

# KA-1608VWS-A1-10MAV

1.6 x 0.8 mm Surface Mount LED Lamp



## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

## DESCRIPTIONS

- The source color devices are made with InGaN on Sapphire substrate Light Emitting Diode
- · Electrostatic discharge and power surge could damage the LEDs
- · It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LEDs
- · All devices, equipments and machineries must be electrically grounded

## **FEATURES**

- 1.6 mm x 0.8 mm, 0.55 mm high, only minimum space required
- Suitable for compact optoelectronic applications
- Low power consumption
- Package: 2000 pcs / reel
- Moisture sensitivity level: 3
- Halogen-free
- RoHS compliant

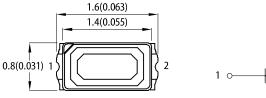
#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Backlight
- Status indicator
- · Home and smart appliances
- · Wearable and portable devices
- · Healthcare applications

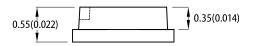
### ATTENTION

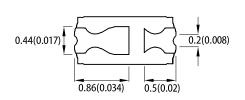
Observe precautions for handling electrostatic discharge sensitive devices

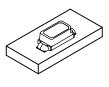






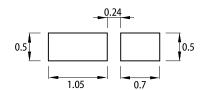






#### **RECOMMENDED SOLDERING PATTERN**

(units : mm; tolerance :  $\pm 0.1$ )



Notes

- All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
  Tolerance is ±0.15(0.006") unless otherwise noted.
  The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to

change without prior notice. The device has a single mounting surface. The device must be mounted according to the specifications.

### SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number	Emitting Color	Lens Type	lv (mcd) @	<b>) 10mA</b> <sup>[2]</sup>	Viewing Angle <sup>[1]</sup>
	(Material)	Lens Type	Min.	Тур.	201/2
KA-1608VWS-A1-10MAV	White (InGaN)	Yellow Fluorescent	450	730	120°

Notes

41/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
 Luminous intensity / luminous flux: +/-15%.
 Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

### ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C

Parameter	Sumb al	Emitting Color	Value		l Imit	
Parameter	Symbol	Emitting Color	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Chromaticity Coordinates x I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA	x <sup>[1]</sup>	White	0.31	-	-	
Chromaticity Coordinates y I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA	y <sup>[1]</sup>	White	0.31	-	-	
Forward Voltage I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA	V <sub>F</sub> <sup>[2]</sup>	White	3.0	3.4	V	
Reverse Current ( $V_R = 5V$ )	I <sub>R</sub>	White	-	50	μA	
Temperature Coefficient of x $I_F$ = 10mA, -10°C $\leq$ T $\leq$ 85°C	TCx	White	-0.18	-	10 <sup>-3</sup> /°C	
Temperature Coefficient of y $I_F$ = 10mA, -10°C $\leq$ T $\leq$ 85°C	TCy	White	-0.19	-	10 <sup>-3</sup> /°C	
Temperature Coefficient of $~V_F$ $I_F$ = 10mA, -10°C $\leq$ T $\leq$ 85°C	TCv	White	-3.0	-	mV/°C	

Notes:

Measurement tolerance of the chromaticity coordinates is ±0.01.
 Forward voltage: ±0.1V.
 Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at $T_A=25^{\circ}C$

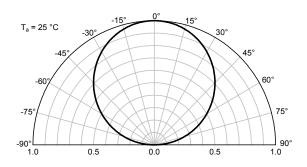
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	80	mW
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
Junction Temperature	Tj	115	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>op</sub>	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +85	°C
DC Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	20	mA
Peak Forward Current	I <sub>FM</sub> <sup>[1]</sup>	100	mA
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM)	-	250	V
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Ambient)	R <sub>th JA</sub> <sup>[2]</sup>	380	°C/W
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Solder point)	$R_{th\;JS}^{[2]}$	190	°C/W

Notes: 1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width. 2. R<sub>th.JA</sub>, R<sub>th.JS</sub> Results from mounting on PC board FR4 (pad size ≥ 16 mm<sup>2</sup> per pad). 3. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.

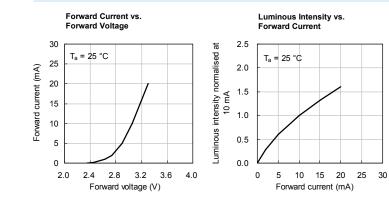
# **Kingbright**

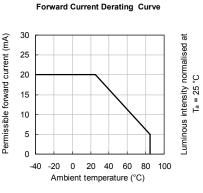
#### **TECHNICAL DATA**

SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

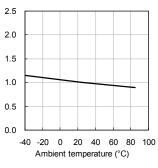


#### WHITE

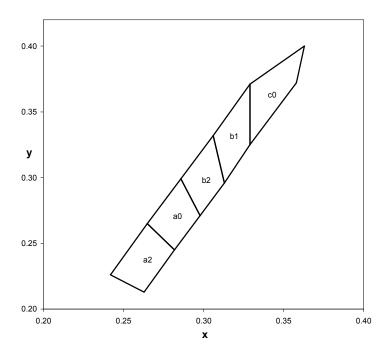








#### **CIE CHROMATICITY DIAGRAM**



	x	У		x	у
a2	0.263	0.213		0.282	0.245
	0.282	0.245	a0	0.298	0.271
	0.265		au	0.286	0.299
	0.242	0.226		0.265	0.265
b2	0.298	0.271	b1	0.313	0.296
	0.313	0.296		0.329	0.325
	0.306	0.332		0.329	0.371
	0.286	0.299		0.306	0.332
c0	0.329	0.325			
	0.358	0.372			
	0.363	0.400			
	0.329	0.371			

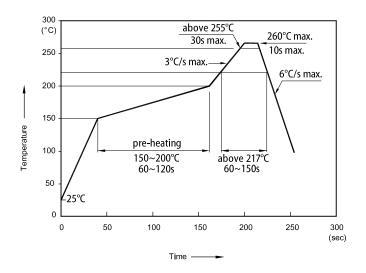
Notes:

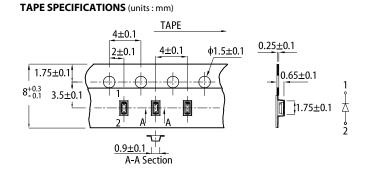
Shipment may contain more than one chromaticity regions. Orders for single chromaticity region are generally not accepted. Measurement tolerance of the chromaticity coordinates is ±0.01.

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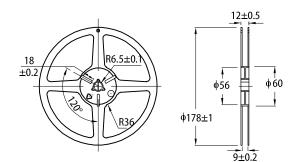
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#### **REFLOW SOLDERING PROFILE for LEAD-FREE SMD PROCESS**





**REEL DIMENSION** (units : mm)



Notes:

Don't cause stress to the LEDs while it is exposed to high temperature

- The maximum number of reflow soldering passes is 2 times.
  Reflow soldering is recommended. Other soldering methods are not recommended as they might cause damage to the product.

#### HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

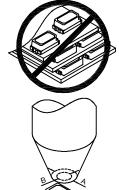
Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Although its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more susceptible to damage by external mechanical force. As a result, special handling precautions need to be observed during assembly using silicone encapsulated LED products. Failure to comply might lead to damage and premature failure of the LED.

- 1. Handle the component along the side surfaces by using forceps or appropriate tools.
- 2. Do not directly touch or handle the silicone lens surface. It may damage the internal circuitry.



- 4-1. The inner diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks.
- 4-2. A pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup.
- 4-3. The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production.
- 5. As silicone encapsulation is permeable to gases, some corrosive substances such as H<sub>2</sub>S might corrode silver plating of leadframe. Special care should be taken if an LED with silicone encapsulation is to be used near such substances.

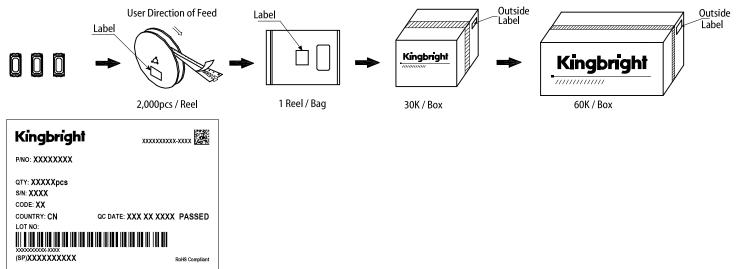
3. Do not stack together assembled PCBs containing exposed LEDs. Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry.



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## KA-1608VWS-A1-10MAV

#### **PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS**



#### **PRECAUTIONARY NOTES**

The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only. The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to 2. the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.

When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If customer usage exceeds the specified limits, Kingbright will not be responsible for any subsequent issues.

4. The information in this document applies to typical usage in consumer electronics applications. If customer's application has special reliability requirements or have life-threatening liabilities, such as automotive or medical usage, please consult with Kingbright representative for further assistance. The contents and information of this document may not be reproduced or re-transmitted without permission by Kingbright 5.

6. All design applications should refer to Kingbright application notes available at https