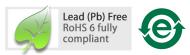
# ALMD-EL3D, ALMD-EG3D, ALMD-CM3D, ALMD-CB3D

High Brightness SMT Round LED Lamps Amber, Red, Green and Blue Tinted LEDs

# **Data Sheet**



# Description

The new Avago ALMD-xx3D LED series has the same or just slightly less luminous intensity than conventional high brightness, through-hole LEDs.

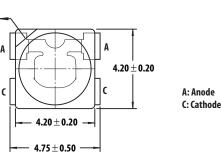
The new LED lamps can be assembled using common SMT assembly processes and are compatible with industrial reflow soldering processes.

The LEDs are made with an advanced optical grade epoxy for superior performance in outdoor sign applications.

For easy pick and place assembly, the LEDs are shipped in EIA-compliant tape and reel. Every reel is shipped from a single intensity and color bin– except the red color–for better uniformity.

# **Package Dimensions**

Package Marking



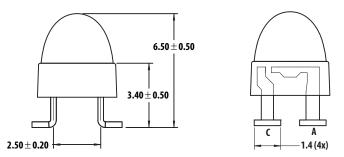


# Features

- Compact form factor
- High brightness material
- Available in Red, Amber, Green and Blue color
- Red AllnGaP 626 nm
- Amber AllnGaP 590 nm
- Green InGaN 525 nm
- Blue InGaN 470 nm
- JEDEC MSL 2A
- Compatible with industrial reflow soldering process
- Typical Viewing angle: 30°
- Tinted, non-diffused

# **Applications**

• Variable Message Signs



Notes: 1. All dimensions in millimeters (inches).

2. Tolerance is  $\pm$  0.20 mm unless other specified.

**CAUTION:** InGaN devices are Class 1C HBM ESD sensitive, AllnGaP devices are Class 1B ESD sensitive per JEDEC Standard. Please observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.

**CAUTION:** Customer is advised to keep the LED in the MBB when not in use as prolonged exposure to environment might cause the silver plated leads to tarnish, which might cause difficulties in soldering.



#### **Device Selection Guide**

Part Number	Color and Dominant Wavelength	Luminous Inte	<b>Viewing Angle</b>	
	$\lambda_{ m d}$ (nm) Typ <sup>[3]</sup>	Min	Max	<b>Typ</b> (°) <sup>[4]</sup>
ALMD-EG3D-VX002	Red 626	4200	9300	30°
ALMD-EL3D-VX002	Amber 590	4200	9300	
ALMD-CM3D-Y1002	Green 525	9300	21000	
ALMD-CB3D-SU002	Blue 470	1900	4200	

Notes:

1. The luminous intensity is measured on the mechanical axis of the lamp package and it is tested with pulsing condition.

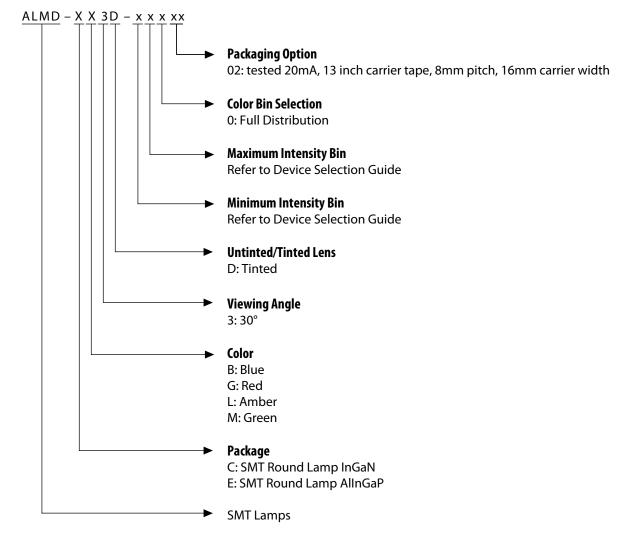
2. The optical axis is closely aligned with the package mechanical axis.

3. Dominant wavelength,  $\lambda d$ , is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamp.

4.  $\theta$ <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is half the on-axis intensity.

5. Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm$  15%

## **Part Numbering System**



### Absolute Maximum Rating, $T_J = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Red and Amber	<b>Blue and Green</b>	Unit	
DC Forward Current <sup>[1]</sup>	50	30	mA	
Peak Forward Current	100 [2]	100 [3]	mA	
Power Dissipation	120	114	mW	
Reverse Voltage	5 (I <sub>R</sub> = 100 μA) <sup>[4]</sup>	5 ( $I_R = 10 \ \mu A$ ) <sup>[4]</sup>	V	
LED Junction Temperature	11	°C		
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85		°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +100		°C	

Notes:

1. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 4 and Figure 9.

2. Duty Factor 30%, frequency 1 kHz.

3. Duty Factor 10%, frequency 1 kHz.

4. Indicates product final testing; long-term reverse bias is not recommended.

# Electrical / Optical Characteristics, $T_J = 25 \,^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>				V	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA
Red		1.8	2.1	2.4		
Amber		1.8	2.1	2.4		
Green		2.8	3.2	3.8		
Blue		2.8	3.2	3.8		
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>					
Red & Amber		5			V	$I_F = 100 \mu A$
Green & Blue		5				$I_F = 10 \mu A$
Dominant Wavelength [1]	$\lambda_d$					I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA
Red	-	618.0	626.0	630.0		
Amber		584.5	590.0	594.5		
Green		519.0	525.0	539.0		
Blue		460.0	470.0	480.0		
Peak Wavelength						
Red	$\lambda_{PEAK}$		634		nm	Peak of Wavelength of Spectral
Amber			594			Distribution at $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Green			516			
Blue			464			
Thermal Resistance	Rθ <sub>J-PIN</sub>		130		°C/W	LED Junction-to-Pin
Luminous Efficacy <sup>[2]</sup>						
Red	ηv		200		lm/W	Emitted Luminous Power/Emitted
Amber	-		520			Radiant Power
Green			530			
Blue			65			
Thermal coefficient of $\lambda_d$					nm/°C	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ ; +25 °C $\leq$ T <sub>J</sub> $\leq$ +100 °C
Red			0.059			
Amber			0.103			
Green			0.028			
Blue			0.024			

Notes:

1. The dominant wavelength is derived from the chromaticity diagram and represents the color of the lamp.

2. The radiant intensity,  $I_e$  in watts per steradian, may be found from the equation  $I_e = I_V/\eta_V$  where  $I_V$  is the luminous intensity in candelas and  $\eta_V$  is the luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.



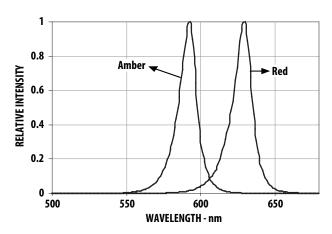


Figure 1. Relative Intensity vs Wavelength

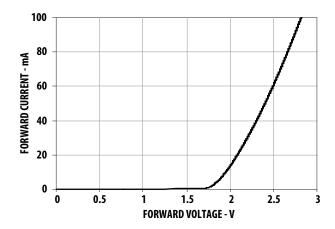


Figure 2. Forward Current vs Forward Voltage

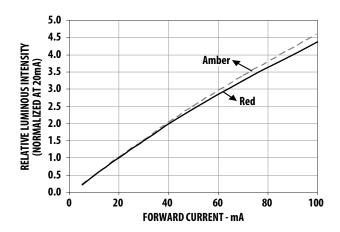


Figure 3. Relative Intensity vs Forward Current

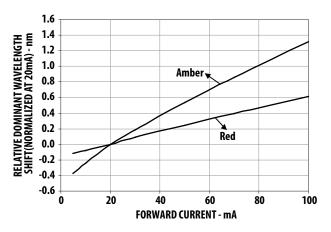
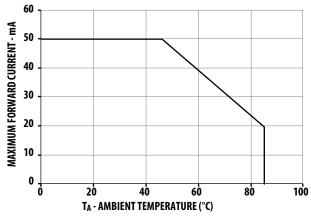


Figure 5. Relative Dominant Wavelength Shift vs Forward Current



Note:  $R\theta_{J-A} = 460 \text{ °C/W}$ 

Figure 4. Maximum Forward Current vs Ambient Temperature



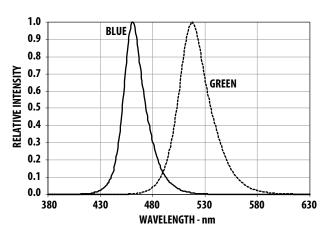


Figure 6. Relative Intensity vs Wavelength

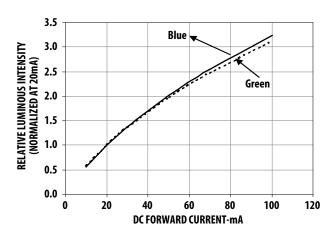


Figure 8. Relative Intensity vs Forward Current

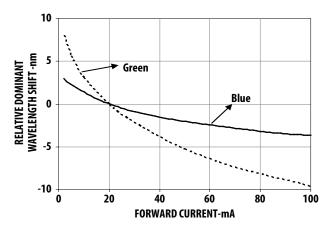


Figure 10. Dominant Wavelength Shift vs Forward Current

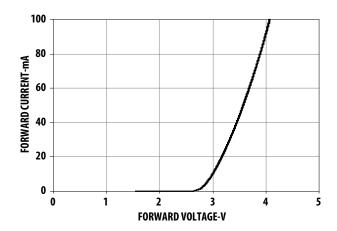


Figure 7. Forward Current vs Forward Voltage

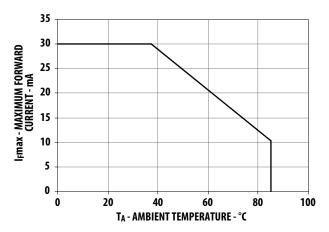
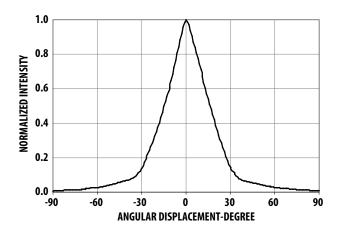


Figure 9. Maximum Forward Current vs Ambient Temperature



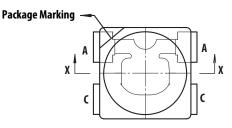


Figure 11b. Component Axis for Radiation Pattern

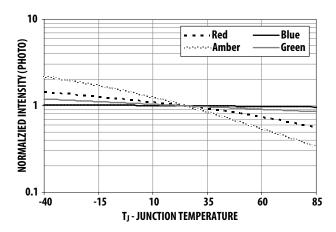


Figure 12. Relative Intensity Shift vs Junction Temperature

Figure 11a. Radiation Pattern for X axis

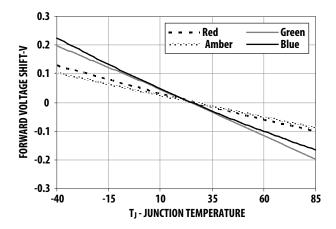


Figure 13. Forward Voltage Shift vs Junction Temperature

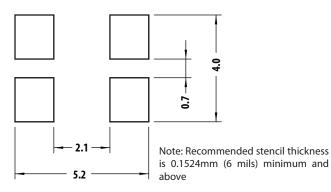
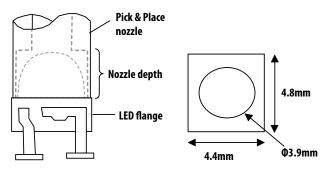


Figure 14. Recommended Soldering Land Pattern

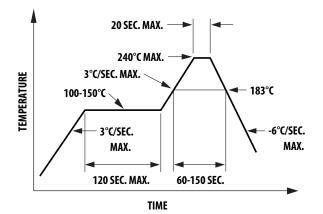


Note:

1. Nozzle depth should be touching LED flange during pick and place.

2. Nozzle width should be able to fit into LED carrier tape

Figure 15. Recommended Pick and Place Nozzle Tip (Urethane PAD Tip)



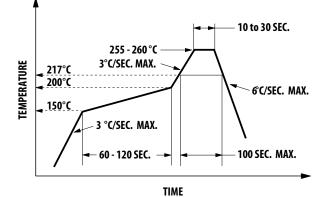


Figure 16. Recommended Leaded Reflow Soldering Profile

Figure 17. Recommended Pb- Free Reflow Soldering Profile

Note: For detailed information on reflow soldering of Avago Surface Mount LED, refer to Avago Application Note AN1060 Surface Mounting SMT LED Indicator Components.

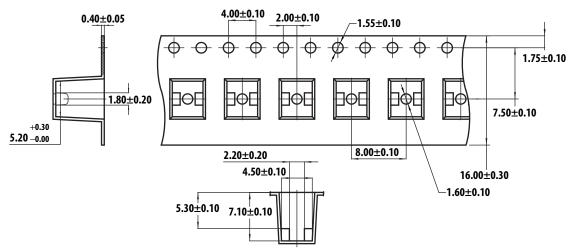
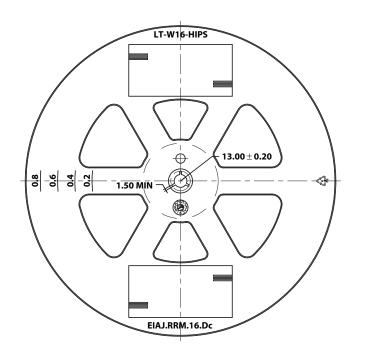


Figure 18. Carrier Tape Dimension



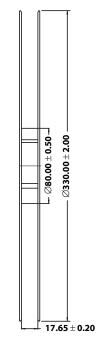


Figure 19. Reel Dimension

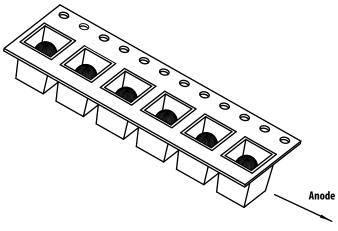


Figure 20. Unit Orientation from reel

# Intensity Bin Limit Table (1.3:1 lv bin ratio)

	Intensity (mcd) at 20 mA			
Bin	Min	Мах		
S	1900	2500		
Т	2500	3200		
U	3200	4200		
V	4200	5500		
W	5500	7200		
Х	7200	9300		
Y	9300	12000		
Z	12000	16000		
1	16000	21000		

# V<sub>F</sub> Bin Table (V at 20 mA) for Red & Amber

Bin ID	Min	Мах
V <sub>D</sub>	1.8	2.0
VA	2.0	2.2
V <sub>B</sub>	2.2	2.4
Tolerance for ea	ach bin limit is $\pm 0.05V$	

Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm 15\%$ 

# **Red Color Range**

Min Dom	Max Dom	X min	Y Min	X max	Y max
618.0	630.0	0.6872	0.3126	0.6890	0.2943
		0.6690	0.3149	0.7080	0.2920

Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm 0.5$  nm

## **Amber Color Range**

Bin	Min Dom	Max Dom	Xmin	Ymin	Xmax	Ymax
1	584.5	587.0	0.5420	0.4580	0.5530	0.4400
			0.5370	0.4550	0.5570	0.4420
2	587.0	589.5	0.5570	0.4420	0.5670	0.4250
			0.5530	0.4400	0.5720	0.4270
4	589.5	592.0	0.5720	0.4270	0.5820	0.4110
			0.5670	0.4250	0.5870	0.4130
6	592.0	594.5	0.5870	0.4130	0.5950	0.3980
			0.5820	0.4110	0.6000	0.3990

Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm 0.5$ nm

# **Green Color Range**

Bin	Min Dom	Max Dom	Xmin	Ymin	Xmax	Ymax
1	519.0	523.0	0.0667	0.8323	0.1450	0.7319
			0.1200	0.7375	0.0979	0.8316
2	523.0 527.0	527.0	0.0979	0.8316	0.1711	0.7218
		0.1450	0.7319	0.1305	0.8189	
3	527.0 53	0 531.0	0.1305	0.8189	0.1967	0.7077
			0.1711	0.7218	0.1625	0.8012
4	531.0	531.0 535.0	0.1625	0.8012	0.2210	0.6920
			0.1967	0.7077	0.1929	0.7816
5	535.0	539.0	0.1929	0.7816	0.2445	0.6747
			0.2210	0.6920	0.2233	0.7600

Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm$  0.5nm

# **Blue Color Range**

Bin	Min Dom	Max Dom	Xmin	Ymin	Xmax	Ymax
1	460.0	464.0	0.1440	0.0297	0.1766	0.0966
			0.1818	0.0904	0.1374	0.0374
2	464.0	468.0	0.1374	0.0374	0.1699	0.1062
			0.1766	0.0966	0.1291	0.0495
3	3 468.0	8.0 472.0	0.1291	0.0495	0.1616	0.1209
			0.1699	0.1062	0.1187	0.0671
4	472.0	476.0	0.1187	0.0671	0.1517	0.1423
			0.1616	0.1209	0.1063	0.0945
5	476.0	480.0	0.1063	0.0945	0.1397	0.1728
			0.1517	0.1423	0.0913	0.1327

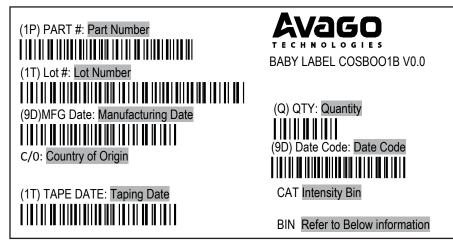
Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm 0.5$  nm

## **Packing Label**

(i) Mother Label (Available on MBB bag)



(ii) Baby Label (Available on Plastic Reel)



Note: Acronyms and Definition:

#### BIN:

### (i) Color bin only or VF bin only

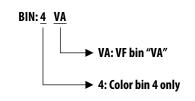
(Applicable for part number with color bins but without VF bin OR part number with VF bins and no color bin)

## (ii) Color bin incorporated with VF bin

Applicable for part number that have both color bin and VF bin

Example:

- a. Color bin only or VF bin only
   BIN: 4 (represent color bin 4 only)
   BIN: VA (represent VF bin "VA" only)
- b. Color bin incorporate with VF bin



## **Moisture Sensitivity and Handling**

The ALMD-xx3D series oval package has a Moisture Sensitive Level 2a rating per JEDEC J-STD-020. Refer to Avago Application Note AN5305, Handling of Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices, for additional details and a review of proper handling procedures.

## A. Storage before use

- An unopened moisture barrier bag (MBB) can be stored at < 40° C/90% RH for 12 months. If the actual shelf life has exceeded 12 months and the humidity indicator card (HIC) indicates that baking is not required then it is safe to reflow solder the LEDs per the original MSL rating.
- It is recommended that the MBB not be opened prior to assembly (e.g. for IQC).

## **B.** Control after opening the MBB

- The humidity indicator card (HIC) shall be read immediately upon opening of the MBB.
- The LEDs must be kept at < 30° C/60% RH at all times, and all high temperature related processes including soldering, curing or rework need to be completed within 672 hours.

## C. Control for unfinished tape and reel parts

 Unused LEDs must be stored in a sealed MBB with a desiccant or desiccator at < 5% RH.

## D. Control of assembled boards

 If the PCB soldered with the LEDs is to be subjected to other high temperature processes, the PCB needs to be stored in a sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at < 5% RH to ensure that all LEDs have not exceeded their floor life of 672 hours

## E. Baking is required if:

- The HIC indicator is not BROWN at 10% and is AZURE at 5%
- The LEDs are exposed to a condition of > 30° C/60% RH at any time.
- The LED floor life exceeded 672 hours.

The recommended baking condition is:  $60 \pm 5^{\circ}$  C for 20 hours.

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