T-1 3/4 (5mm) SOLID STATE LAMP

P/N: L-7113SEC-H HYPER ORANGE

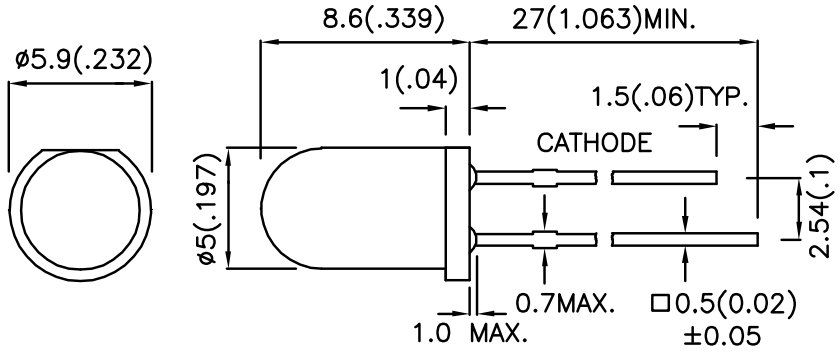
Features

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- POPULAR T-1 3/4 DIAMETER PACKAGE.
- GENERAL PURPOSE LEADS.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.
- LONG LIFE - SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- AVAILABLE ON TAPE AND REEL.
- RoHS COMPLIANT.

Description

This devices are made with TS InGaAIP.

Package Dimensions



Notes:
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Kingbright

Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	Iv (mcd) @ 20mA		Viewing Angle
			Min.	Typ.	2θ1/2
L-7113SEC-H	HYPER ORANGE (InGaAlP)	WATER CLEAR	3800	10000	20°

Note:
1. θ1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the optical centerline value.

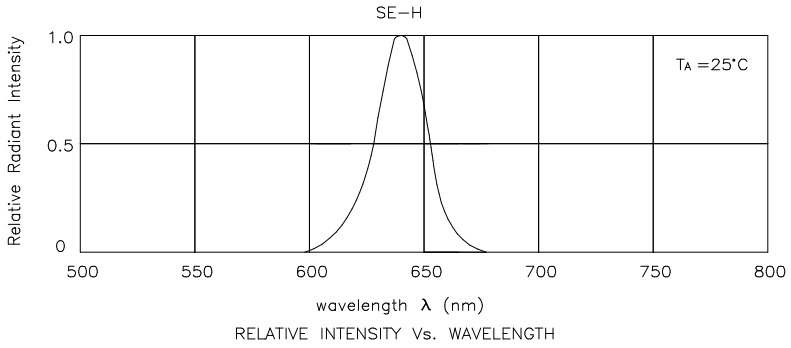
Electrical / Optical Characteristics at T_A=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λpeak	Peak Wavelength	Hyper Orange	640		nm	I_F=20mA
λD	Dominant Wavelength	Hyper Orange	630		nm	I_F=20mA
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Half-width	Hyper Orange	25		nm	I_F=20mA
C	Capacitance	Hyper Orange	27		pF	V_F=0V;f=1MHz
V_F	Forward Voltage	Hyper Orange	2.2	2.8	V	I_F=20mA
I_R	Reverse Current	Hyper Orange		10	uA	V_R = 5V

Absolute Maximum Ratings at T_A=25°C

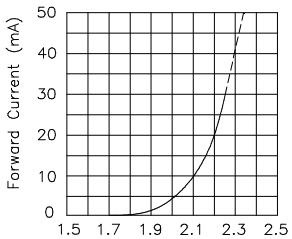
Parameter	Hyper Orange	Units
Power dissipation	120	mW
DC Forward Current	30	mA
Peak Forward Current [1]	150	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating/Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C	
Lead Solder Temperature [2]	260°C For 3 Seconds	
Lead Solder Temperature [3]	260°C For 5 Seconds	

Notes:
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
2. 2mm below package base.
3. 5mm below package base.

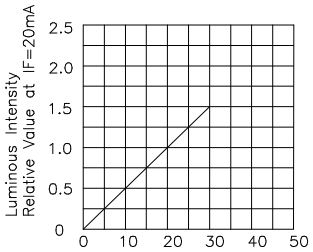


RELATIVE INTENSITY Vs. WAVELENGTH

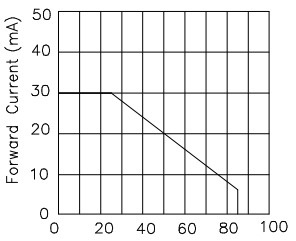
Hyper Orange **L-7113SEC-H**



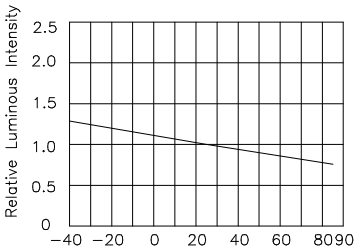
FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



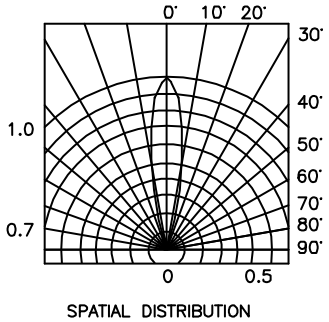
LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT



FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

Remarks:

If special sorting is required (e.g. binning based on forward voltage, luminous intensity/ luminous flux, or wavelength), the typical accuracy of the sorting process is as follows:

1. Wavelength: +/-1nm
2. Luminous Intensity/ luminous flux: +/-15%
3. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V

Note: Accuracy may depend on the sorting parameters.