

SRC4190

SBFS023C -JUNE 2003-REVISED DECEMBER 2016

SRC4190 192-kHz Stereo Asynchronous Sample-Rate Converters

Features

- Automatic Sensing of the Input-to-Output Sampling Ratio
- Wide Input-to-Output Sampling Range: 16:1 to 1:16
- Supports Input and Output Sampling Rates up to 212 kHz
- Dynamic Range: 128 dB (-60-dB f_S Input, BW = 20 Hz to f_S / 2, A-Weighted)
- THD+N: -125 dB (0-dB f_S Input, $BW = 20 Hz to f_S / 2)$
- Attenuates Sampling and Reference Clock Jitter
- High-Performance, Linear Phase Digital Filtering
- Flexible Audio Serial Ports:
 - Master or Slave Mode Operation Supports I²S, Left Justified, Right Justified, and TDM Data **Formats**
 - Supports 16-, 18-, 20-, or 24-Bit Audio Data, TDM Mode Allows Daisy Chaining of up to **Eight Devices**
- Supports 24-, 20-, 18-, or 16-Bit Input and Output
 - All Output Data is Dithered from the Internal 28-Bit Data Path
- Low Group Delay Option for Interpolation Filter
- Soft Mute Function
- Bypass Mode
- Power-Down Mode
- Operates from a Single 3.3-V Power Supply
- Small 28-Pin SSOP Package
- Pin Compatible With the SRC4192, AD1895, and AD1896

NOTE: U.S. Patent No. 7,262,716

NOTE: See Application and Implementation for details.

2 Applications

- **Digital Mixing Consoles**
- **Digital Audio Workstations**
- Audio Distribution Systems
- **Broadcast Studio Equipment**
- High-End A/V Receivers
- General Digital Audio Processing

3 Description

The SRC4190 device is an asynchronous sample converter designed for professional and broadcast audio applications. The SRC4190 combines a wide input-to-output sampling ratio with outstanding dynamic range and low distortion. Input and output serial ports support standard audio formats, as well as a Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) mode. Flexible audio interfaces allow the SRC4190 to connect to a wide range of audio data converters, digital audio receivers and transmitters, and digital signal processors.

The SRC4190 is a standalone pin-programmed device, with control pins for mode, data format, mute, bypass, and low group delay functions.

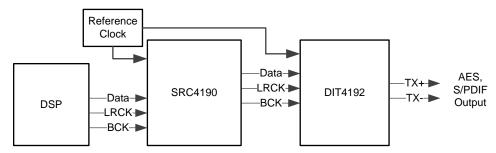
The SRC4190 may be operated from a single 3.3-V power supply. A separate digital I/O supply (VIO) operates with a 1.65-V to 3.6-V supply, allowing greater flexibility when interfacing to current and future generation signal processors and logic devices. The SRC4190 is available in a 28-pin SSOP package.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)	
SRC4190	SSOP (28)	10.20 mm × 5.30 mm	

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Simplified Application Diagram



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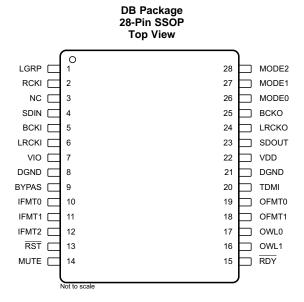
4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

C	hanges from Revision B (September 2007) to Revision C	Page
•	Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	
•	Deleted Ordering Information table; see Package Option Addendum at the end of the data sheet	1
•	Added Thermal Information table	4
C	hanges from Revision A (July 2003) to Revision B	Page
•	Added U.S. patent number to note (1)	1



5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN .		1/0	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION	
BCKI	5	Input and Output	Input port bit clock I/O	
ВСКО	25	Input and Output	Output port bit clock I/O	
BYPAS	9	Input	ASRC bypass control input (active high)	
DGND	8, 21	Ground	Digital ground	
IFMT0	10	Input	Input port data format control input	
IFMT1	11	Input	Input port data format control input	
IFMT2	12	Input	Input port data format control input	
LGRP	1	Input	Low group delay control input (active high)	
LRCKI	6	Input and Output	Input port left and right word clock I/O	
LRCKO	24	Input and Output	Output port left and right word clock I/O	
MODE0	26	Input	Serial port mode control input	
MODE1	27	Input	Serial port mode control input	
MODE2	28	Input	Serial port mode control input	
MUTE	14	Input	Output mute control input (active high)	
NC	3	_	No connection	
OFMT0	19	Input	Output port data format control input	
OFMT1	18	Input	Output port data format control input	
OWL0	17	Input	Output port data word length control input	
OWL1	16	Input	Output port data word length control input	
RCKI	2	Input	Reference clock input	
RDY	15	Output	ASRC ready status output (active low)	
RST	13	Input	Reset input (active low)	
SDIN	4	Input	Audio serial data input	
SDOUT	23	Output	Audio serial data output	
TDMI	20	Input	TDM data input. Connect to DGND when not in use.	
VDD	22	Power	Digital core supply, 3.3 V	
VIO	7	Power	Digital I/O supply, 1.65 V to V _{DD}	



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{DD}	-0.3	4	V
Supply voltage, V _{IO}	-0.3	4	V
Digital input voltage	-0.3	4	V
Operating temperature	-45	85	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}	-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	.,
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)	±1500	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{DD}	VDD supply voltage	3	3.3	3.6	V
	VIO 1.8-V supply voltage	1.65	1.8	1.95	V
	VIO 3.3-V supply voltage	3	3.3	3.6	V
	Operating temperature	-45		85	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

		SRC4190	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DB (SSOP)	UNIT
		28 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	77.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	37.6	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	38.4	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	8.8	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	38.1	°C/W

 For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



6.5 Electrical Characteristics

 $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} = V_{IO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted).

	5° C, $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} = V_{IO} = 3.3$	TEST COND		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
OYNAN	MIC PERFORMANCE ⁽¹⁾	ILO: GOND		101114		IIIAA	CATT
	Resolution				24		Bits
SIN	Input sampling frequency			4		212	kHz
SOUT	Output sampling frequency			4		212	kHz
5001	Cutput camping nequency	Upsampling				1:16	10.12
	Input:Output sampling ratio	Downsampling				16:1	
		20msamp.mg	44.1 kHz:48 kHz		125		
			48 kHz:44.1 kHz		125		
			48 kHz:96 kHz		125		
		DW = 20 Hz to f / 2	44.1 kHz:192 kHz		125		
		BW = 20 Hz to f _{SOUT} / 2, -60-dBFS input,	96 kHz:48 kHz		125		
	Dynamic range	f _{IN} = 1 kHz, Unweighted (add 3 dB for	192 kHz:12 kHz		125		dB
		A-weighted result)	192 kHz:32 kHz		125		
			192 kHz:48 kHz		125		l
			32 kHz:48 kHz		125		
			12 kHz:192 kHz		125		
			44.1 kHz:48 kHz		-125		
			48 kHz:44.1 kHz		-125		
			48 kHz:96 kHz		-125		
			44.1 kHz:192 kHz		-125		dB
	Total harmonic distortion + noise	BW = 20 Hz to f _{SOUT} / 2,	96 kHz:48 kHz		-125		
		0-dBFS input, f _{IN} = 1 kHz, Unweighted	192 kHz:12 kHz		-125		
			192 kHz:32 kHz		-125		
			192 kHz:48 kHz		-125		
			32 kHz:48 kHz		-125		
			12 kHz:192 kHz		-125		
	Interchannel gain mismatch				0		dB
	Interchannel phase deviation				0		0
	Mute attenuation	24-bit word length, A-weighte	ed		-128		dB
IGITA	L INTERPOLATION FILTER			ı			
	Passband					0.4535 × f _{SIN}	Hz
	Passband ripple					±0.007	dB
	Transition band			0.4535 × f _{SIN}		0.5465 × f _{SIN}	Hz
	Stop band			0.5465 × f _{SIN}			Hz
	Stop band attenuation			-125			dB
	Normal group delay (LGRP = 0)				102.53125 / f _{SIN}		S
	Low group delay (LGRP = 1)				70.53125 / f _{SIN}		S
IGITA	L DECIMATION FILTER	1					
	Passband					0.4535 × f _{SOUT}	Hz
	Passband ripple					±0.008	dB
	Transition band			0.4535 × f _{SOUT}		0.5465 × f _{SOUT}	Hz
	Stop band			0.5465 × f _{SOUT}			Hz
	Stop band attenuation			-125			dB
	Group delay				36.46875 / f _{SOUT}		S
IGITA	L I/O	1					-
Н	High-level input voltage			0.7 × V _{IO}		V _{IO}	V
L	Low-level input voltage			0		0.3 × V _{IO}	V
1	High-level input current				0.5	10	μA
<u> </u>	Low-level input current				0.5	10	μA

⁽¹⁾ Dynamic performance measured with an Audio Precision System Two Cascade or Cascade Plus.

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Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} = V_{IO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted).

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDIT	TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	I _O = -4 mA		0.8 × V _{IO}		V _{IO}	V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	I _O = 4 mA		0		0.2 × V _{IO}	V
C _{IN}	Input capacitance				3		pF
POWE	R SUPPLY	<u> </u>				,	
V_{DD}	VDD operating voltage			3	3.3	3.6	V
V _{IO}	VIO operating voltage			1.65	3.3	3.6	V
		$V_{DD} = V_{IO} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \overline{RST} = 0,$	Power down			100	μA
I _{DD}	VDD supply current	No clocks, $f_{SIN} = 192 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{SOUT} = 192 \text{ kHz}$	Dynamic		66		mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{IO} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \overline{RST} = 0,$	Power down			100	μΑ
I _{IO}	VIO supply current	No clocks, $f_{SIN} = 192 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{SOUT} = 192 \text{ kHz}$	Dynamic		2		mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{IO} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \overline{RST} = 0,$	Power down			660	μW
P_D	Power dissipation	No clocks, $f_{SIN} = 192 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{SOUT} = 192 \text{ kHz}$	Dynamic		225		mW

6.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

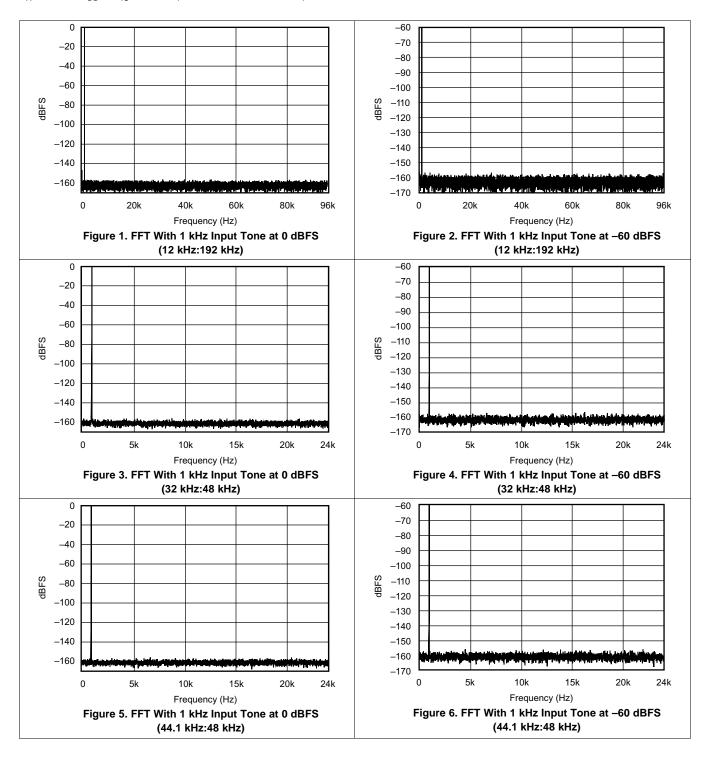
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
REFERE	ENCE CLOCK TIMING				
	RCKI frequency ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		128 × f _{SMIN}	50	MHz
t _{RCKIP}	RCKI period		20	1 / (128 × f _{SMIN})	ns
t _{RCKIH}	RCKI pulse width HIGH		0.4 x t _{RCKIP}		ns
t _{RCKIL}	RCKI pulse width LOW		0.4 × t _{RCKIP}		ns
RESET	TIMING				
t _{RSTL}	RST pulse width LOW		500		ns
INPUT S	SERIAL PORT TIMING				
t _{LRIS}	LRCKI to BCKI setup time		10		ns
t _{SIH}	BCKI pulse width HIGH		10		ns
t _{SIL}	BCKI pulse width LOW		10		ns
t _{LDIS}	SDIN data setup time		10		ns
t _{LDIH}	SDIN data hold time		10		ns
OUTPU	T SERIAL PORT TIMING	•	•	•	
t _{DOPD}	SDOUT data delay time			10	ns
t _{DOH}	SDOUT data hold time		2		ns
t _{SOH}	BCKO pulsewidth HIGH		10		ns
t _{SOL}	BCKO pulse width LOW		5		ns
TDM MC	DDE TIMING		·	·	
t _{LROS}	LRCKO setup time		10		ns
t _{LROH}	LRCKO hold time		10		ns
t _{TDMS}	TDMI data setup time		10		ns
t _{TDMH}	TDMI data hold time		10		ns

 $[\]begin{array}{ll} \text{(1)} & f_{SMIN} = \text{minimum } (f_{SIN},\,f_{SOUT}). \\ \text{(2)} & f_{SMAX} = \text{maximum } (f_{SIN},\,f_{SOUT}). \end{array}$



6.7 Typical Characteristics

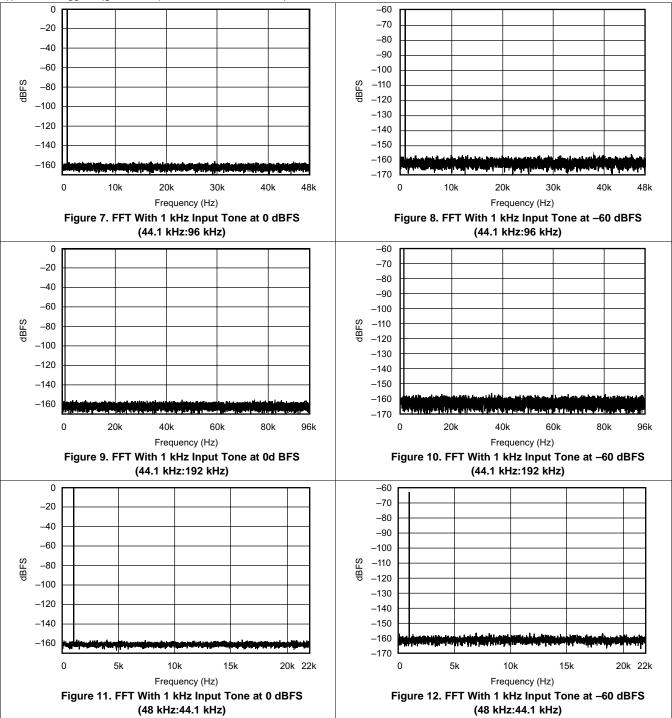
 $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = V_{IO} = 3.3$ V (unless otherwise noted).



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 $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = V_{IO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted).

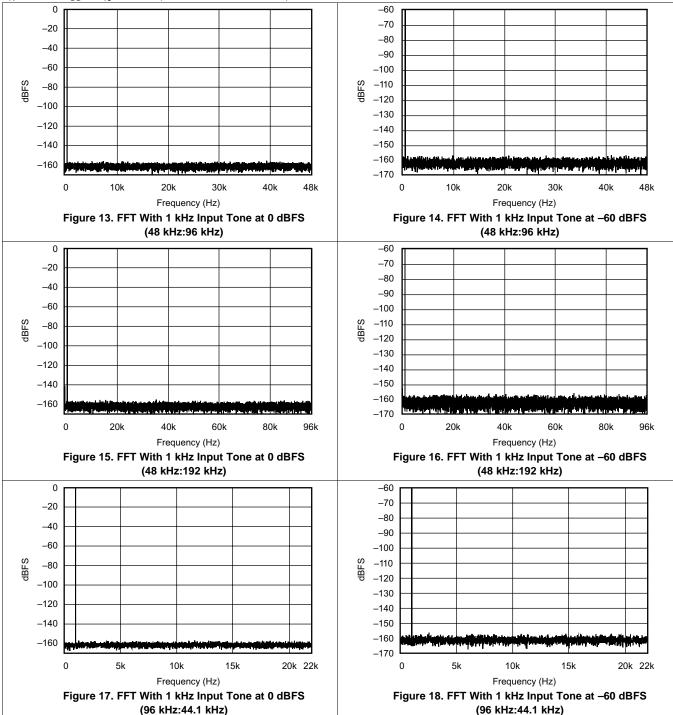


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 $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = V_{IO} = 3.3$ V (unless otherwise noted).

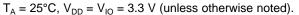


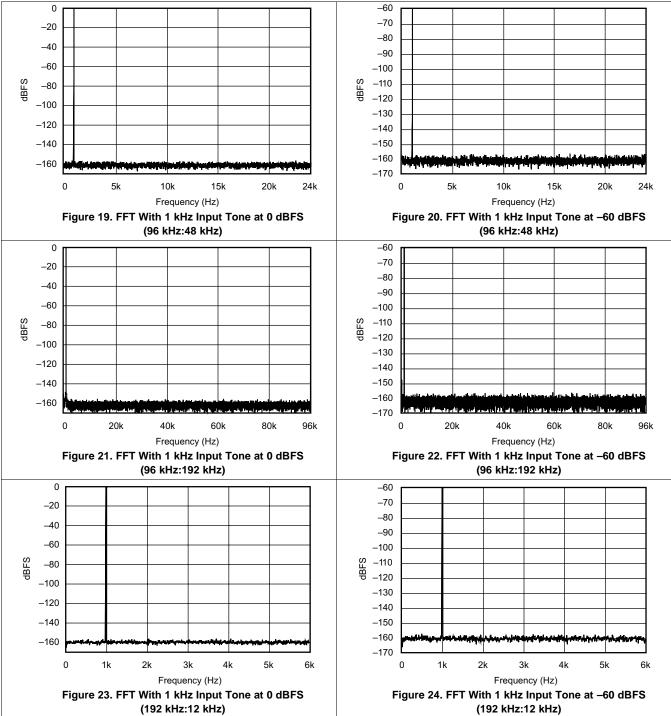
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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

Typical Characteristics (continued)



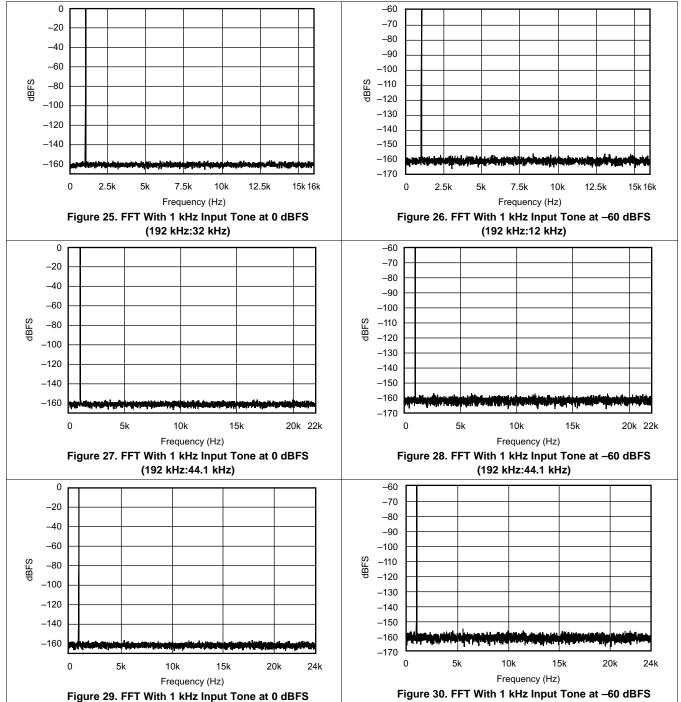


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 $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = V_{IO} = 3.3$ V (unless otherwise noted).



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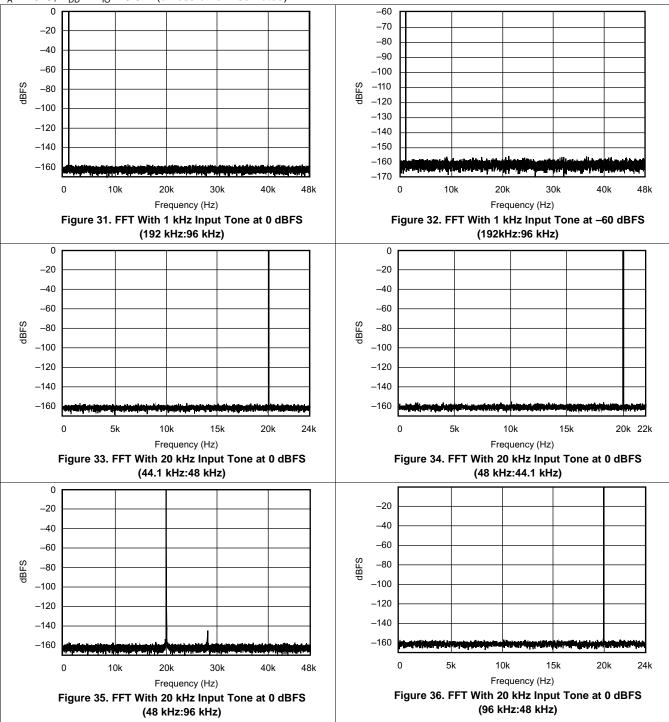
(192 kHz:48 kHz)

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(192 kHz:48 kHz)



 $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = V_{IO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted).

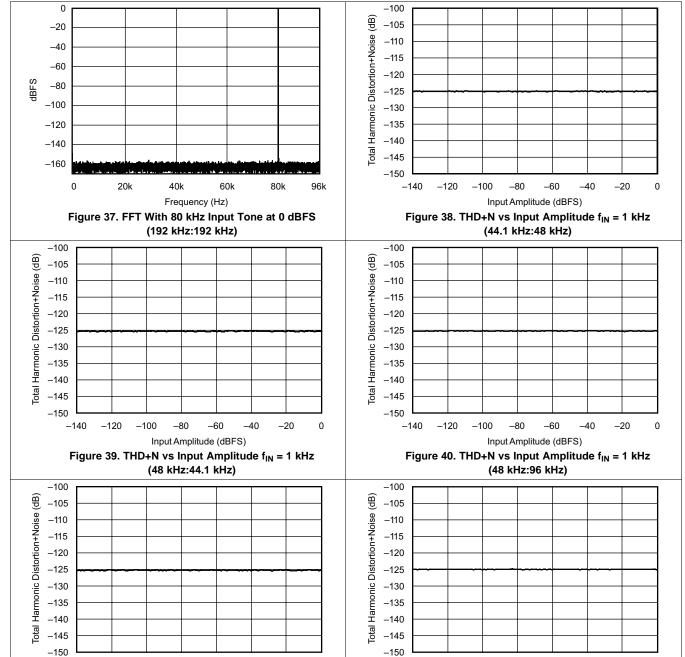


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 $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = V_{IO} = 3.3$ V (unless otherwise noted).



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-140

-120

-100

-80

Input Amplitude (dBFS)

Figure 41. THD+N vs Input Amplitude f_{IN} = 1 kHz

(96 kHz:48 kHz)

-60

-40

-20

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-140

-120

-100

-80

-60

Input Amplitude (dBFS)

Figure 42. THD+N vs Input Amplitude f_{IN} = 1 kHz

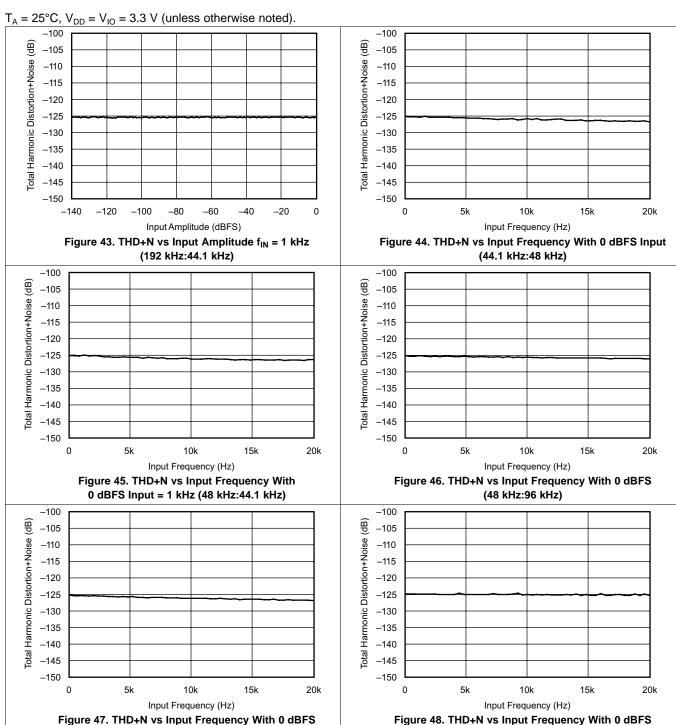
(44.1 kHz:192 kHz)

-40

-20

0





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(96 kHz:48 kHz)

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(44.1 kHz:192 kHz)



 $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = V_{IO} = 3.3$ V (unless otherwise noted).

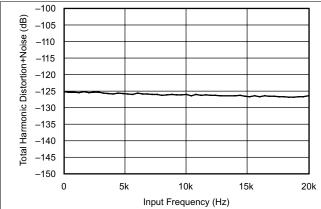


Figure 49. THD+N vs Input Frequency With 0 dBFS (192 kHz:44.1 kHz)

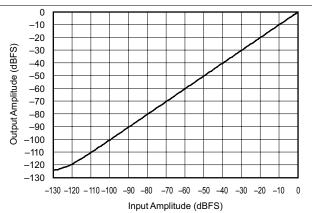


Figure 50. Linearity With f_{IN} = 200 Hz (44.1 kHz:48 kHz)

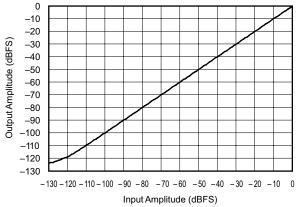


Figure 51. Linearity With f_{IN} = 200 Hz (48 kHz:44.1 kHz)

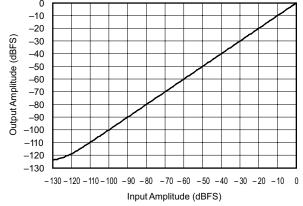
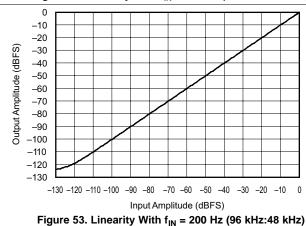
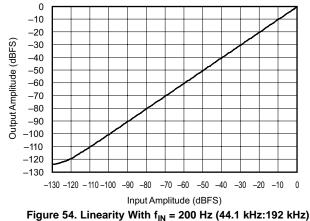


Figure 52. Linearity With f_{IN} = 200 Hz (48 kHz:96 kHz)





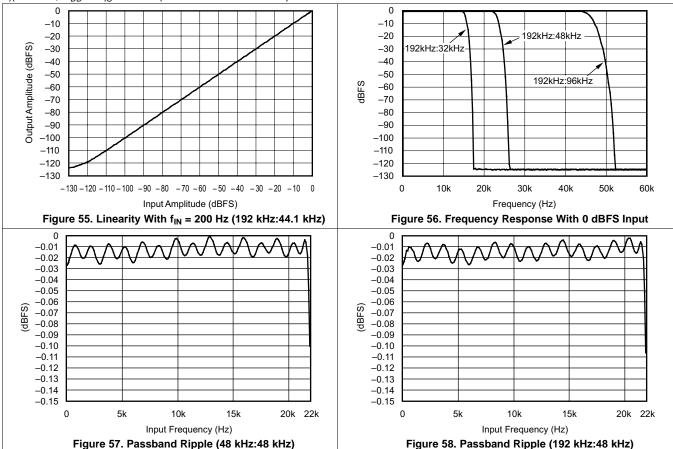
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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

Typical Characteristics (continued)

 $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = V_{IO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted).





7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The SRC4190 device is an asynchronous sample rate converter (ASRC) designed for professional audio applications. Operation at input and output sampling frequencies up to 212 kHz is supported, with an input-to-output sampling ratio from 16:1 to 1:16. Excellent dynamic range and total harmonic distortion plus noise (THD+N) are achieved by employing high performance and linear phase digital filtering. Digital filtering options allow for lower group delay processing.

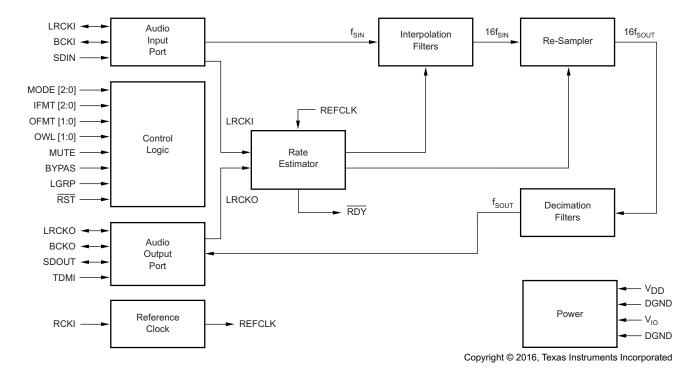
The audio input and output ports support standard audio data formats, as well as a TDM interface mode. 24-, 20-, 18-, and 16-bit word lengths are supported. Both ports may operate in slave mode, deriving their word and bit clocks from external input and output devices. Alternatively, one port may operate in master mode while the other remains in slave mode. In master mode, the LRCK and BCK clocks are derived from the reference clock input (RCKI). The flexible configuration of the input and output ports allows connection to a wide variety of audio data converters, interface devices, digital signal processors, and programmable logic.

A bypass mode is included, which allows audio data to be passed directly from the input port to the output port, bypassing the ASRC function. The bypass option is useful for passing through encoded or compressed audio data, or nonaudio control or status data.

A soft mute function is available providing artifact-free operation while muting the audio output signal. The mute attenuation is typically –128 dB.

The output port data is clocked by either the audio data source in slave mode, or by the SRC4190 in master mode. The input data is passed through interpolation filters which up-sample the data, which is then passed on to the re-sampler. The rate estimator compares the input and output sampling frequencies by comparing LRCKI, LRCKO, and a reference clock. The results include an offset for the FIFO pointer and the coefficients needed for re-sampling function. The output of the re-sampler is then passed on to the decimation filter. The decimation filter performs down-sampling and anti-alias filtering functions.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram





7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Soft Mute Function

The soft mute function of the SRC4190 may be invoked by forcing the MUTE pin high. The soft mute function slowly attenuates the output signal level down to all zeroes plus ±4 LSB of dither. This provides an artifact-free muting of the audio output port.

7.3.2 Ready Output

The SRC4190 includes an active low ready output (RDY). This is an output from the rate estimator block, which indicates that the input-to-output sampling frequency ratio has been determined. The ready signal can be used as a flag or indicator output. The ready signal can also be connected to the active high MUTE pin to provide an auto-mute function, so that the output port is muted when the rate estimator is in transition.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Bypass Mode

The SRC4190 includes a bypass function, which routes the input port data directly to the output port, bypassing the ASRC function. Bypass mode may be invoked by forcing the BYPAS pin high. For normal ASRC operation, the BYPAS pin must be set to 0.

No dithering is applied to the output data in bypass mode; digital attenuation and mute functions are also unavailable in this mode.

7.4.2 Audio Port Modes

The SRC4190 supports seven serial port modes, shown in Table 1. The audio port mode is selected using the MODE0, MODE1, and MODE2 pins.

In slave mode, the port LRCK and BCK clocks are configured as inputs, and receive their clocks from an external audio device. In master mode, the LRCK and BCK clocks are configured as outputs, being derived from the reference clock input (RCKI). Only one port can be set to master mode at any given time, as indicated in Table 1.

MODE2 MODE1 MODE0 **SERIAL PORT MODE** 0 0 0 Both input and output ports are slave mode 0 Output port is master mode with RCKI = 128 f_S 0 1 0 0 1 Output port is master mode with RCKI = 512 f_S 1 Output port is master mode with RCKI = 256 f_S 0 1 1 0 0 Both input and output ports are slave mode 1 0 1 Input port is master mode with RCKI = 128 f_S 1 1 0 Input port is master mode with RCKI = 512 f_S 1 1 1 Input port is master mode with RCKI = 256 f_S

Table 1. Setting the Serial Port Modes

7.4.3 Input Port Operation

The audio input port is a three-wire synchronous serial interface that may operate in either slave or master mode. The SDIN pin 4 is the serial audio data input. Audio data is input at this pin in one of three standard audio data formats: Philips I²S, Left Justified, or Right Justified. The audio data word length may be up to 24 bits for I²S and Left Justified formats, while the Right Justified format supports 16, 18, 20, or 24-bit data. The data formats are shown in Figure 59, while critical timing parameters are shown in Figure 60 and listed in *Switching Characteristics*.

The bit clock is either an input or output at BCKI. In slave mode, BCKI is configured as an input pin, and may operate at rates from 32 f_S to 128 f_S , with a minimum of one clock cycle per data bit. In master mode, BCKI operates at a fixed rate of 64 f_S .



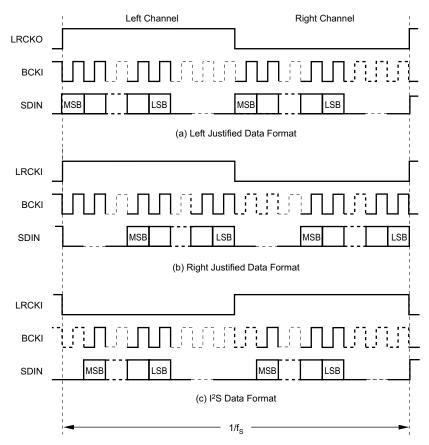


Figure 59. Input Data Formats

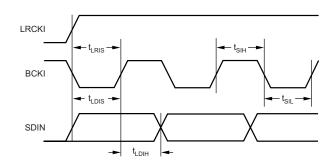


Figure 60. Input Port Timing

The left and right word clock (LRCKI), may be configured as an input or output pin. In slave mode, LRCKI is an input pin, while in master mode LRCKI is an output pin. In either case, the clock rate is equal to the input sampling frequency (f_S). The LRCKI duty cycle is fixed to 50% for master mode operation. Table 2 illustrates data format selection for the input port. The IFMT0, IFMT1, and IFMT2 pins are utilized to set the input port data format.

Product Folder Links: SRC4190

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Table 2. Input Port Data Format Selection	Table 2.	Input	Port	Data	Format	Selection
---	----------	-------	------	------	---------------	-----------

IFMT2	IMFT1	IMFT0	INPUT PORT DATA FORMAT
0	0	0	24-Bit Left Justified
0	0	1	24-Bit I2S
0	1	0	Unused
0	1	1	Unused
1	0	0	16-Bit Right Justified
1	0	1	18-Bit Right Justified
1	1	0	20-Bit Right Justified
1	1	1	24-Bit Right Justified

7.4.4 Output Port Operation

The audio output port is a four-wire synchronous serial interface that may operate in either slave or master mode. The SDOUTpin is the serial audio data output. Audio data is output at this pin in one of four data formats: Philips I 2 S, Left Justified, Right Justified, or TDM. The audio data word length may be 16, 18, 20, or 24 bits. For all word lengths, the data is triangular PDF dithered from the internal 28-bit data path. The data formats (with the exception of TDM mode) are shown in Figure 61, while critical timing parameters are shown in Figure 62 and listed in *Switching Characteristics*. The TDM format and timing are shown in Figure 66 and Figure 66, respectively, while examples of standard TDM configurations are shown in Figure 69 and Figure 70. The bit clock is either input or output at BCKO. In slave mode, BCKO is configured as an input pin, and may operate at rates from 32 f_S to 128 f_S, with a minimum of one clock cycle for each data bit. The exception is the TDM mode, where the BCKO must operate at N × 64fS, where N is equal to the number of SRC4190 devices included on the TDM interface. In master mode, BCKO operates at a fixed rate of 64 f_S for all data formats except TDM, where BCKO operates at the reference clock (RCKI) frequency. Additional information regarding TDM mode operation is included in *Application and Implementation*.

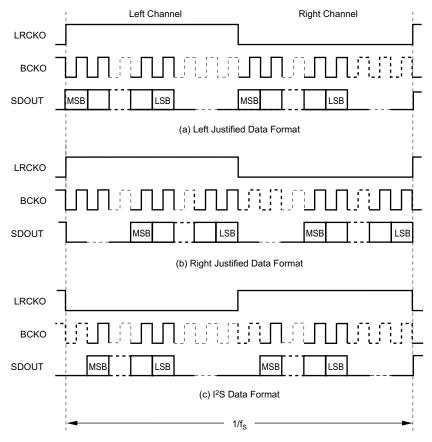


Figure 61. Output Data Formats

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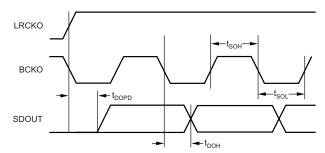


Figure 62. Output Port Timing

The left and right word clock (LRCKO), may be configured as an input or output pin. In slave mode, LRCKO is an input pin, while in master mode it is an output pin. In either case, the clock rate is equal to the output sampling frequency (f_S). The clock duty cycle is fixed to 50% for I²S, Left Justified, and Right Justified formats in master mode. The LRCKO pulse width is fixed to 32 BCKO cycles for the TDM format in master mode.

Table 3 shows data format selection for the output port. The OFMT0, OFMT1, OWL0, and OWL1 inputs are utilized to set the output port data format and word length.

Table 3. Output Port Data Format Selection

	•	
OFMT1	OFMT0	OUTPUT PORT DATA FORMAT
0	0	Left Justified
0	1	l ² S
1	0	TDM
1	1	Right Justified
OWL1	OWL2	OUTPUT PORT DATA WORD LENGTH
0	0	24 bits
0	1	20 bits
0	0	20 bits 18 bits



8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The audio input and output ports can handle 16-, 18-, 20-, or 24-bit right-justified PCM serial data, as well as 24-bit I²S or left-justified PCM serial data at up to 212-kHz sampling rate. A TDM format is also available. Both input and output can operate in slave mode, or one can operate as a master while the other operates as a slave. A 16:1 or 1:16 ratio is the maximum supported between the input and output audio sampling rates.

8.2 Typical Application

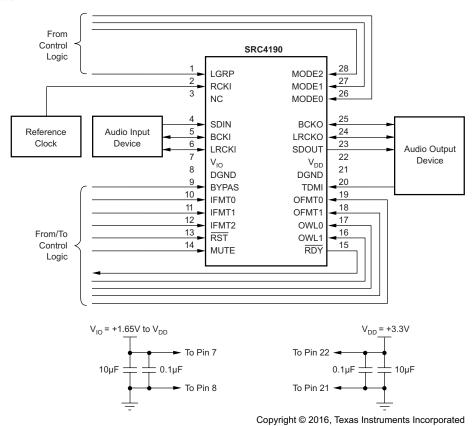


Figure 63. Typical Connection Diagram for the SRC4190

8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 4 as the input parameters.

Table 4. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE
VDD supply voltage, V _{DD}	3.3 V
VIO supply voltage, V _{IO}	1.65 V to V _{DD}
Bypass capacitors	0.1 μF and 10 μF



8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The typical connection diagram for the SRC4190 is shown in Figure 63. Recommended values for power supply bypass capacitors are included. These capacitors must be placed as close to the IC package as possible.

8.2.2.1 Reference Clock

The SRC4190 requires a reference clock for operation. The reference clock is applied at the RCKI input. Figure 64 shows the reference clock connections and requirements for the SRC4190. The reference clock may operate at 128 f_S , 256 f_S , or 512 f_S , where f_S is the input or output sampling frequency. The maximum external reference clock input frequency is 50 MHz.

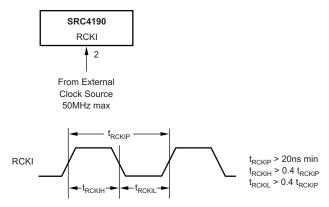
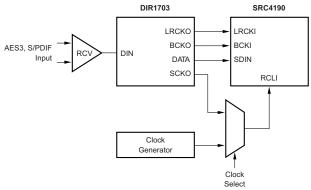


Figure 64. Reference Clock Input Connections and Timing Requirements

8.2.2.2 Interfacing to Digital Audio Receivers and Transmitters

The SRC4190 input and output ports are designed to interface to a variety of audio devices, including receivers and transmitters commonly used for AES/EBU, S/PDIF, and CP1201 communications. Texas Instruments manufactures the DIR1703 digital audio interface receiver and the DIT4096 and DIT4192 digital audio transmitters to address these applications.

Figure 65 illustrates interfacing the DIR1703 to the SRC4190 input port. The DIR1703 operates from a single 3.3-V supply, which requires the VIO supply for the SRC4190 to be set to 3.3-V for interface compatibility.

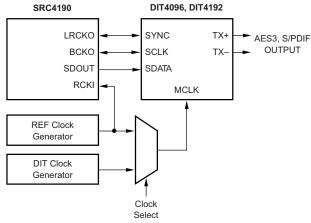


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Figure 65. Interfacing the SRC4190 to the DIR1703 Digital Audio Interface Receiver

Figure 66 shows the interface between the SRC4190 output port and the DIT4096 or DIT4192 audio serial port. Once again, the VIO supplies for both the SRC4190, DIT4096, and DIT4192 are set to 3.3 V for compatibility.





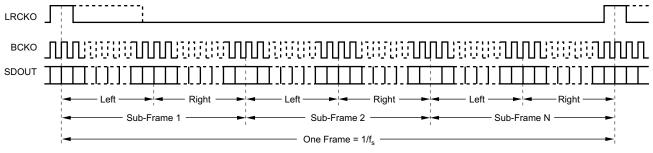
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Figure 66. Interfacing the SRC4190 to the DIT4096 and DIT4192 Digital Audio Interface Transmitter

Like the SRC4190 output port, the DIT4096 and DIT4192 audio serial port may be configured as a master or slave. In cases where the SRC4190 output port is set to master mode, TI recommends using the reference clock source (RCKI) as the master clock source (MCLK) for the DIT4096 and DIT4192, to ensure that the transmitter is synchronized to the SRC4190 output port data.

8.2.2.3 TDM Applications

The SRC4190 supports a TDM output mode, which allows multiple devices to be daisy-chained together to create a serial frame. Each device occupies one sub-frame within a frame, and each sub-frame carries two channels (Left followed by Right). Each sub-frame is 64 bits long, with 32 bits allotted for each channel. The audio data for each channel is Left Justified within the allotted 32 bits. Figure 66 illustrates the TDM frame format, while Figure 68 shows the TDM input timing parameters, which are listed in *Switching Characteristics*.



N = Number of Daisy-Chained Devices

One Sub-Frame contains 64 bits, with 32 bits per channel.

For each channel, the audio data is Left Justified, MSB first format, with the word length determined by OWL[1:0].

Figure 67. TDM Frame Format

(1)



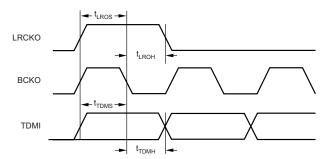


Figure 68. Input Timing for TDM Mode

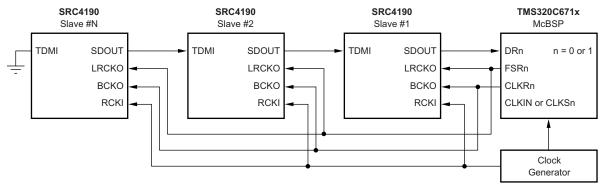
The frame rate is equal to the output sampling frequency. The BCKO frequency for the TDM interface is N \times 64 f_S, where N is the number of devices included in the daisy chain. For master mode, the output BCKO frequency is fixed to the reference clock (RCKI) input frequency. The number of devices that can be daisy-chained in TDM mode is dependent upon the output sampling frequency and the BCKO frequency, leading to the numerical relationship in Equation 1

Number of daisy-chained devices = (f_{BCKO} / f_S) / 64

where

- f_{BCKO} = Output port bit clock (BCKO) (27.136-MHz maximum)
- f_S = Output port sampling (LRCKO) frequency (212-kHz maximum)

This relationship holds true for both slave and master modes. Figure 69 and Figure 70 show typical connection schemes for the TDM mode. Although the TMS320C671x DSP family is shown as the audio processing engine in these figures, other TI digital signal processors with a multi-channel buffered serial port (McBSPTM) may also function with this arrangement. Interfacing to processors from other manufacturers is also possible. See Figure 62, along with the equivalent serial port timing diagrams shown in the DSP data sheet, to determine compatibility.



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Figure 69. TDM Interface With All Devices as Slaves



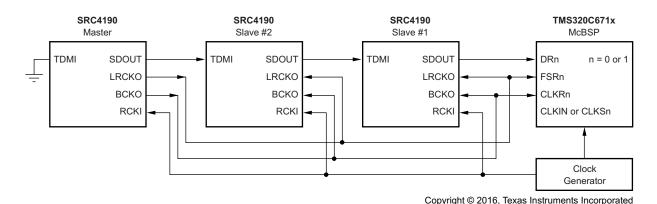


Figure 70. TDM Interface With One Device as Master to Multiple Slaves

8.2.2.4 Pin Compatibility With the Analog Devices AD1895 and AD1896

The SRC4190 is pin and function-compatible with the AD1895 and AD1896 when observing the guidelines indicated in the following paragraphs.

8.2.2.4.1 Power Supplies

To ensure compatibility, the VDD_IO and VDD_CORE supplies of the AD1895 and AD1896 must be set to 3.3 V, while the VIO and VDD supplies of the SRC4190 must be set to 3.3 V.

8.2.2.4.2 Pin 1 Connection

For the AD1895, pin 1 is not connected. For the SRC4190, pin 1 (LGRP) functions as the low group delay selection input, and must not be left unconnected. LGRP must be connected to either digital ground or the VIO supply, dependent upon the desired group delay.

8.2.2.4.3 Crystal Oscillator

The SRC4190 does not have an on-chip crystal oscillator. An external reference clock is required at the RCKI pin.

8.2.2.4.4 Reference Clock Frequency

The reference clock input frequency for the SRC4190 must be no higher than 30 MHz, in order to match the master clock frequency specification of the AD1895 and AD1896. In addition, the SRC4190 does not support the 768-f_S reference clock rate.

8.2.2.4.5 Master Mode Maximum Sampling Frequency

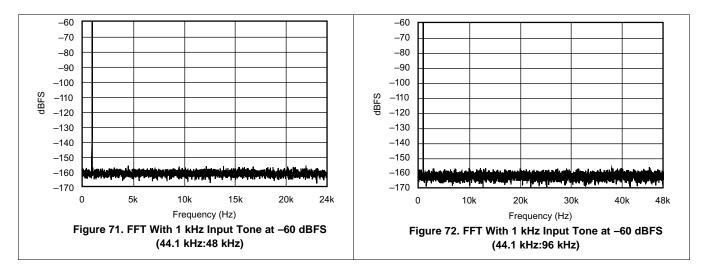
When the input or output ports are set to master mode, the maximum sampling frequency must be limited to 96 kHz in order to support the AD1895 and AD1896 specification. This is despite the fact that the SRC4190 supports a maximum sampling frequency of 212 kHz in master mode. The user must consider building an option into his or her design to support the higher sampling frequency of the SRC4190.

8.2.2.4.6 Matched Phase Mode

Due to the internal architecture of the SRC4190, it does not require or support the matched phase mode of the AD1896. Given multiple SRC4190 devices, if all reference clock (RCKI) inputs are driven from the same clock source, the devices is phase matched.



8.2.3 Application Curves



9 Power Supply Recommendations

The SRC4190 has two supply inputs (VDD and VIO). VDD operates at 3.3 V, while VIO can operate at either 1.8 V or 3.3 V to allow interaction with a range of digital devices. TI recommends using a decoupling capacitor for each supply pin placed as close to the pin as possible.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

10.1.1 Power Supply Pins

Place power supply decoupling capacitors as close to the supply pins as possible to minimize noise on device supplies. TI recommends values of 10 µF and 0.1 µF for these capacitors.

10.1.2 Digital Interface

With high frequency clocks being input or produced on the digital interface pins, reflections can become an issue, causing system noise. A series resistor in the tens of ohms can be placed on each trace to minimize reflections.



10.2 Layout Example

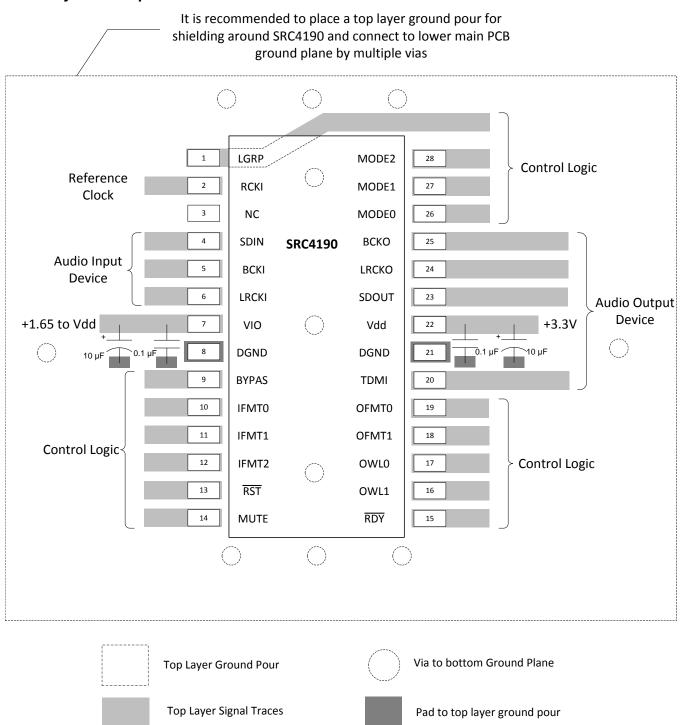


Figure 73. Diagram of an Example Layout

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11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Documentation Support

11.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- DIT4096 96-kHz Digital Audio Transmitter (SBOS225)
- DIT4192 192-kHz Digital Audio Transmitter (SBOS229)
- SRC4190/92/93EVM, User's Guide (SBAU088)

11.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

11.3 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Lise

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.4 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

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11.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.6 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

3-Mar-2016

PACKAGING INFORMATION

www.ti.com

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
SRC4190IDB	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	SRC4190I	Samples
SRC4190IDBG4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	SRC4190I	Samples
SRC4190IDBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	SRC4190I	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SRC4190:

Automotive: SRC4190-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 3-Mar-2016

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	<u> </u>
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SRC4190IDBR	SSOP	DB	28	2000	330.0	16.4	8.1	10.4	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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*All dimensions are nominal

	Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	ng Pins SPQ		Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
S	RC4190IDBR	SSOP	DB	28	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0	



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-150.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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