Dual 1:4 Low Additive Jitter LVDS Buffer

Check for Samples: CDCLVD2104

FEATURES

- **Dual 1:4 Differential Buffer**
- **Low Additive Jitter <300 fs, RMS in 10 kHz to 20 MHz**
- **Low Within Bank Output Skew of 35ps (Max)**
- **Universal Inputs Accept LVDS, LVPECL, LVCMOS**
- **One Input Dedicated for Four Output Buffers**
- **8 LVDS Outputs, ANSI EIA/TIA-644A Standard Compatible**
- **Clock Frequency up to 800 MHz**
- **2.375–2.625V Device Power Supply**
- **LVDS Reference Voltage, V_{AC_REF}, Available for Capacitive Coupled Inputs**
- **Industrial Temperature Range –40°C to 85°C**
- **Packaged in 5mm × 5mm 28-Pin QFN (RHD)**
- **ESD Protection Exceeds 3 kV HBM, 1 kV CDM**

APPLICATIONS

- **Telecommunications/Networking**
- **Medical Imaging**
- **Test and Measurement Equipment**
- **Wireless Communications**
- **General Purpose Clocking**

DESCRIPTION

The CDCLVD2104 clock buffer distributes two clock inputs (IN0, IN1) to a total of 8 pairs of differential LVDS clock outputs (OUT0, OUT7). Each buffer block consists of one input and 4 LVDS outputs. The inputs can either be LVDS, LVPECL, or LVCMOS.

The CDCLVD2104 is specifically designed for driving 50-Ω transmission lines. If the input is in single ended mode, the appropriate bias voltage (V_{AC_REF}) should be applied to the unused negative input pin.

Using the control pin (EN), outputs can be either disabled or enabled. If the EN pin is left open two buffers with all outputs are enabled, if switched to a logical "0" both buffers with all outputs are disabled (static logical “0”), if switched to a logical "1", one buffer with four outputs is disabled and another buffer with four outputs is enabled. The part supports a fail safe function. It incorporates an input hysteresis, which prevents random oscillation of the outputs in absence of an input signal.

The device operates in 2.5V supply environment and is characterized from –40°C to 85°C (ambient temperature). The CDCLVD2104 is packaged in small 28-pin, 5-mm × 5-mm QFN package.

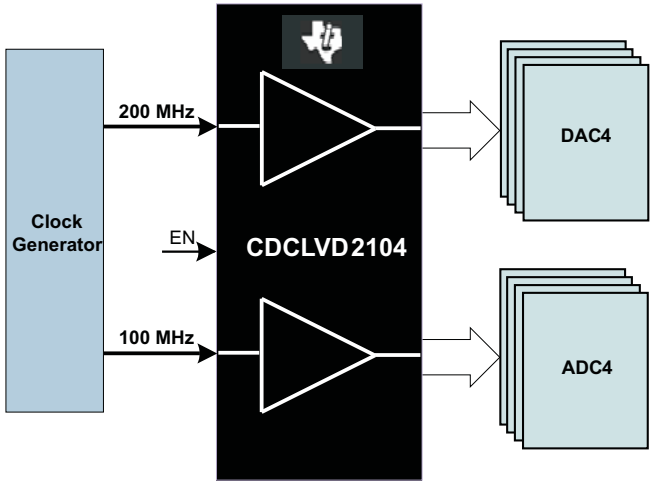


Figure 1. Application Example

These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

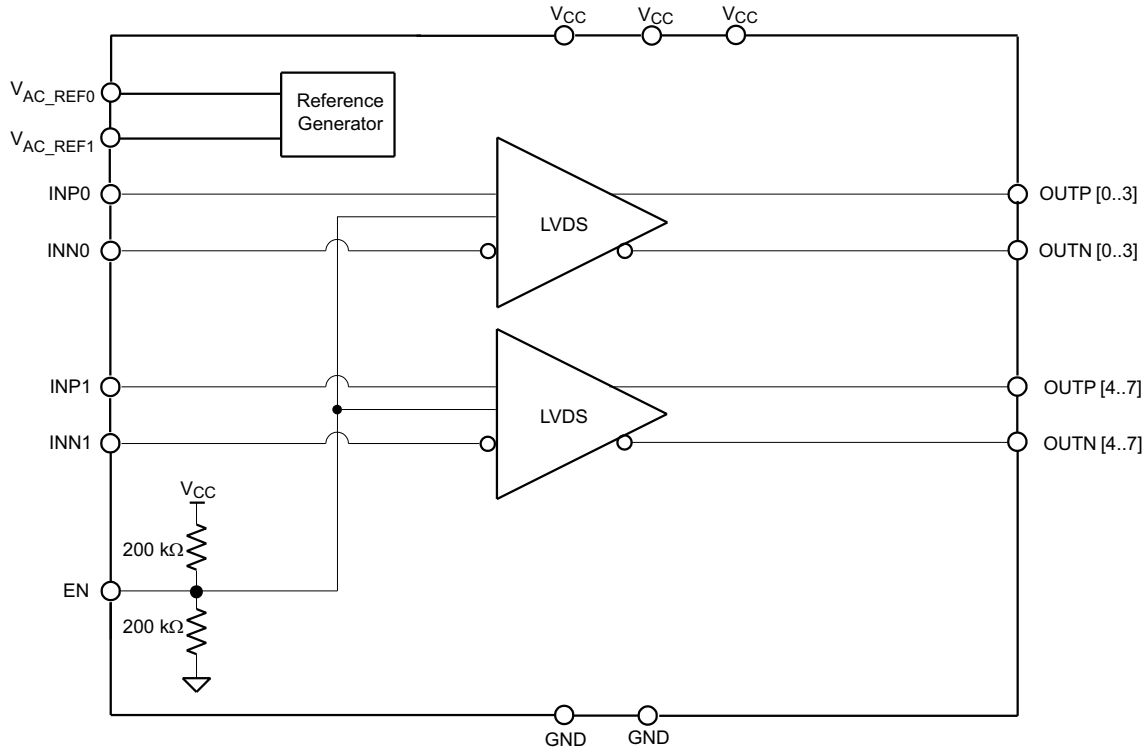
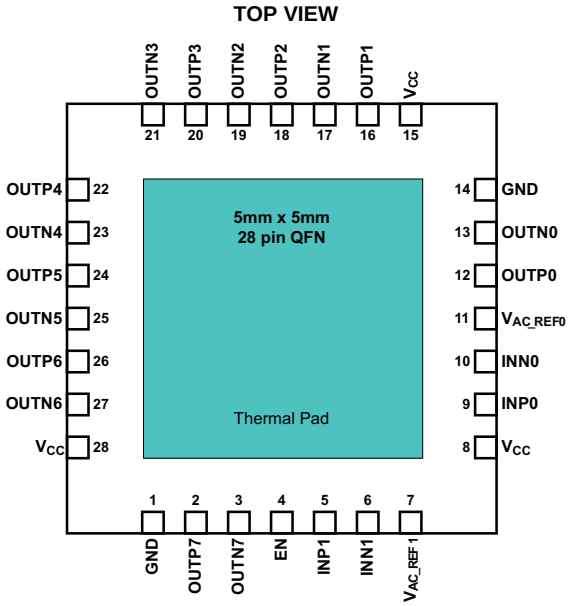


Figure 2. CDCLVD2104 Block Diagram



PIN FUNCTIONS

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	NO.			
VCC	8,15,28	Power	2.5V supplies for the device	
GND	1,14	Ground	Device ground	
INP0, INN0	9,10	Input	Differential input pair or single ended input	
INP1, INN1	5,6	Input	Differential redundant input pair or single ended input	
OUTP0, OUTN0	12,13	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 0	INP0/INN0 is the input
OUTP1, OUTN1	16,17	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 1	
OUTP2, OUTN2	18,19	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 2	
OUTP3, OUTN3	20,21	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 3	
OUTP4, OUTN4	22,23	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 4	INP1/INN1 is the input
OUTP5, OUTN5	24,25	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 5	
OUTP6, OUTN6	26,27	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 6	
OUTP7, OUTN7	2,3	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 7	
V_{AC_REF0}	11	Output	Bias voltage output for capacitive coupled inputs. If used, it is recommended to use a 0.1µF to GND on this pin.	
V_{AC_REF1}	7	Output	Bias voltage output for capacitive coupled inputs. If used, it is recommended to use a 0.1µF to GND on this pin.	
EN	4	Input with an internal 200kΩ pull-up and pull-down	Control pin – enables or disables the outputs, (See Table 1)	
Thermal Pad			See thermal management recommendations	

Table 1. Output Control Table

EN	CLOCK OUTPUTS
0	All outputs disabled (static "0")
OPEN	All outputs enabled
1	OUT0, OUT3 enabled and OUT4, OUT7 disabled (static "0")

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		VALUE / UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage range	–0.3 to 2.8 V
V_I	Input voltage range	–0.2 to (V_{CC} + 0.2) V
V_O	Output voltage range	–0.2 to (V_{CC} + 0.2) V
I_{OSD}	Driver short circuit current	See Note (2)
ESD	Electrostatic discharge (HBM, 1.5 kΩ, 100 pF)	>3000 V

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute–maximum–rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) The outputs can handle permanent short.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V_{CC}	Device supply voltage	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
T_A	Ambient temperature	-40		85	°C

THERMAL INFORMATION

THERMAL METRIC(1)		CDCLVD2104 QFN 28 PINS	UNITS
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	34	°C/W
$\theta_{JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance	27	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	9	
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.4	
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	8	
$\theta_{JC(bottom)}$	Junction-to-case(bottom) thermal resistance	4	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, SPRA953.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At V_{CC} = 2.375 V to 2.625 V and T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted).

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
EN CONTROL INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Vd_{I3}	3-State	Open		0.5×V_{CC}		V
Vd_{IH}	Input high voltage		0.7×V_{CC}			V
Vd_{IL}	Input low voltage				0.2×V_{CC}	V
Id_{IH}	Input high current	V_{CC} = 2.625 V, V_{IH} = 2.625 V			30	µA
Id_{IL}	Input low current	V_{CC} = 2.625 V, V_{IL} = 0 V			–30	µA
$R_{pull(EN)}$	Input pull-up/ pull-down resistor			200		kΩ
2.5V LVCMOS (see Figure 7) INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
f_{IN}	Input frequency				200	MHz
V_{th}	Input threshold voltage	External threshold voltage applied to complementary input	1.1		1.5	V
V_{IH}	Input high voltage		V_{th} + 0.1		V_{CC}	V
V_{IL}	Input low voltage		0		V_{th} – 0.1	V
I_{IH}	Input high current	V_{CC} = 2.625 V, V_{IH} = 2.625 V			10	µA
I_{IL}	Input low current	V_{CC} = 2.625 V, V_{IL} = 0 V			–10	µA
ΔV/ΔT	Input edge rate	20% – 80%	1.5			V/ns
C_{IN}	Input capacitance			2.5		pF
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
f_{IN}	Input frequency	Clock input			800	MHz
$V_{IN, DIFF}$	Differential input voltage peak-to-peak	V_{ICM} = 1.25 V	0.3		1.6	V_{PP}
V_{ICM}	Input common-mode voltage range	$V_{IN, DIFF, PP}$ > 0.4V	1		V_{CC} – 0.3	V
I_{IH}	Input high current	V_{CC} = 2.625 V, V_{IH} = 2.625 V			10	µA
I_{IL}	Input low current	V_{CC} = 2.625 V, V_{IL} = 0 V			–10	µA
ΔV/ΔT	Input edge rate	20% to 80%	0.75			V/ns
C_{IN}	Input capacitance			2.5		pF

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

At V_{CC} = 2.375 V to 2.625 V and T_A = –40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted).

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
LVDS OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
$\|V_{OD}\|$	Differential output voltage magnitude	$V_{IN, DIFF, PP}$ = 0.3 V,R_L = 100 Ω	250		450	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in differential output voltage magnitude		–15		15	mV
$V_{OC(SS)}$	Steady-state common mode output voltage		1.1		1.375	V
$\Delta V_{OC(SS)}$	Steady-state common mode output voltage	$V_{IN, DIFF, PP}$ = 0.6 V,R_L = 100 Ω	–15		15	mV
V_{ring}	Output overshoot and undershoot	Percentage of output amplitude V_{OD}			10%	
V_{OS}	Output ac common mode	$V_{IN, DIFF, PP}$ = 0.6 V, R_L = 100 Ω		40	70	mV_{PP}
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current	V_{OD} = 0 V			±24	mA
t_{PD}	Propagation delay	$V_{IN, DIFF, PP}$ = 0.3 V		1.5	2.5	ns
$t_{SK, PP}$	Part-to-part skew				600	ps
t_{SK, O_WB}	Within bank output skew				35	ps
t_{SK,O_BB}	Bank-to-bank output skew	both inputs are phase aligned			100	ps
$t_{SK,P}$	Pulse skew(with 50% duty cycle input)	Crossing-point-to-crossing-point distortion	–50		50	ps
t_{RJIT}	Random additive jitter (with 50% duty cycle input)	Edge speed 0.75V/ns 10 kHz – 20 MHz			0.3	ps, RMS
t_R/t_F	Output rise/fall time	20% to 80%,100 Ω, 5 pF	50		300	ps
I_{CCSTAT}	Static supply current	Outputs unterminated, f = 0 Hz		27	45	mA
I_{CC100}	Supply current	All outputs, R_L = 100 Ω, f = 100 MHz		74	108	mA
I_{CC800}	Supply current	All outputs, R_L = 100 Ω, f = 800 MHz		108	144	mA
V_{AC_REF} CHARACTERISTICS						
V_{AC_REF}	Reference output voltage	V_{CC} = 2.5 V, I_{load} = 100 µA	1.1	1.25	1.35	V

Typical Additive Phase Noise Characteristics for 100 MHz Clock

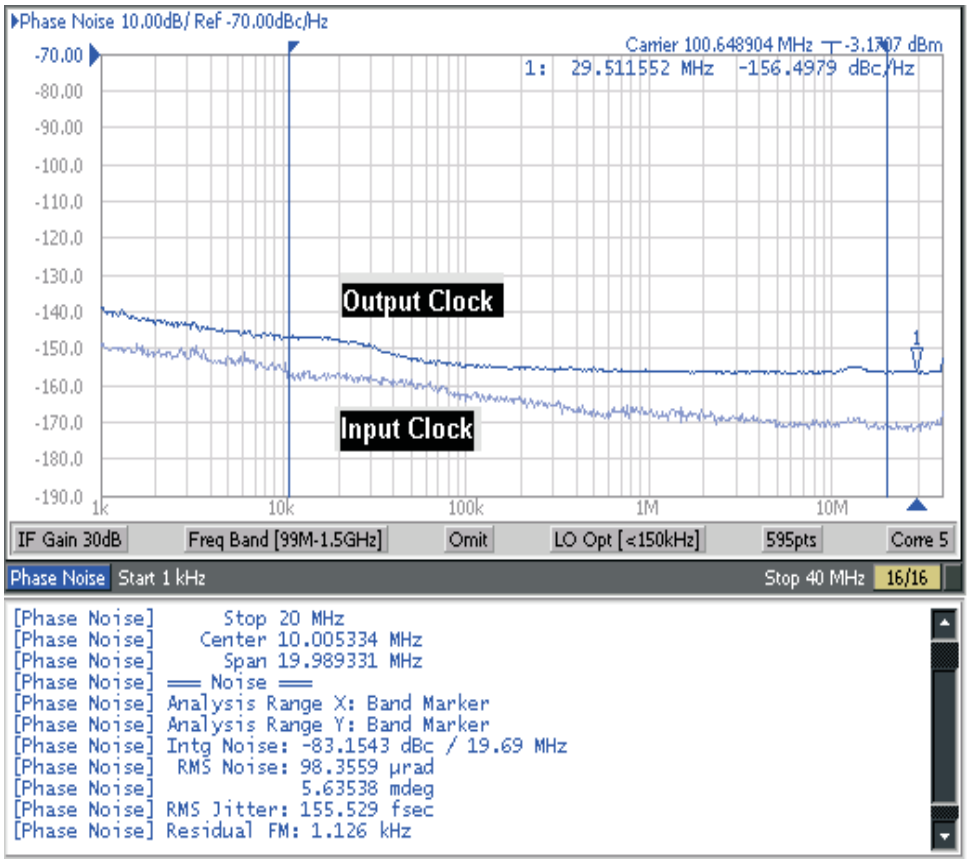
PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
phn_{100}	Phase noise at 100 Hz offset		-132.9		dBc/Hz
phn_{1k}	Phase noise at 1 kHz offset		-138.8		dBc/Hz
phn_{10k}	Phase noise at 10 kHz offset		-147.4		dBc/Hz
phn_{100k}	Phase noise at 100 kHz offset		-153.6		dBc/Hz
phn_{1M}	Phase noise at 1 MHz offset		-155.2		dBc/Hz
phn_{10M}	Phase noise at 10 MHz offset		-156.2		dBc/Hz
phn_{20M}	Phase noise at 20 MHz offset		-156.6		dBc/Hz
t_{RJIT}	Random additive jitter from 10 kHz to 20 MHz		171		fs, RMS

Typical Additive Phase Noise Characteristics for 737.27 MHz Clock

PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
phn_{100}	Phase noise at 100 Hz offset		-80.2		dBc/Hz
phn_{1k}	Phase noise at 1 kHz offset		-114.3		dBc/Hz
phn_{10k}	Phase noise at 10 kHz offset		-138		dBc/Hz
phn_{100k}	Phase noise at 100 kHz offset		-143.9		dBc/Hz
phn_{1M}	Phase noise at 1 MHz offset		-145.2		dBc/Hz
phn_{10M}	Phase noise at 10 MHz offset		-146.5		dBc/Hz
phn_{20M}	Phase noise at 20 MHz offset		-146.6		dBc/Hz
t_{RJIT}	Random additive jitter from 10 kHz to 20 MHz		65		fs, RMS

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INPUT CLOCK AND OUTPUT CLOCK PHASE NOISES
vs
FREQUENCY FROM THE CARRIER (T_A = 25°C and V_{CC} = 2.5V)



Input clock RMS jitter is 32 fs from 10 kHz to 20 MHz and additive RMS jitter is 152 fs

Figure 3. 100 MHz Input and Output Phase Noise Plot

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Differential Output Voltage vs Frequency

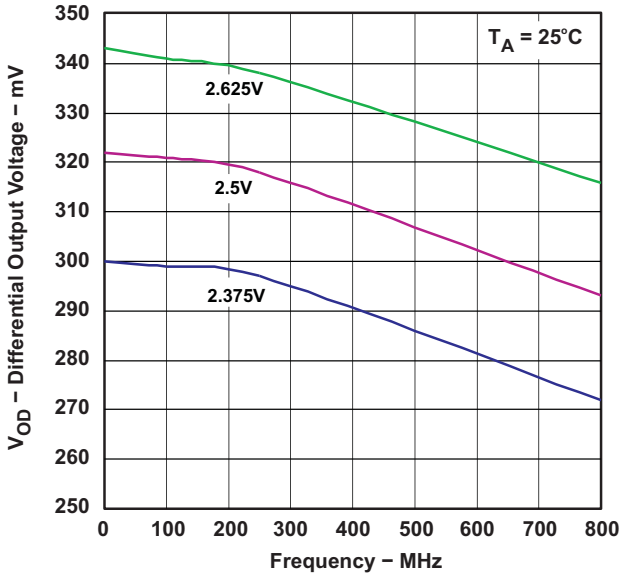


Figure 4.

TEST CONFIGURATIONS

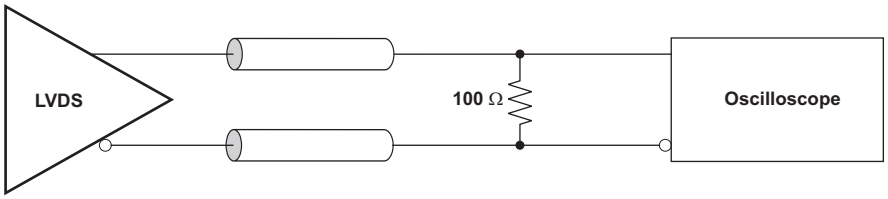


Figure 5. LVDS Output DC Configuration During Device Test

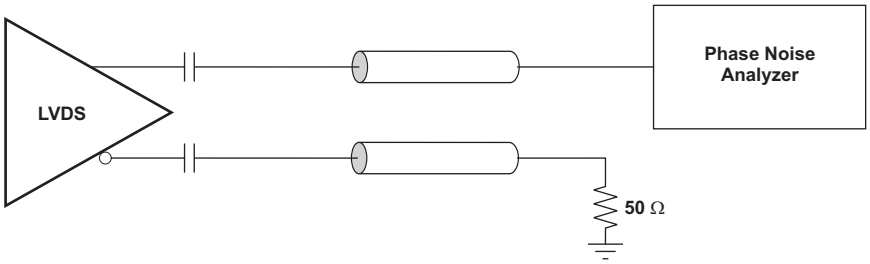


Figure 6. LVDS Output AC Configuration During Device Test

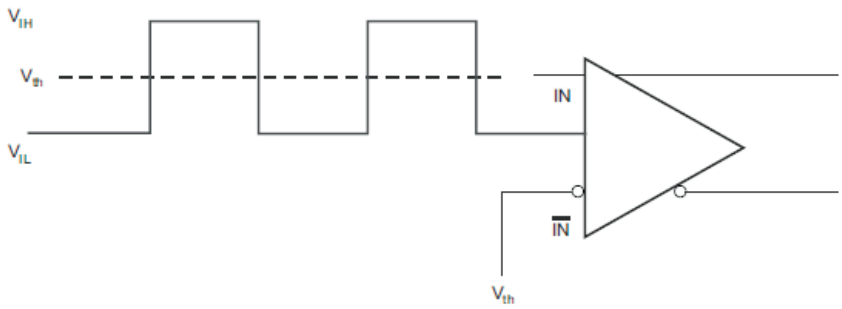


Figure 7. DC Coupled LVCMOS Input During Device Test

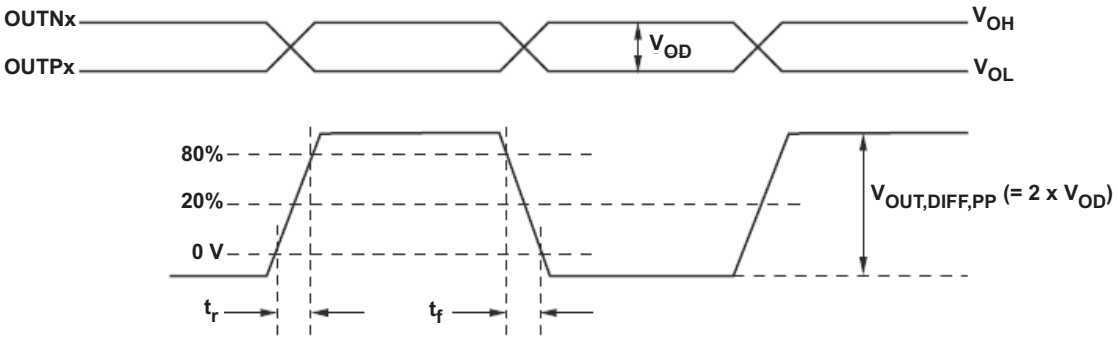
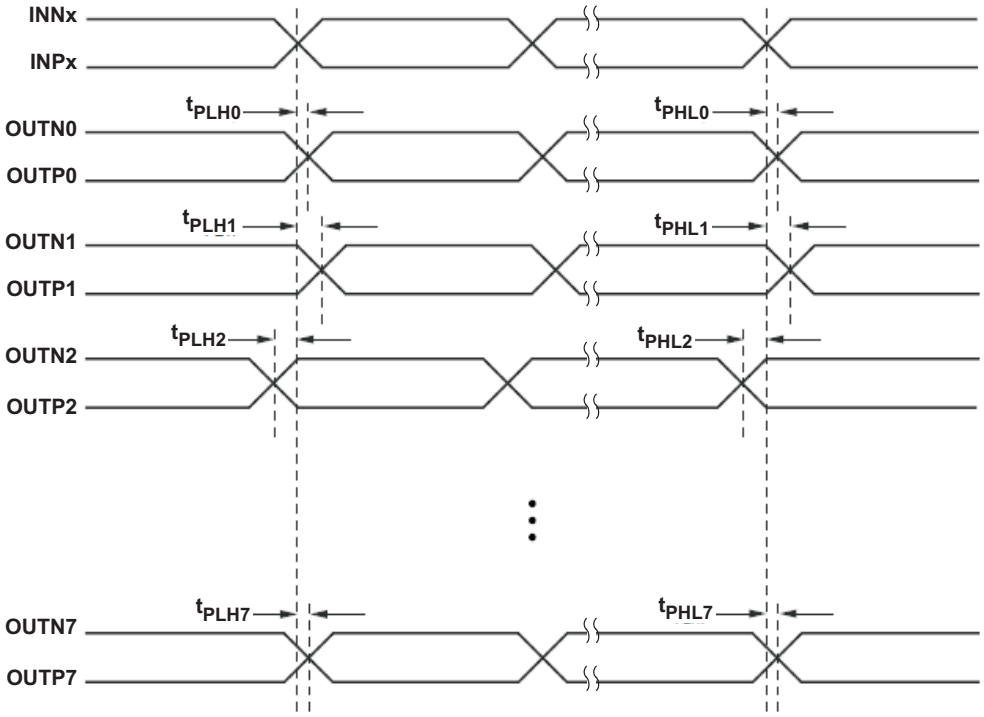


Figure 8. Output Voltage and Rise/Fall Time



A. Output skew is calculated as the greater of the following: As the difference between the fastest and the slowest t_{PLHn} or the difference between the fastest and the slowest t_{PHLn} (n = 0, 1, 2, ..7).

B. Part-to-part skew is calculated as the greater of the following: As the difference between the fastest and the slowest t_{PLHn} or the difference between the fastest and the slowest t_{PHLn} across multiple devices (n = 0, 1, 2, ..7).

C. Both inputs (IN0 and IN1) are phase aligned.

Figure 9. Output Skew and Part-to-Part Skew

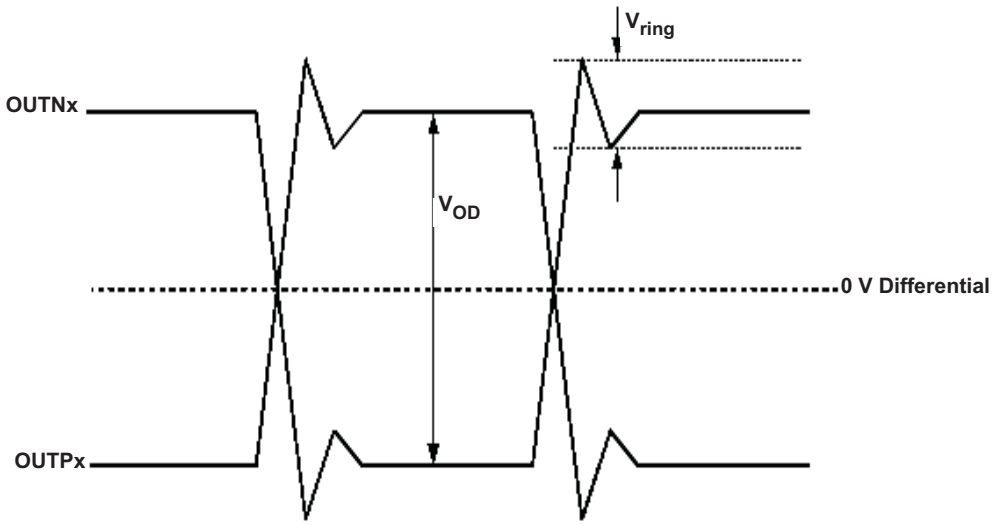


Figure 10. Output Overshoot and Undershoot

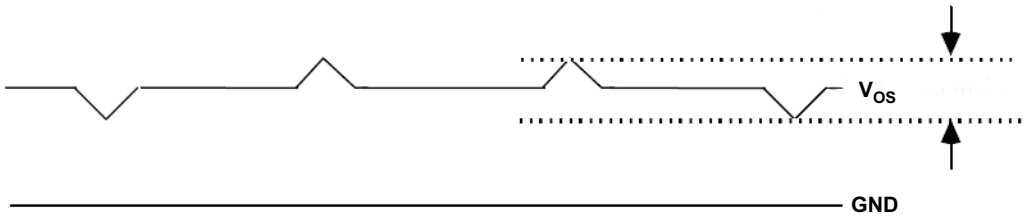


Figure 11. Output AC Common Mode

APPLICATION INFORMATION

THERMAL MANAGEMENT

For reliability and performance reasons, the die temperature should be limited to a maximum of 125°C.

The device package has an exposed pad that provides the primary heat removal path to the printed circuit board (PCB). To maximize the heat dissipation from the package, a thermal landing pattern including multiple vias to a ground plane must be incorporated into the PCB within the footprint of the package. The Thermal Pad must be soldered down to ensure adequate heat conduction to of the package. Figure 12 shows a recommended land and via pattern.

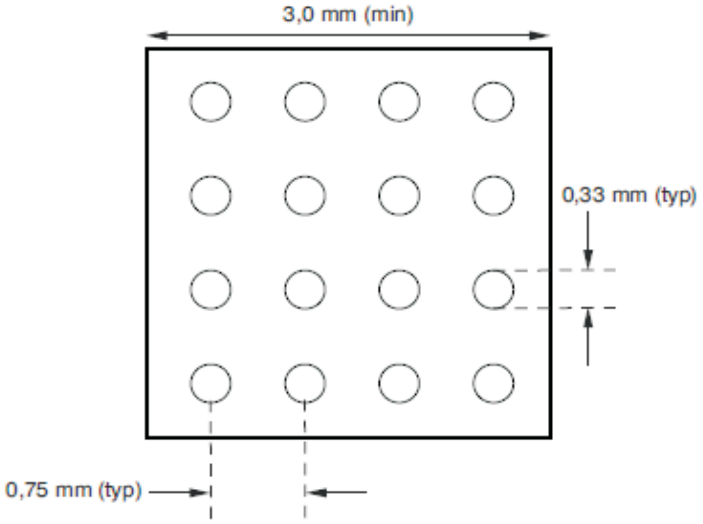


Figure 12. Recommended PCB Layout

POWER-SUPPLY FILTERING

High-performance clock buffers are sensitive to noise on the power supply, which can dramatically increase the additive jitter of the buffer. Thus, it is essential to reduce noise from the system power supply, especially when jitter/phase noise is critical to applications.

Filter capacitors are used to eliminate the low-frequency noise from the power supply, where the bypass capacitors provide the very low impedance path for high-frequency noise and guard the power-supply system against the induced fluctuations. These bypass capacitors also provide instantaneous current surges as required by the device and should have low equivalent series resistance (ESR). To properly use the bypass capacitors, they must be placed very close to the power-supply pins and laid out with short loops to minimize inductance. It is recommended to add as many high-frequency (for example, 0.1 μF) bypass capacitors as there are supply pins in the package. It is recommended, but not required, to insert a ferrite bead between the board power supply

and the chip power supply that isolates the high-frequency switching noises generated by the clock driver; these beads prevent the switching noise from leaking into the board supply. Choose an appropriate ferrite bead with very low dc resistance because it is imperative to provide adequate isolation between the board supply and the chip supply, as well as to maintain a voltage at the supply pins that is greater than the minimum voltage required for proper operation.

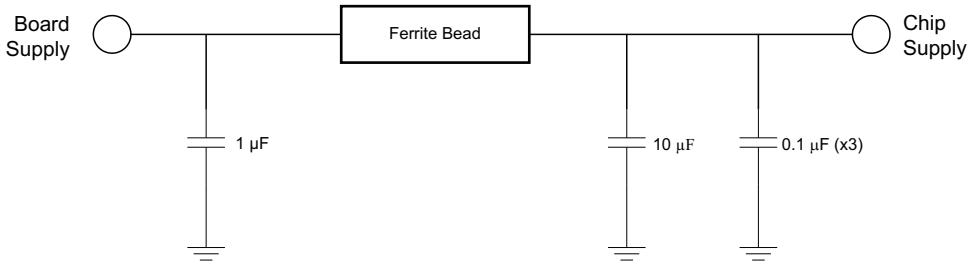


Figure 13. Power-Supply Decoupling

LVDS OUTPUT TERMINATION

The proper LVDS termination for signal integrity over two 50 Ω lines is 100 Ω between the outputs on the receiver end. Either dc-coupled termination or ac-coupled termination can be used for LVDS outputs. It is recommended to place termination resister close to the receiver. If the receiver is internally biased to a voltage different than the output common mode voltage of the CDCLVD2104, ac-coupling should be used. If the LVDS receiver has internal 100 ohm termination, external termination must be omitted.

Unused outputs can be left open without connecting any trace to the output pins.

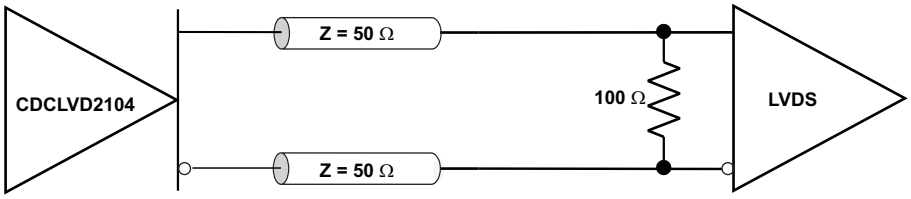


Figure 14. LVDS Output DC Termination

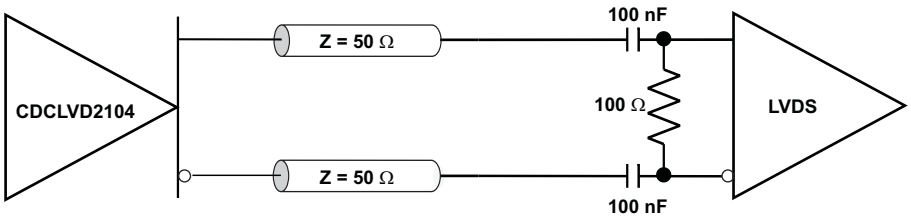


Figure 15. LVDS Output AC Termination With Receiver Internally Biased

INPUT TERMINATION

The CDCLVD2104 inputs can be interfaced with LVDS, LVPECL, or LVCMOS drivers.

LVDS Driver can be connected to CDCLVD2104 inputs with dc or ac coupling as shown Figure 16 and Figure 17, respectively.

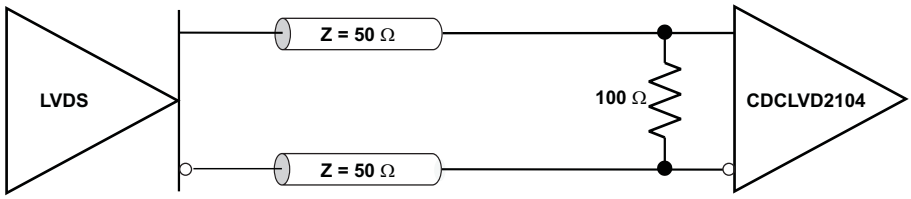


Figure 16. LVDS Clock Driver Connected to CDCLVD2104 Input (AC Coupled)

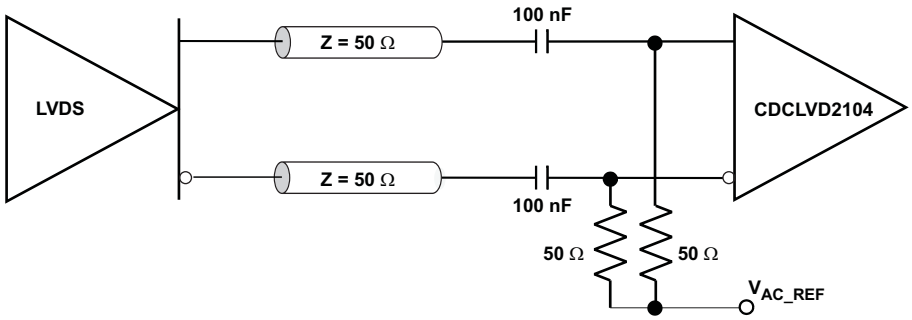


Figure 17. LVDS Clock Driver Connected to CDCLVD2104 Input (DC Coupled)

Figure 18 shows how to connect LVPECL inputs to the CDCLVD2104. The series resistors are required to reduce the LVPECL signal swing if the signal swing is >1.6 V_{PP}.

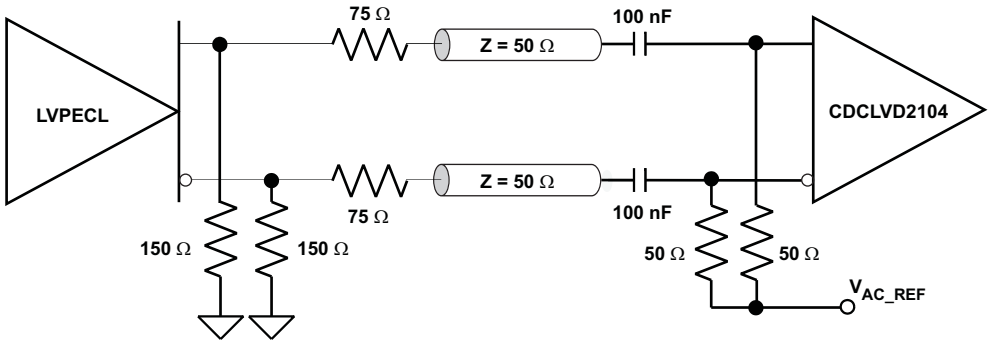


Figure 18. LVPECL Clock Driver Connected to CDCLVD2104 Input

Figure 19 illustrates how to couple a 2.5 V LVCMOS clock input to the CDCLVD2104 directly. The series resistance (R_S) should be placed close to the LVCMOS driver if needed. 3.3 V LVCMOS clock input swing needs to be limited to $V_{IH} \leq V_{CC}$.

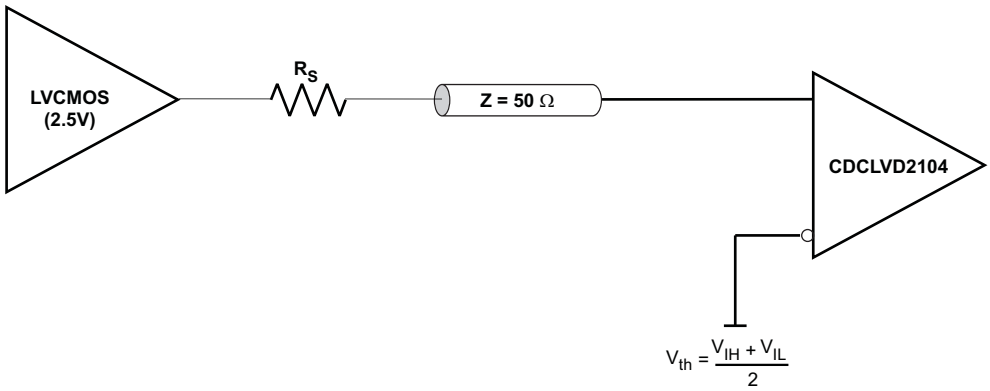


Figure 19. 2.5V LVCMOS Clock Driver Connected to CDCLVD2104 Input

If one of the input buffers is used, the other buffer should be disabled through the EN pin, and unused input pins should be grounded by 1 kΩ resistors.

REVISION HISTORY

Changes from Original (June 2010) to Revision A	Page
• Changed the data sheet from Product Preview to Production	1

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings (4)	Samples
CDCLVD2104RHDR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHD	28	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	CDCLVD 2104	Samples
CDCLVD2104RHDT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHD	28	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	CDCLVD 2104	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

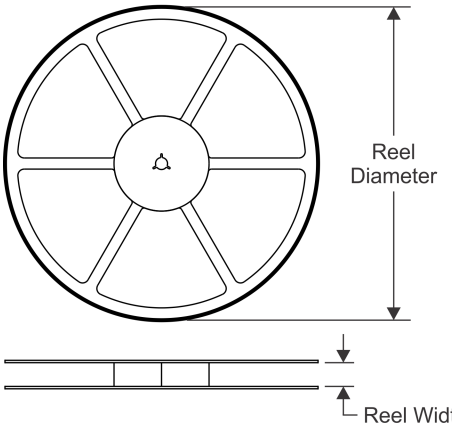
(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.
TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.
Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.
Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.
Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

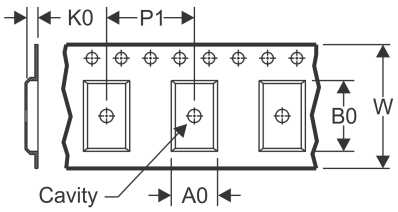
(4) Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

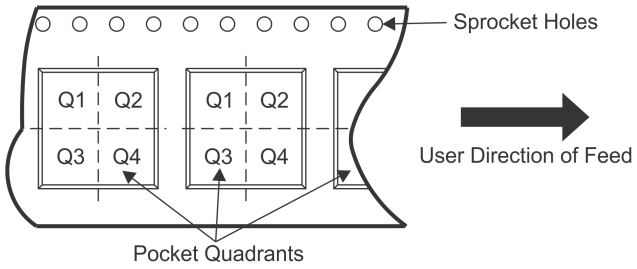


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

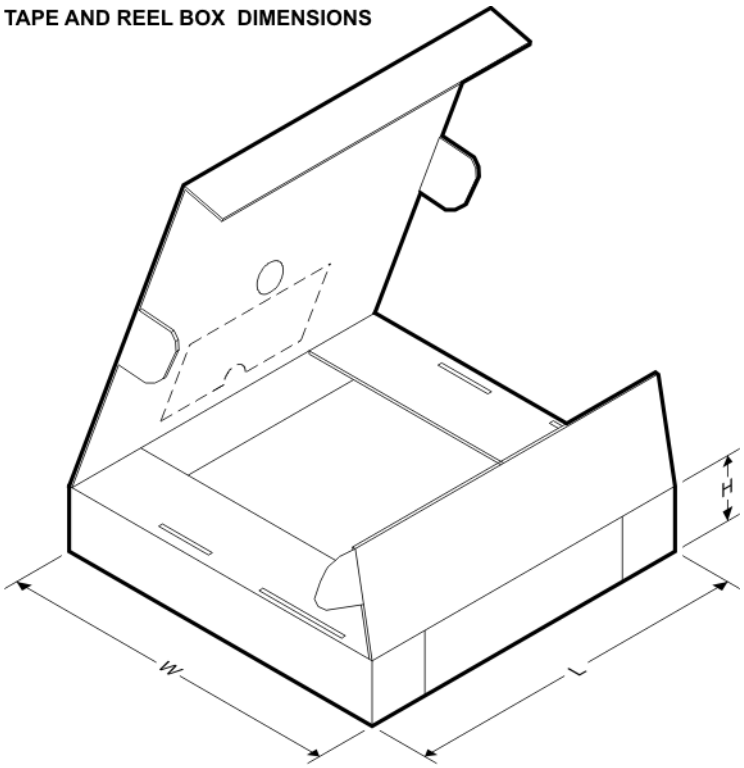
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
CDCLVD2104RHDR	VQFN	RHD	28	3000	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.5	8.0	12.0	Q2
CDCLVD2104RHDT	VQFN	RHD	28	250	180.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.5	8.0	12.0	Q2

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
CDCLVD2104RHDR	VQFN	RHD	28	3000	336.6	336.6	28.6
CDCLVD2104RHDT	VQFN	RHD	28	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

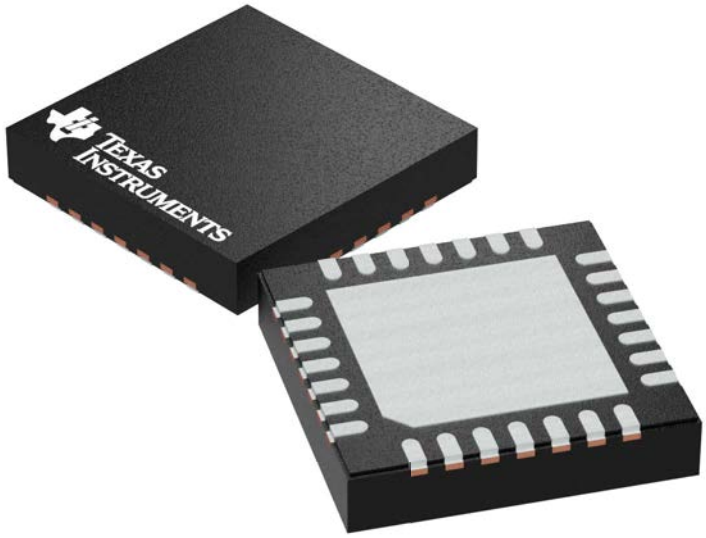
GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

RHD 28

VQFN - 1 mm max height

5 x 5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch

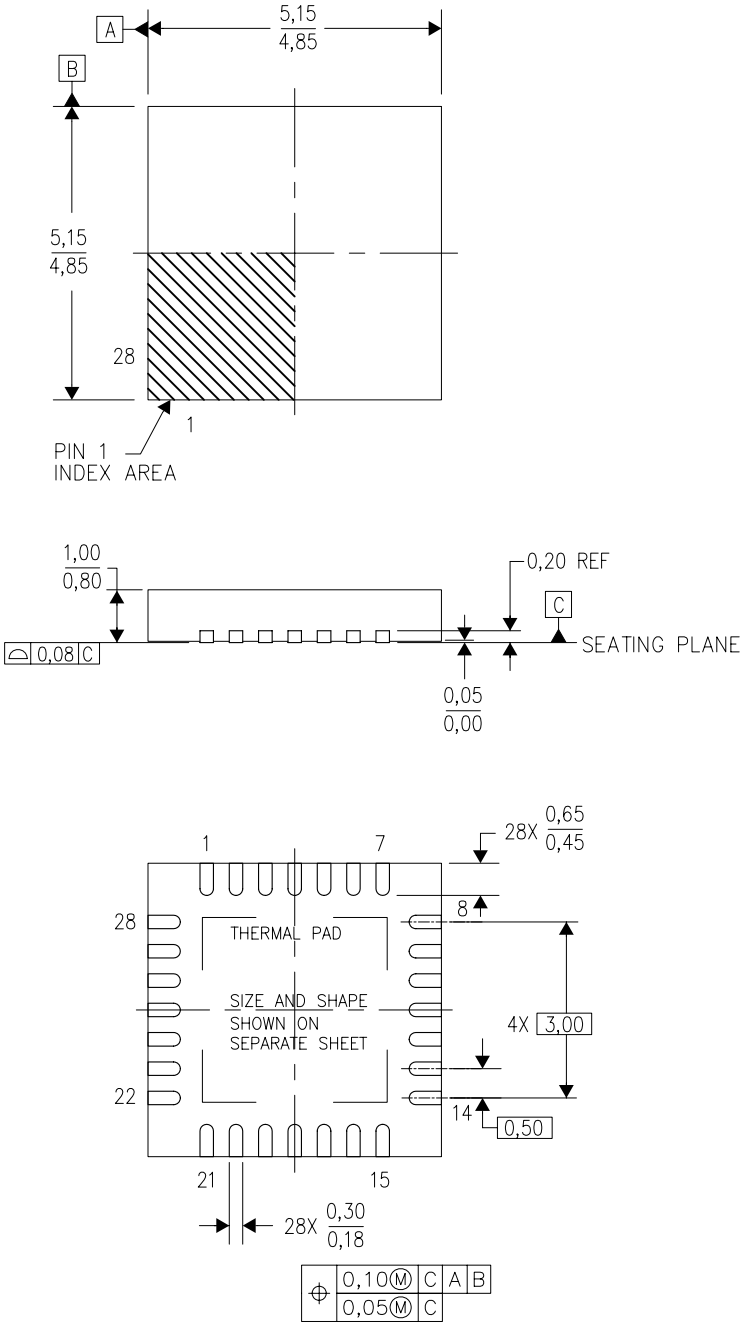
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4204400/G

RHD (S–PVQFN–N28) PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO–LEAD



4204400/F 09/11

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M–1994.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No–Lead) Package configuration.
D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
F. Falls within JEDEC MO–220.

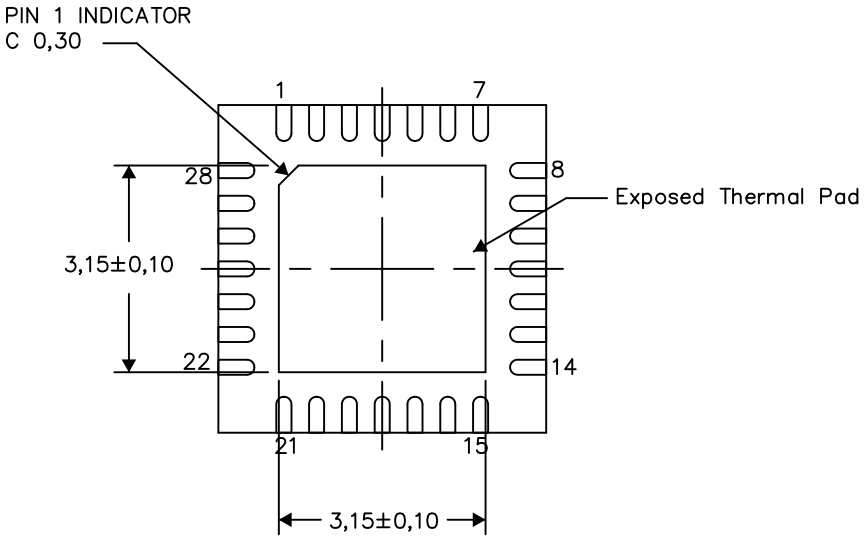
RHD (S–PVQFN–N28) PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO–LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No–Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



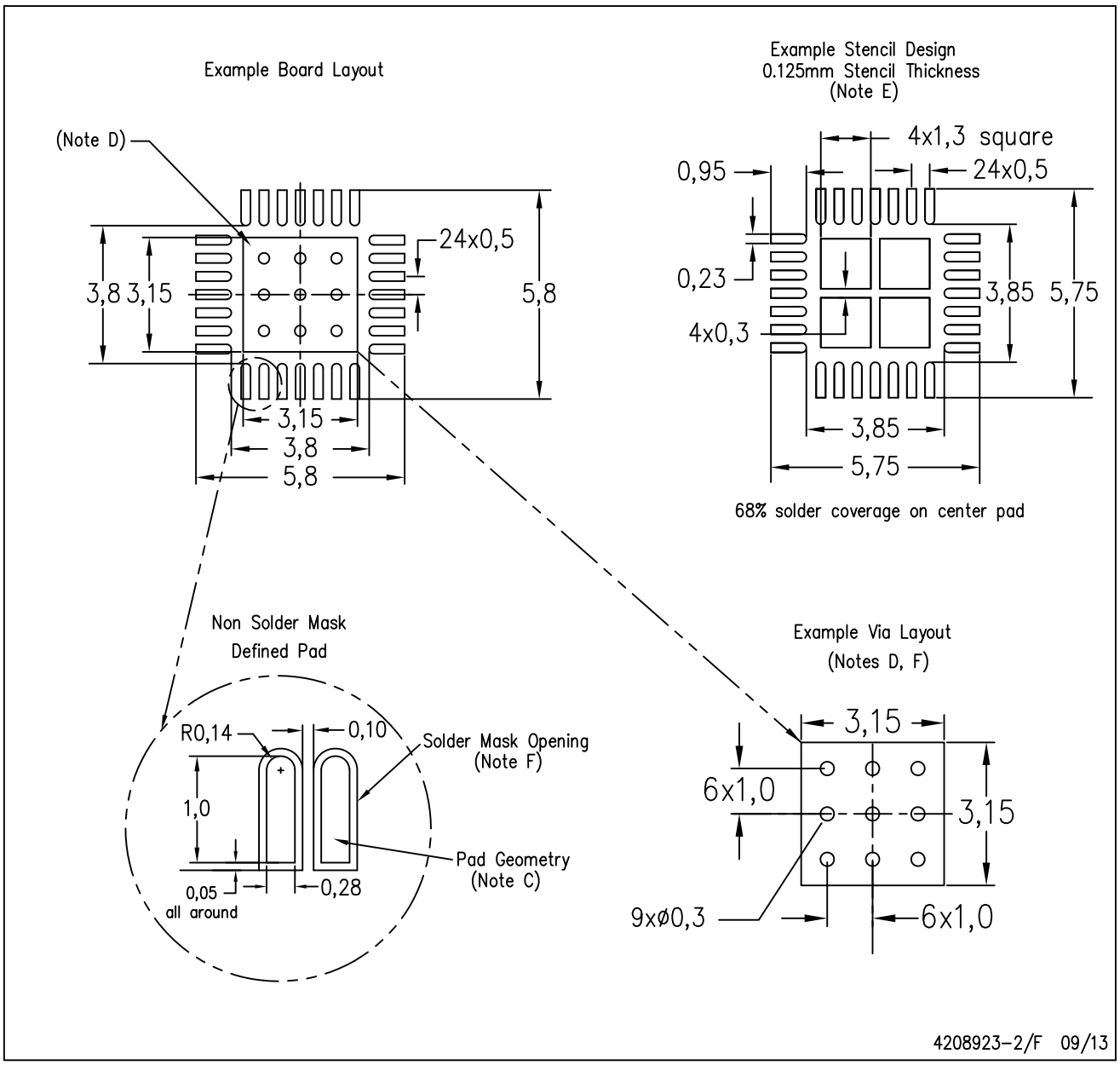
Bottom View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206358–2/L 05/15

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters

RHD (S–PVQFN–N28) PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO–LEAD



NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC–7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat–Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <http://www.ti.com>.
E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances and via tenting recommendations for vias placed in thermal pad.

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