1206 V	Pt 1000	32207594	3.2	1.6	0.6	0.4	0.15	0.30	3.5	10
SMD	0805 V	Pt 100	32207604	2.3	1.4	0.6	0.8	0.10	0.25	2.5	8
SMD	0805 V	Pt 1000	32207614	2.3	1.4	0.6	0.8	0.10	0.25	2.5	8
SMD	0805 V	Pt 10000	32208655	2.3	1.4	0.6	0.8	0.10	0.25	2.5	8
SMD	0603 V	Pt 1000	32207637	1.7	0.9	0.5	0.8	0.10	0.25	2.5	8

Tolerance Class F 0.3 over the temperature range -50 °C to +150 °C*; R_{0} : ± 0.12 %

	Name		Order number	Dime	ensions in	mm	Self-heating	Res	oonse tim	e in seco	nds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Blister reel	L	W	Н	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v :	= 0.4 m/s	Air: v =	= 2 m/s
		resistance					in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
SMD	1206 V	Pt 100	32207590	3.2	1.6	0.6	0.4	0.15	0.30	3.5	10
SMD	1206 V	Pt 1000	32207595	3.2	1.6	0.6	0.4	0.15	0.30	3.5	10
SMD	0805 V	Pt 100	32207605	2.3	1.4	0.6	0.8	0.10	0.25	2.5	8
SMD	0805 V	Pt 1000	32207615	2.3	1.4	0.6	0.8	0.10	0.25	2.5	8
SMD	0603 V	Pt 1000	32207638	1.7	0.9	0.5	0.8	0.10	0.25	2.5	8

Face up

Platinum temperature sensor SMD Solderability test of SMD sensor elements

Mounting conditions

Layout of the circuit board: Benchmarker II 150Qm (Material FR4 35Qm Cu, size 190.5 x 127 x 1.5mm)

Circuit board surfaces: chem. Ag, Cu OSP, NiAu, chem. Sn Soldering paste: F640 SA30C5-89 M30 (Material SnAgCu 96.5/3.0/0.5)

Types tested

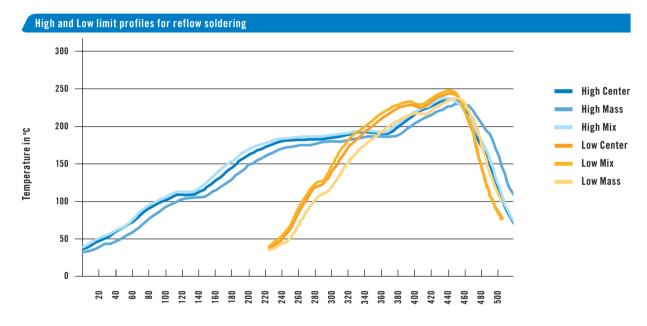
Pt 1000 SMD- V 0603 Pt 1000 SMD- V 0805 Pt 1000 SMD- V 1206

Soldering conditions

Limit profiles: Atmosphere: High und Low Nitrogen and air

Result

All tested components exhibit sufficient wetting under the High and Low limit profiles, based on a visual solder joint inspection.



Time in sec

High and Low limit profiles for reflow soldering

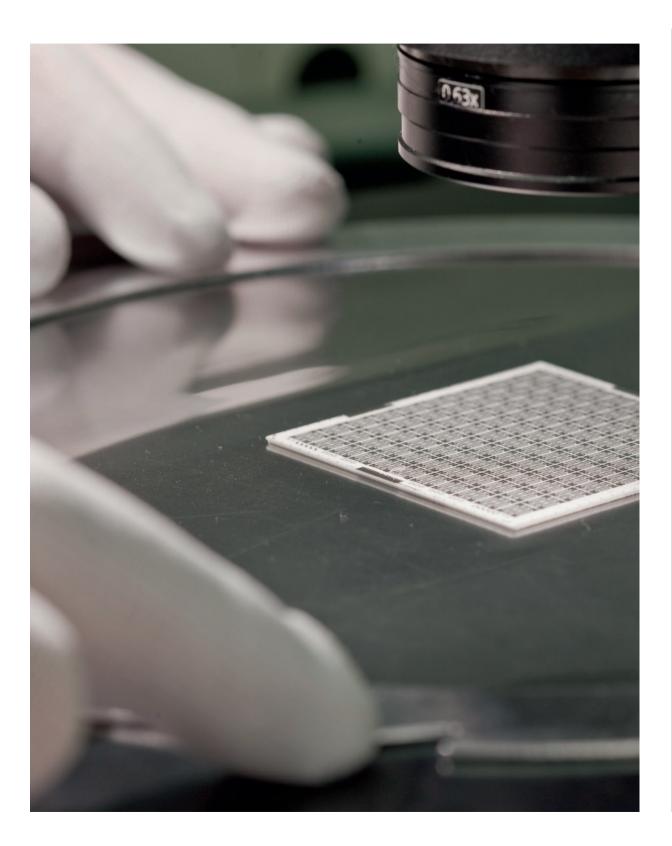
	Peak (max. 1	temperature)	Time over 2	17℃ in sec
	High	Low	High	Low
Center ¹	237°C	245°C	60	92
Mass ²	231°C	238°C	49	68
Mix ³	238°C	248°C	65	103

Center¹: Position of temperature sensor in the center of the circuit board

 $Mass^2: \qquad \mbox{Position of the temperature sensor on a large mass on the circuit board}$

 $\label{eq:mix} {\rm Mix}^3 {\rm :} \qquad {\rm Position \ of \ temperature \ sensor \ left \ and \ right \ on \ the \ circuit \ board}$

High limit profile:Total throughput time 520 secLow limit profile:Total throughput time 280 sec



Platinum temperature sensor SMD-FC

Temperature range -50 °C to +150 °C on ceramic hybrid up to +170 °C

Applications

Hybrid circuits

Specification DIN EN 60751

Tolerance class

Class F 0.3 Class F 0.6

Nominal resistances

 $100~\Omega$ and $1000~\Omega$ at 0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Temperature coefficient 3850 ppm/K

Leads Silver alloy

Long-term stability

 R_0 -drift $\geq 0.06\%$ after 1000 hrs at 170°C

Insulation resistance

> 10 M Ω at 20 °C > 1 M Ω at170 °C (glass coverage)

Measuring current

at 100 Ω: 0.3 to 1.0 mA

at 1000 Ω : 0.1 to 0.3 mA (self-heating has to be considered)

Environmental conditions

Unhoused only in dry

environment

Processing instructions

Mounting using SMD pick-&-place machines is recommended. When mounting on PCB circuits, the expansion properties of the sensor and carrier material must be taken into account.

Storage life

min. 12 months (in original packaging)

Status

02/2016

Supply range

The standard types listed in the catalog with their various features are the most frequently used designs. They can be obtained at short notice and at reasonable prices.

Non-standard versions are available for special applications.





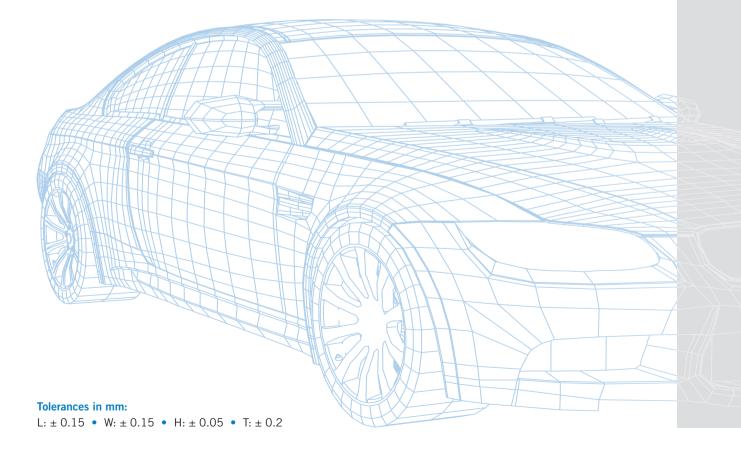


SMD-FC

Tolera	ince Class F O.	6 over the tem	perature range -5	0°C to	+170°C*	; R ₀ : ±	0.24%		-			
	Name		Order number	Dime	ensions ir	n mm		Self-heating	Res	oonse tim	e in secc	onds
Туре	Design	Nominal	Blister reel	L	W	Н	Т	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v = 0.4 m/s		Air: v =	= 2 m/s
		resistance						in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
SMD	0805 FC	Pt 100	32208595	2.1	1.35	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.10	0.25	2.5	8
SMD	0805 FC	Pt 1000	32208570	2.1	1.35	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.15	0.25	2.5	8

Tolerance Class F 0.3 over the temperature range -50 $^\circ$ C to +170 $^\circ$ C*; R_0: ± 0.12 %

	Name		Order number	Dime	ensions i	n mm		Self-heating	Response time		e in seconds	
Туре	Design	Nominal	Blister reel	L	W	Н	T	Ice water 0 °C	Water: v = 0.4 m/s		Air: $v = 2 \text{ m/s}$	
		resistance						in K/mW	t0.5	to.9	to.5	to.9
SMD	0805 FC	Pt 100	32208594	2.1	1.35	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.10	0.25	2.5	8
SMD	0805 FC	Pt 1000	32208569	2.1	1.35	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.15	0.25	2.5	8



Platinum temperature sensor T092 Temperature range -50 °C to +150 °C

Applications

Automobile industry, household appliances, industrial equipment and electronics.

Specification DIN EN 60751

Tolerance class

Class F 0.3 Class F 0.6

Nominal resistances

 $100~\Omega$ and $1000~\Omega$ at 0 °C

Temperature coefficient 3850 ppm/K

Soldering connection

Cu alloy with Sn/Pb coating

Connection technology Suitable for soft soldering

Long-term stability

Typical R₀-drift 0.06 % after 1000 hrs at 150 °C Typical R₀-drift 0.04 % after 1000 hrs at -55 °C

Measuring current

at 100 Ω: 0.3 to 1.0 mA

at 1000 Ω : 0.1 to 0.3 mA (self-heating has to be considered)

Flammability

UL 94-V0

Resistance to soldering heat

Max. deviation 0.03 % after 10s at 260 °C

Specific volume resistance 20 °C: 5 x 10¹⁶ Ωcm, 150 °C: 5 x 10¹³ Ωcm

Storage life

min. 12 months (in original packaging)

Status

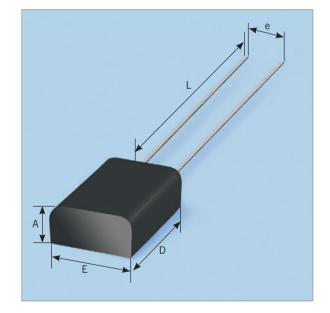
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Supply range

The standard types listed in the catalog with their various features are the most frequently used designs. They can be obtained at short notice and at reasonable prices.

Non-standard versions are available for special applications.







Tolerance Class F 0.6 over the temperature range -50°C to +150°C, R_0 :±0.24 %										
Name			Order number	Self-heating	Response time in secon			nds		
Туре	Design	Nominal	Plastic bag	Ice water 0 °C	Water: $v = 0.4 \text{ m/s}$		Air: $v = 2 \text{ m/s}$			
		resistance		in K/mW	t _{0.5} t _{0.9}		t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}		
ТО	92	Pt 100	32209216	0.4	0.7	2.0	8.0	26		
TO	92	Pt 1000	32209226	0.2	0.7	2.0	8.0	26		

Tolerance Class F 0.3 over the temperature range -50°C to +150°C, R_0 :±0.12 %

	Name	9	Order number	Self-heating	Response time in seconds			
Туре	Design	Nominal	Plastic bag	Ice water 0 °C	Water: $v = 0.4 \text{ m/s}$		Air: $v = 2 \text{ m/s}$	
		resistance		in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}	t _{0.5}	to.9
ТО	92	Pt 100	32209210	0.4	0.7	2.0	8.0	26
ТО	92	Pt 1000	32209220	0.2	0.7	2.0	8.0	26

T092

Dimensions in mm						
Dimension	min.	max.				
А	2.4	2.8				
D	4.0	4.4				
E	3.8	4.4				
е	NOM.	2.54				
L	12.0	13.0				

Sensor elements on a PCB







The temperature sensor market sets a large number of stringent requirements for the development of individual and specific solutions. By way of close and coordinated cooperation from the beginning of the development process, to the series production in highest quantities, we offer our customers the opportunity to combine our strengths to maximize results.

Examples of products developed in collaboration with our customers include temperature sensors for installation in ovens and sealed cooktops, engine-oil condition sensors subject to strong vibrations, calorimetric measurement instruments, as well as in resistance thermometers for the process industry. We have been also successful in implementing custom designed platform chips that incorporate sensors and heating elements in a single component.

Production quality is particularly important to us. The production processes are continually optimized via the principle of continuous improvement, helping us to provide our partners with high quality, low-cost competitive solutions.

Platinum temperature sensor PCB

Temperature range -40 °C to +150 °C

Applications

Automotive, white goods, ventilation, heating and energy generation, medical and industrial equipment

Specification

DIN EN 60751

Tolerance class

Classs F 0.3 Group selection 0.2 K

Nominal resistances

100 $\Omega,\,500$ Ω and 1000 Ω at 0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Temperature coefficient 3850 ppm/K

Long-term stability

< 0.1 K after 1000 hrs at 150°C (energized: Pt 100: 1.0 mA; Pt 500: 0.7 mA; Pt 1000: 0.3 mA)

Measuring current

100 Ω: 0.3 to 1.0 mA

500 Ω: 0.1 to 0.7 mA

 $1000\ \Omega;$ 0.1 to 0.3 mA (self-heating has to be considered)

Track resistance

Meander: 0,06 Ω PCB 1325.4: 0.07 Ω

Thermal fatigue resistance ≤ 0.1 K after 1000 changes 0°C/150°C in air

Soldering connection

Cu connection pad with chem. Sn surface

Connection technology

Chip is soldered lead-free Connection pads are ready for lead-free soldering

Self-heating

0.15 K/mW in ice water

Response time

with SMD 0805 Water (v = 0.4 m/s): $t_{0.5} = 0.05$ sec; $t_{0.9} = 0.1$ sec Air (v = 2 m/s): $t_{0.5} = 1.5$ sec; $t_{0.9} = 5$ sec

Processing

Suitable for wave soldering and soft soldering

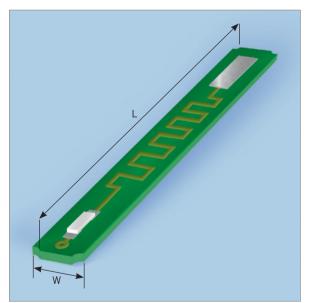
Status

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Note

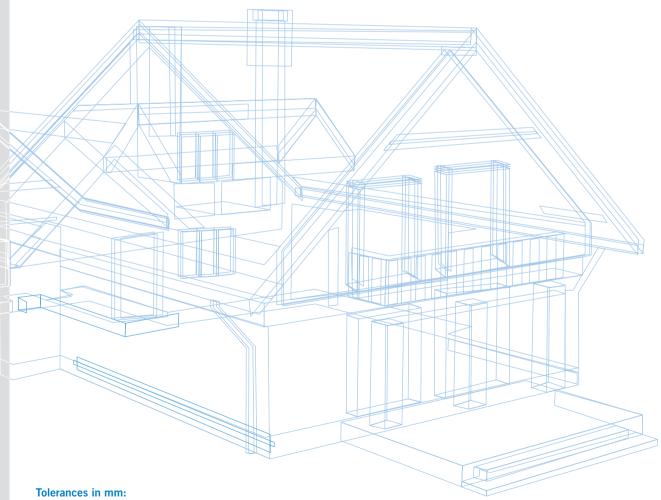
Other tolerances and resistance values are available on request. This platinum temperature sensor on a printed circuit board has been specially designed for use in calorimetry. When designing these sensors, the stringent requirements of this sector with regard to precision, long-term stability, cost minimization as well as the option for fully automatic further processing were of prime concern. The temperature sensor in an SMD model forms the active measurement element on a PCB. The chip is connected with the terminal faces via meandering circuit board conductors in order to reduce heat dissipation and to prevent corruption of the measurement results. Prepared as a cable probe, it is suitable for a wide range of applications within a temperature range of 0 °C to +150 °C.







Name			Order number	Dimensions in mm			Self-heating Assembled in VA tube d=5.2mm	Response time in seconds Assembled in VA tube d=5.2r	
Type Design Nominal		Blister reel	L W H		Н	Ice water 0 °C	Air: $v = 2 \text{ m/s}$		
		resistance					in K/mW	t _{0.5}	t _{0.9}
PCB	2225	Pt 100	30201075	22	2.5	1.0	0.2	3	8
PCB	2225	Pt 500	30201073	22	2.5	1.0	0.2	3	8
PCB	2225	Pt 1000	30201063	22	2.5	1.0	0.2	3	8
PCB	2240	Pt 100	30201071	22	4.0	1.0	0.2	3	8
PCB	2240	Pt 500	30201069	22	4.0	1.0	0.2	3	8
PCB	2240	Pt 1000	30201067	22	4.0	1.0	0.2	3	8
PCB	1325.4	Pt 500	30201107	13	2.5	1.2	0.2	3	8
PCB	1325.4	Pt 1000	30201106	13	2.5	1.2	0.2	3	8

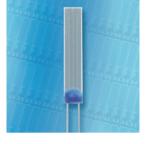


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Solutions and Sensor Modules for Customized Applications









The range of applications using the Pt thin-film technology extends well beyond the manufacture of classic Pt temperature sensors.

The multi-functionality concept utilizing platinum thin-film technology has been applied to create sensor modules. The designs range from straightforward single-chip sensor/heater combinations, to complex multiple feature chips containing sensors, heaters, electrodes, and other components. For our customers, there is also an option to apply sensitive layers on the electrode: Through the use of metal oxides, for example, multi-sensor platforms become gas sensors capable of measuring concentrations of oxygen, carbon monoxide, nitrogen or methane, down to the ppm range.

In addition to applications in gas and humidity measurement, platform chips customized for aqueous media analysis in biomedical technology applications, and other similar applications, are possible. Heraeus Nexensos, a specialist and leader in platinum thin-film technology, is your first contact and development partner in the area of multi-sensor platforms with custom designed Pt structures for sensors, heaters or electrodes in mono- or multi-layer design.



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