

High Precision PSR Constant Current LED Driver

Description

The BP3135 is a high precision primary-side feedback and regulation controller for LED lighting, it operates in constant current control mode and is designed to work in inductor current discontinuous conduction mode and especially suitable for flyback convertor under universal input. The output power of system is recommended to less than 7W.

The BP3135 integrates 650V power MOSFET. Since adopting primary sense and feedback control technology, the secondary sense and feedback circuit is eliminated. The loop compensation components are also removed while maintaining stability overall operating conditions. It uses patent pending source driver architecture and demagnetization sensing technology, the operating current is very low, and it doesn't need the auxiliary winding for sensing the output current and supplying the chip. The low component counts and small system size are realized.

Since using the proprietary high accurate current sense method, the BP3135 realizes $\pm 5\%$ accuracy of LED current along with excellent line and load regulation.

The BP3135 offers rich protection functions including LED open/short circuit protection, CS resistor short circuit protection, thermal regulation, $V_{\rm CC}$ under voltage protection.

Features

- Built-in 650V Power MOSFET
- Constant current control without secondary sense and feedback circuit.
- No Auxiliary winding for sensing and supplying
- Ultra low operating current to improve efficiency
- Universal input voltage
- ±5% LED current accuracy
- LED short and open circuit protection
- CS resistor short circuit protection
- VCC under-voltage protection
- Thermal regulation
- Available in SOP-8 package

Applications

- GU10/E27 LED bulb, spot light
- Other LED lighting

Typical Application

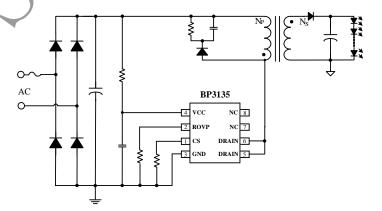


Figure 1. Typical application circuit for BP3135



BP3135

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Ordering Information

Part Number	Package	Operating Temperature	Packing Method	Marking
BP3135	SOP8	-40°C to 105°C	Tape 4,000 Piece/Reel	BP3135 XXXXXY WXYY

Pin Configuration and Marking Information

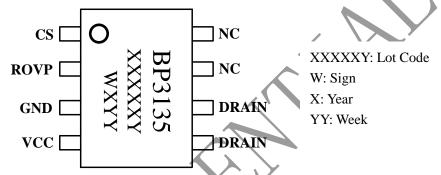


Figure 2. Pin configuration

Pin Definition

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	CS	Current sense. This pin connects a current sense resistor to GND to detect the primary current of transformer.
2	ROVP	Connect a ROVP resistor to GND to set the LED open voltage.
3	GND	Ground
4	VCC	Power supply
5,6	DRAIN	Internal high voltage MOSFET Drain
7,8	NC	No connection, must be floated



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Absolute Maximum Ratings (note1)

Symbol	Parameters	Range	Units
ICC_max	VCC pin maximum sink current	5	mA
DRAIN	Internal HV MOSFET drain voltage	-0.3~650	V
CS	Current sense pin input voltage	-0.3~6	V
ROVP	Set the LED open voltage	-0.3~6	V
P _{DMAX}	Power dissipation (note2)	0.45	W
θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance (Junction to Ambient)	145	°C/W
T_{J}	Operating junction temperature	-40 to 150	$^{\circ}$ C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range	-55 to 150	$^{\circ}$
	ESD (note3)	2	kV

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Under "recommended operating conditions" the device operation is assured, but some particular parameter may not be achieved. The electrical characteristics table defines the operation range of the device, the electrical characteristics is assured on DC and AC voltage by test program. For the parameters without minimum and maximum value in the EC table, the typical value defines the operation range, the accuracy is not guaranteed by spec.

Note 2: The maximum power dissipation decrease if temperature rise, it is decided by T_{JMAX} , θ_{JA} , and environment temperature (T_A) . The maximum power dissipation is the lower one between $P_{DMAX} = (T_{JMAX} - T_A) \cdot \theta_{JA}$ and the number listed in the maximum table.

Note 3: Human Body mode, 100pF capacitor discharge on 1.5kQ resistor

Recommended Operation Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Range	Unit
Pouri	Output power (input voltage 230V±15%)	<10	W
P _{OUT2}	Output power (input voltage 85V~265V)	<7	W
F _{OP}	System operating frequency	<120	kHz



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Electrical Characteristics (Notes 4, 5) (Unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} =14V and T_A =25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage Section						
V_{CC_Clamp}	V _{CC} clamp voltage	1mA		17		V
$V_{\text{CC_ON}}$	Turn on threshold voltage	V _{CC} rising		14		V
V _{CC_UVLO}	Turn off threshold voltage	V _{CC} falling		9		V
I_{ST}	V _{CC} startup current	$V_{CC} = V_{CC_ON} - 1V$		50	100	uA
I_{OP}	V _{CC} operating current	F _{OP} =70kHz		100	150	uA
Current Sense S	Section					~
V _{CS_TH}	Threshold voltage for peak current limit		388	400	412	mV
$V_{\text{CS_SHORT}}$	Current detection threshold for the short circuit	Output short circuit		200		mV
T_{LEB}	Leading edge blanking time for current sense			500		ns
$T_{ m DELAY}$	Switch off delay time	(7	200		ns
Switching Frequ	iency	Y				
F _{MIN}	Minimum working frequency	X		5		kHz
F_{MAX}	Maximum working frequency	7		120		kHz
V_{ROVP}	Voltage of ROVP Pin	Y		0.5		V
Maximum Duty	Cycle	-				
D_{MAX}	Maximum duty cycle			42		%
MOSFET Section	on	-				
R _{DS_ON}	Static drain-source on-resistance	V _{GS} =15V/I _{DS} =0.5A		9		Ω
BV _{DSS}	Drain-source breakdown voltage	V _{GS} =0V/I _{DS} =250uA	650			V
$I_{ m DSS}$	Drain-source leakage current	V _{GS} =0V/V _{DS} =650V			1	uA
Over Temperature Protection						
T_{SD}	Thermal shutdown threshold			150		$^{\circ}$

Note 4: production testing of the chip is performed at 25 °C.

Note 5: the maximum and minimum parameters specified are guaranteed by test, the typical value are guaranteed by design, characterization and statistical analysis

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Internal Block Diagram

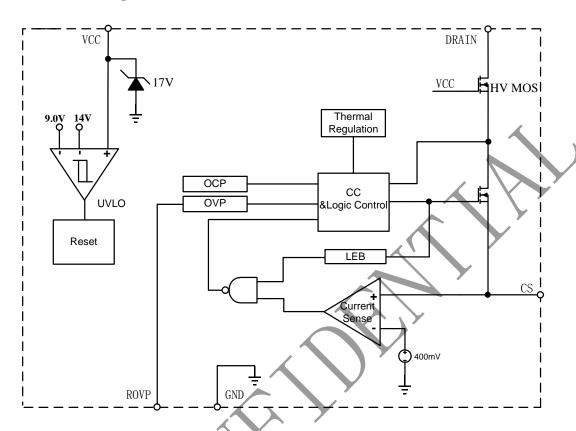


Figure 3. BP3135 Internal Block Diagram

Function Description

The BP3135 is a high performance power switch specially designed for LED lighting, with patent constant current control technology. The BP3135 integrates a 650V power MOSFET. The accurate LED current can be realized without opto-coupler, TL431 feedback circuit and auxiliary winding while minimizing the external component count, lowering the total bill of material cost.

Start Up

The start-up current in BP3135 is designed to as low as 50uA. The V_{CC} capacitor will be charged through the start-up resistor when the system is powered on. Once the V_{CC} voltage reaches the start-up threshold, the BP3135 will start to switch. The BP3135 integrates a 17V zener for V_{CC} clamping. Due to the ultra-low operating current, the auxiliary winding is not needed to supply the IC.

Constant Current Control

Cycle-by-Cycle current sense is adopted in BP3135, the CS is connected to the current sense comparator, and the voltage on CS will be compared with the internal 400mV reference voltage, the MOSFET will be switched off when the voltage on CS reaches the threshold. The output of the comparator includes a 500ns leading edge blanking time.

The primary peak current is given by:

$$I_{\rm P_PK} = \frac{400}{R_{CS}} (mA)$$

The current in LED can be calculated by the equation:

$$I_{OUT} = \frac{I_{P_PK}}{4} \times \frac{N_P}{N_S}$$



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Where.

N_P: primary winding turns of transformer

N_S: secondary winding turns of transformer

 I_{P_PK} : peak current in MOSFET

Operating Switching Frequency

The BP3135 is designed to work in discontinuous conduction mode and no external loop compensation component is required while maintaining stability. The maximum duty cycle is limited to 42%. The maximum switching frequency at normal operation is suggested to set below 120 kHz. If the maximum frequency is set too high, it will affect the number of maximum series LED lamps. If set too low, the LED open circuit voltage will be too high.

The maximum and minimum switching frequency is limited in BP3135 to ensure the stability of system.

The switching frequency can be set by the formula:

$$f = \frac{Np^2 \times V_{LED}}{8 \times Ns^2 \times Lp \times I_{LED}}$$

Where, L_P is the primary winding inductance of transformer.

Over Voltage Protection

The over voltage protection can be programmed by the ROVP pin resistor. The ROVP pin voltage is 0.5V

When the LED is open circuit, the output voltage increases gradually, and the demagnetization time gets shorter. The demagnetization time at OVP----Toye can be calculated by the open circuit protection voltage:

$$Tovp \approx \frac{Lm \times Vcs}{Nps \times Rcs \times Vovp}$$

Where,

 $\label{eq:local_continuity} Lm \ is the inductance of primary inductor V_{CS} is the CS pin turn off threshold (400mV) N_{PS} is the turn ratio between primary and secondary$

V_{OVP} is the open circuit protection voltage

And then the R_{OVP} resistor value can be calculated by the equation:

 $Rovp \approx 5*Tovp*10^6$ (kohm)

Protection Function

The BP3135 has integrated rich protection functions, LED open/short protection, CS resistor short circuit protection, $V_{\rm CC}$ under voltage protection, over temperature protection, and so on. When the LED is open circuit, it will trigger over-voltage protection logic, the system stops switching immediately.

When the LED short circuit is detected, the system works at low frequency (5 kHz), and the CS pin turn off threshold is reduced to 200mV. So the system power consumption is very low. At some catastrophic fault condition, such as shorted CS resistor or flyback transformer saturation, the internal fast fault detection circuit will trigger and latch, the system stops switching immediately.

After the system enters into fault latch condition, the V_{CC} voltage will fall until it reaches UVLO threshold. Then the system will re-start again. If the fault condition is removed, the system will recover to normal operation.

The BP3135 integrates thermal regulation function. When the system is over temperature, the output current is gradually reduced; the output power and thermal dissipation are also reduced. The system temperature is regulated and the system reliability is improved. The thermal regulation temperature is set to 150°C internally.

PCB Layout

The following rules should be followed in BP3135 PCB layout:

Bypass Capacitor

The bypass capacitor on V_{CC} should be as close as possible to the V_{CC} pin and GND pin.



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ROVP Pin

The ROVP resistor should be as close as possible to the ROVP Pin.

Ground Path

The power ground path for current sense should be short, and the power ground path should be separated from small signal ground path before the negative of the bulk capacitor.

The Area of Power Loop

The area of main current loop should be as small as possible to reduce EMI radiation, such as the primary current loop, the snubber circuit and the secondary rectifying loop.

NC Pin

The NC pin must be left floating to satisfy the requirement of creepage distance.

Drain pin

To increase the copper area of drain for thermal consideration.

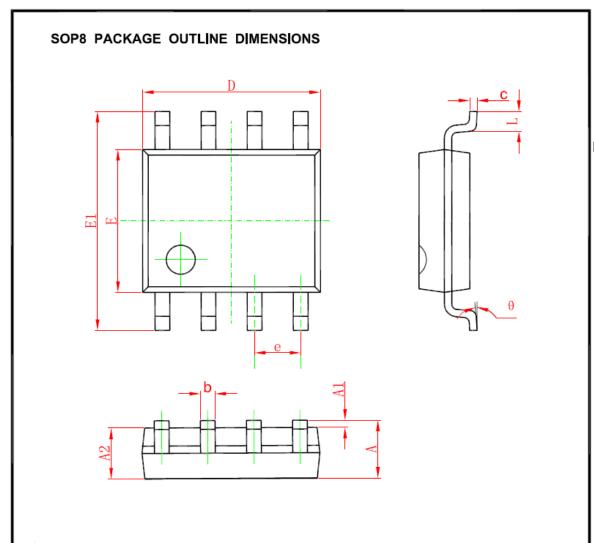




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Physical Dimensions



Comb a l	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	1. 350	1. 750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0. 100	0. 250	0.004	0. 010	
A2	1. 350	1. 550	0.053	0.061	
b	0. 330	0. 510	0.013	0. 020	
С	0. 170	0. 250	0.006	0. 010	
D	4. 700	5. 100	0. 185	0. 200	
Е	3. 800	4. 000	0. 150	0. 157	
E1	5. 800	6. 200	0. 228	0. 244	
е	1. 270 (BSC)		0. 050 (BSC)		
L	0. 400	1. 270	0.016	0.050	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	