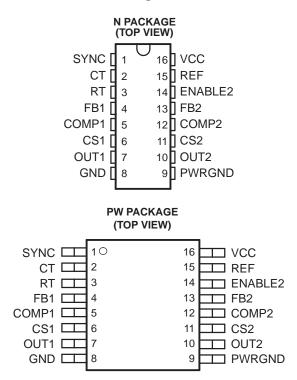




# DUAL CHANNEL SYNCHRONIZED CURRENT-MODE PWM

# FEATURES

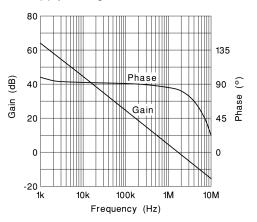
- Single Oscillator Synchronizes Two PWMs
- 150-µA Startup Supply Current
- 2-mA Operating Supply Current
- Operation to 1 MHz
- Internal Soft-Start
- Full-Cycle Fault Restart
- Internal Leading-Edge Blanking of the Current Sense Signal
- 1-A Totem Pole Outputs
- 75-ns Typical Response from Current Sense to Output
- 1.5% Tolerance Voltage Reference



# DESCRIPTION

The UCC3810 is a high-speed BiCMOS controller integrating two synchronized pulse width modulators for use in off-line and dc-to-dc power supplies. The UCC3810 family provides perfect synchronization between two PWMs by usin g the same oscillator. The oscillator's sawtooth waveform can be used for slope compensation if required.

Using a toggle flip-flop to alternate between modulators, the UCC3810 ensures that one PWM does not slave, interfere, or otherwise affect the other PWM. This toggle flip- flop also ensures that each PWM is limited to 50% maximum duty cycle, insuring adequate off-time to reset magnetic elements. This device contains many of the same elements of the UC3842 current mode controller family, combined with the enhancements of the UCC3802. This minimizes power supply parts count. Enhancements include leading edge blanking of the current sense signals, full cycle fault restart, CMOS output drivers, and outputs which remain low even when the supply voltage is removed.





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These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

<b>T</b>	PACKAGED DEVICES <sup>(1)</sup>						
١j	SOP (DW)	PDIP (N)					
–40°C to 85°C	UCC2810DW (16)	UCC2810N (16)					
0°C to 70°C	UCC3810DW (16)	UCC3810N (16)					

 All packages are available taped and reeled (indicated by the R suffix on the device type e.g., UCC2810JR)

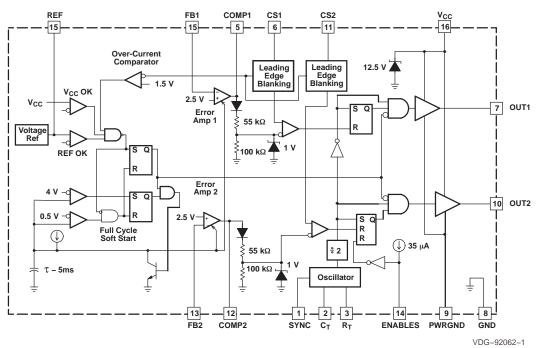
## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

		UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage <sup>(3)</sup>	11V
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current	20mA
	Output peak current, OUT1, OUT2, 5% duty cycle	±1A
	Output energy, OUT1, OUT2, capacitive load 20 µJ	20µJ
	Analog inputs, FB1, FB2, CS1, CS2, SYNC	-0.3 to 6.3V
TJ	Operating junction temperature	150°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	–65 to 150°C
	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

(1) Currents are positive into, negative out of the specified terminal. All voltages are with respect to GND.

- (2) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
  (2) In provide the device of the device at these or any other conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
  (2) In provide the device of the device at the operation of the device reliability.
- (3) In normal operation, V<sub>CC</sub> is powered through a current-limiting resistor. Absolute maximum of 11 V applies when driven from a low impedance such that the V<sub>CC</sub> current does not exceed 20 mA.



#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

**UCC2810** 

#### SLUS162D-FEBRUARY 1999-REVISED FEBRUARY 2007

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

All parameters are the same for both channels,  $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$  for the UCC2810,  $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$  for the UCC3810,  $V_{CC} = 10 V^{(1)}$ ;  $R_T = 150 k\Omega$ ,  $C_T = 120 pF$ ; no load;  $T_A = T_{J_1}$  (unless otherwise specified)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
REFER	ENCE					1	
N/	Output uskans	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		4.925	5.000	5.075	N
V <sub>CC</sub>	Output voltage	T <sub>J</sub> = full range, 0 mA	$A \le I_{REF} \le 5 \text{ mA}$	4.85	5.00	5.10	V
	Load regulation	$0 \text{ mA} \le I_{\text{REF}} \le 5 \text{ mA}$			5	30	
	Line regulation	UVLO stop threshold $0.5 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{CC} \le \text{V}_{SHUN}$		12		mV	
	Output noise voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	10Hz <f< 10="" khz,<="" td=""><td><math>T_J = 25^{\circ}C</math></td><td></td><td>235</td><td></td><td>μV</td></f<>	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		235		μV
	Long term stability <sup>(2)</sup>	TA = 125°C,	1000 hours		5		mV
I <sub>O(SC)</sub>	Output short circuit current	1			-8	-25	mA
OSCILI	LATOR			4		P	
Osc Oscillator frequency <sup>(3)</sup>		R <sub>T</sub> = 30 kΩ,	C <sub>T</sub> = 120 pF	860	980	1100	
fosc	Oscillator frequency (%)	R <sub>T</sub> = 150 kΩ,	C <sub>T</sub> = 120 pF	190	220	250	kHz
	Temperature stability <sup>(2)</sup>				2.5%		
	Peak voltage				2.5		
	Valley voltage				0.05		
	Peak-to-peak amplitude			2.25	2.45	2.65	V
	SYNC threshold voltage			0.80	1.65	2.20	
	SYNC input current	SYNC = 5 V			30		μA
ERROF	RAMPLIFIER	1		4		P	
V <sub>FB</sub>	FB input voltage	COMP = 2.5 V		2.44	2.50	2.56	V
I <sub>FB</sub>	FB input bias current					±1	μA
	Open loop voltage gain			60	73		dB
f <sub>GAIN</sub>	Unity gain bandwidth <sup>(2)</sup>				2		MHz
I <sub>SINK</sub>	Sink current, COMP	FB = 2.7 V,	COMP = 1 V	0.3	1.4	3.5	
I <sub>SRCE</sub>	Source current, COMP	FB = 1.8 V,	COMP = 4 V	-0.2	-0.5	-0.8	mA
	Minimum duty cycle	COMP = 0 V				0%	
	Soft-start rise time, COMP FB = 1.8 V, Rise from 0.5 V to (REF – 1.5 V)					5	ms
CURRE	ENT SENSE					L	
	Gain <sup>(4)</sup>			1.20	1.55	1.80	V/V
	Maximum input signal <sup>(5)</sup>	COMP = 5 V		0.9	1.0	1.1	V
I <sub>CS</sub>	Input bias current, CS					±200	nA
	Propagation delay time (CS to OUT)	CS steps from 0 V to COMP = 2.5 V		75		ns	
	Blank time, CS <sup>(6)</sup>				55		
	Overcurrent threshold voltage, CS			1.35	1.55	1.85	
	COMP-to-CS offset voltage	CS = 0 V		0.45	0.90	1.35	V

(1) For UCC3810, adjust  $V_{CC}$  above the start threshold before setting at 10 V.

(2) Ensured by design. Not production tested.

$$f_{OSC} = \frac{4}{R_T \times C_T}$$

(3) Oscillator frequency is twice the output frequency.

$$A = \frac{\Delta V_{COMP}}{\Delta V_{COMP}}$$

(4)

Current sense gain A is defined by:  $\Delta V_{CS}$ ,  $0 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{CS} \le 0.8 \text{ V}$ . Parameter measured at trip point of latch with FB = 0 V. (5)

CS blank time is measured as the difference between the minimum non-zero on-time and the CS-to-OUT delay. (6)





#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

All parameters are the same for both channels,  $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$  for the UCC2810,  $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$  for the UCC3810,  $V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ ;  $R_T = 150 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $C_T = 120 \text{ pF}$ ; no load;  $T_A = T_{J_2}$  (unless otherwise specified)

	PARAMETER	TEST C	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
PWM						¥	
	Movimum duty ovolo <sup>(2)</sup>	R <sub>T</sub> = 150 kΩ,	C <sub>T</sub> = 120 pF	45%	49%	50%	
	Maximum duty cycle <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_T = 30 \text{ k}\Omega,$	C <sub>T</sub> = 120 pF	40%	45%	48%	
	Minimum on-time	CS = 1.2 V,	COMP = 5 V		130		ns
OUTP	UT					L	
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 20 mA			0.12	0.42	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA			0.48	1.10	
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 20 mA,	$V_{CC} = 0 V$		0.7	1.2	V
\ <i>\</i>		I <sub>OUT</sub> = -20 mA			0.15	0.42	
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage ( $V_{CC} - OUT$ )	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -200 mA			1.2	2.3	
t <sub>R</sub>	Rise time, OUT	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 1 nF			20	50	<b>n</b> -
t <sub>F</sub>	Fall time, OUT	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 1 nF			30	60	ns
UNDE	RVOLTAGE LOCKOUT (UVLO)						
	Start threshold voltage			9.6	11.3	13.2	
	Stop threshold voltage			7.1	8.3	9.5	V
	Start-to-stop hysteresis			1.7	3.0	4.7	
	ENABLE2 input bias current	ENABLE2 = 0 V		-20	-35	-55	μA
	ENABLE2 input threshold voltage			0.80	1.53	2.00	V
OVER	ALL	P					
	Startup current	V <sub>CC</sub> < Start thresh	old voltage		0.15	0.25	
	Operating supply current, outputs off	VCC = 10 V,	FB = 2.75 V		2	3	
		VCC = 10 V, CS = 0 V,	FB = 0 V, RT = 150 kΩ		3.2	5.1	mA
	Operating supply current, outputs on	VCC = 10 V, CS = 0 V,	FB = 0 V, RT = 30 kΩ		8.5	14.5	
	VCC internal zener voltage	$I_{CC} = 10 \text{ mA}$		11.0	12.9	14.0	
	VCC internal zener voltage minus start threshold voltage			0.4	1.2		V

## **DEVICE INFORMATION**

#### **TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

TERMINAL		<b>I/O</b>	DESCRIPTION					
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION					
COMP1	5	0	Low impedance output of the error amplifiers.					
COMP2	12	0	Low impedance output of the error ampliners.					
CS1	6	I	Current sense inputs to the PWM comparators. These inputs have leading edge blanking. For					
CS2	11	I	most applications, no input filtering is required. Leading edge blanking disconnects the CS inputs from all internal circuits for the first 55 ns of each PWM cycle. When used with very slow diodes or in other applications where the current sense signal is unusually noisy, a small current-sense R-C filter may be required.					
СТ	2	0	The timing capacitor of the oscillator. Recommended values of CT are between 100 pF and 1 nF. Connect the timing capacitor directly across CT and GND.					
ENABLE2	14	I	A logic input which disables PWM 2 when low. This input has no effect on PWM 1. This input is internally pulled high. In most applications it can be left floating. In unusually noisy applications, the input should be bypassed with a 1-nF ceramic capacitor. This input has TTL compatible thresholds.					
FB1	4 I		The black increases increasing increases of the second second filling					
FB2	13	I	The high impedance inverting inputs of the error amplifiers.					
GND	8	_	To separate noise from the critical control circuits, this part has two different ground connections: GND and PWRGND. GND and PWRGND must be electrically connected together. However, use care to avoid coupling noise into GND.					
OUT1	7	0	The high-current push-pull outputs of the PWM are intended to drive power MOSFET gates					
OUT2	10	0	through a small resistor. This resistor acts as both a current limiting resistor and as a damping impedance to minimize ringing and overshoot.					
PWRGND	9	-	To separate noise from the critical control circuits, this part has two different ground connections: GND and PWRGND. GND and PWRGND must be electrically connected together.					
REF	15	0	The output of the 5-V reference. Bypass REF to GND with a ceramic capacitor $\geq$ 0.01- $\mu F$ for best performance.					
RT	3	0	The oscillator charging current is set by the value of the resistor connected from RT to GND. This pin is regulated to 1 V, but the actual charging current is 10 V/RT. Recommended values of RT are between 10 k $\Omega$ and 470 k $\Omega$ . For a given frequency, higher timing resistors give higher maximum duty cycle and slightly lower overall power consumption.					
SYNC	1	I	This logic input can be used to synchronize the oscillator to a free running oscillator in another part. This pin is edge triggered with TTL thresholds, and requires at least a 10-ns-wide pulse. If unused, this pin can be grounded, open circuited, or connected to REF.					
VCC	16	I	The power input to the device. This pin supplies current to all functions including the high current output stages and the precision reference. Therefore, it is critical that VCC be directly bypassed to PWRGND with an 0.1-µF ceramic capacitor.					

# APPLICATION INFORMATION

## **TIMING RESISTOR**

Supply current decreases with increased  $R_T$  by the relationship:

$$\Delta I_{CC} = \frac{11V}{R_T}$$

For more information, see the detailed oscillator block diagram.

## LEADING EDGE BLANKING AND CURRENT SENSE

Figure 1 shows how an external power stage is connected to the UCC3810. The gate of an external power N-channel MOSFET is connected to OUT through a small current-limiting resistor. For most applications, a  $10-\Omega$  resistor is adequate to limit peak current and also practical at damping resonances between the gate driver and the MOSFET input reactance. Long gate lead length increases gate capacitance and mandates a higher series gate resistor to damp the R-L-C tank formed by the lead, the MOSFET input reactance, and the device's driver output resistance.

The UCC3810 features internal leading edge blanking of the current-sense signal on both current sense inputs. The blank time starts when OUT rises and continues for 55 ns. During that 55 ns period, the signal on CS is ignored. For most PWM applications, this means that the CS input can be connected to the current-sense resistor as shown in Figure 1. However, high speed grounding practices and short lead lengths are still required for good performance.

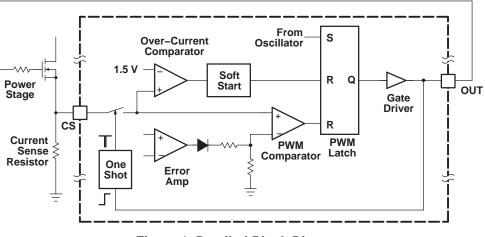


Figure 1. Detailed Block Diagram

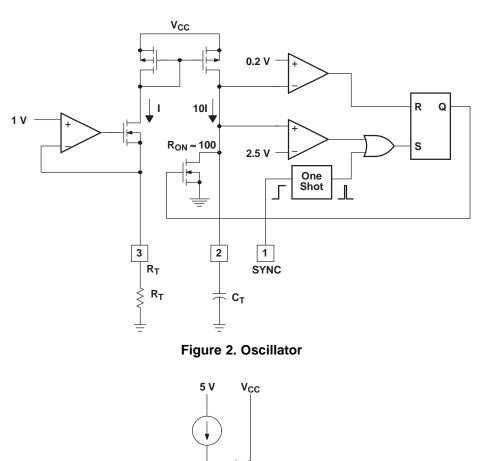
## OSCILLATOR

The UCC3810 oscillator generates a sawtooth wave at CT. The sawtooth rise time is set by the resistor from RT to GND. Since  $R_T$  is biased at 1 V, the current through  $R_T$  is 1 V/ $R_T$ . The actual charging current is 10 times higher. The fall time is set by an internal transistor on-resistance of approximately 100  $\Omega$ . During the fall time, all outputs are off and the maximum duty cycle is reduced to below 50%. Larger timing capacitors increase the discharge time and reduce frequency. However, the percentage maximum duty cycle is only a function of the timing resistor  $R_T$ , and the internal 100- $\Omega$  discharge resistance.

#### ERROR AMPLIFIER OUTPUT STAGE

The UCC3810 error amplifiers are operational amplifiers with low-output resistance and high-input resistance. The output stage of one error amplifier is shown in Figure 3. This output stage allows the error amplifier output to swing close to GND and as high as one diode drop below 5 V with little loss in amplifier performance.

# **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

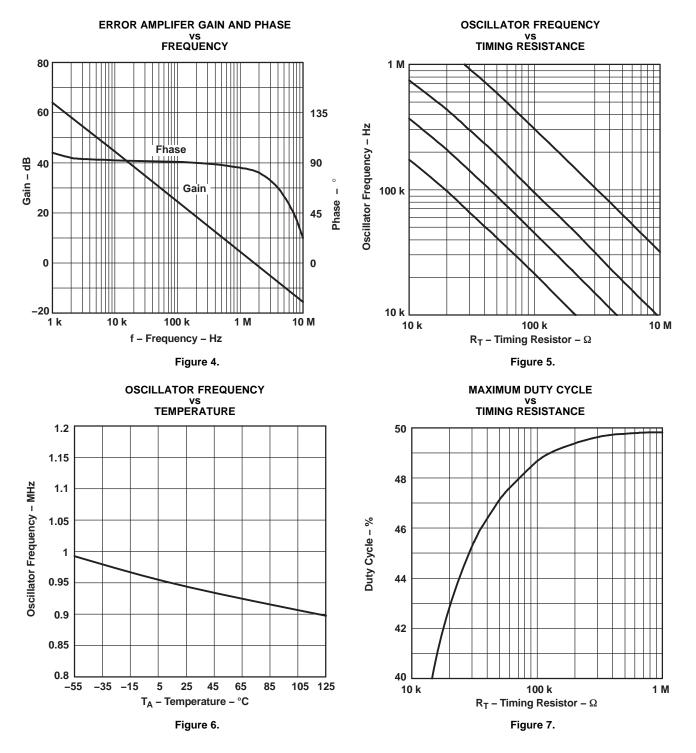




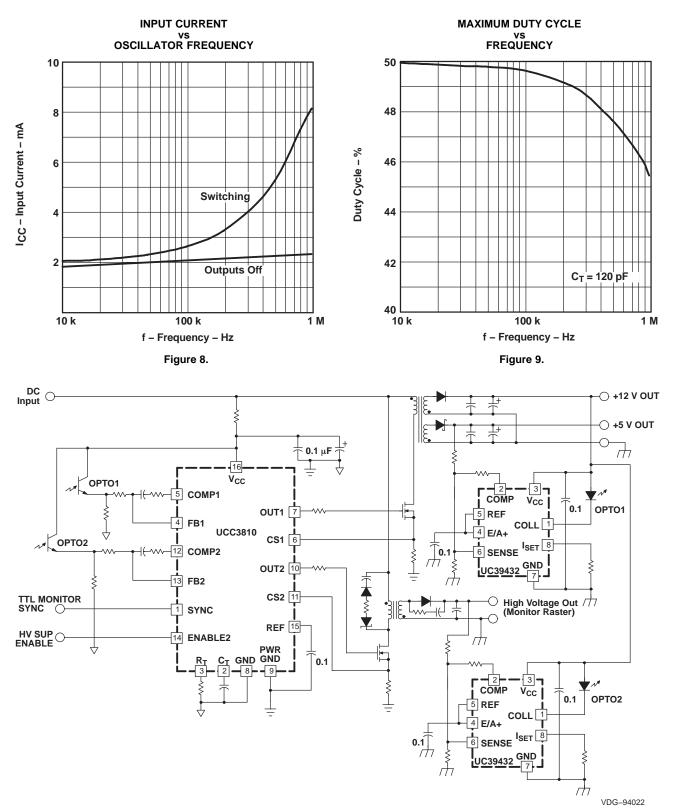
COMP



## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



# **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**





# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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# **TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**





# QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



Device	Package	Package	Pins	SPQ
*All dimensions are nominal				

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
UCC3810DWTR	SOIC	DW	16	2000	330.0	16.4	10.75	10.7	2.7	12.0	16.0	Q1

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

26-Mar-2013



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
UCC3810DWTR	SOIC	DW	16	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0

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