

LMH6609 900MHz Voltage Feedback Op Amp

Check for Samples: LMH6609

FEATURES

- 900MHz -3dB bandwidth (A_V = 1)
- Large signal bandwidth and slew rate 100% tested
- 280MHz \neg 3dB bandwidth (A_V = +2, V_{OUT} = 2V_{PP})
- 90mA linear output current
- 1400V/µs slew rate
- · Unity gain stable
- <1mV input Offset voltage
- 7mA Supply current (no load)
- 6.6V to 12V supply voltage range
- 0.01%/0.026° differential gain/phase PAL
- 3.1nV√Hz voltage noise
- Improved replacement for CLC440, CL420, CL426

APPLICATIONS

- Test equipment
- IF/RF amplifier
- A/D Input driver
- Active filter
- Integrator
- DAC output buffer
- TI's Transimpedance amplifier

DESCRIPTION

The LMH6609 is an ultra wideband, unity gain stable, low power, voltage feedback op amp that offers 900MHz bandwidth at a gain of 1, 1400V/µs slew rate and 90mA of linear output current.

The LMH6609 is designed with voltage feedback architecture for maximum flexibility especially for active filters and integrators. The LMH6609 has balanced, symmetrical inputs with well-matched bias currents and minimal offset voltage.

With Differential Gain of 0.01% and Differential Phase of 0.026° the LMH6609 is suited for video applications. The 90mA of linear output current makes the LMH6609 suitable for multiple video loads and cable driving applications as well.

The supply voltage is specified at 6.6V and 10V. A low supply current of 7mA (at 10V supply) makes the LMH6609 useful in a wide variety of platforms, including portable or remote equipment that must run from battery power.

The LMH6609 is available in the industry standard 8-pin SOIC package and in the space-saving 5-pin SOT-23 package. The LMH6609 is specified for operation over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range. The LMH6609 is manufactured in state-of-the-art VIP10™ technology for high performance.

Typical Application

$$K = 1 + \frac{R_F}{R_G}$$
 $Q = \frac{m}{1 + m^2(2 - K)}$ $\omega_o = \frac{1}{mRC}$

Q, K ARE UNITLESS. $\omega_{\rm O}$ IS RELATED TO BANDWIDTH AND IS IN UNITS OF RADIANS/SEC. DIVIDE $\omega_{\rm O}$ BY 2π TO GET IT IN Hz. REFER TO OA-26 FOR MORE INFORMATION.

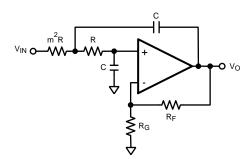


Figure 1. Sallen Key Low Pass Filter with Equal C Value

M

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

VIP10 is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.





These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)

V _S (V ⁺ - V ⁻)	±6.6V
Гоит	(2)
Common Mode Input Voltage	V+ to V-
Maximum Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	−65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature Range	+300°C
ESD Tolerance (3)	
Human Body Model	2000V
Machine Model	200V

- (1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional. For specifications, see the Electrical Characteristics tables.
- (2) The maximum output current (I_{OUT}) is determined by device power dissipation limitations. See the Power Dissipation section of the Application Section for more details.
- (3) Human body model, $1.5k\Omega$ in series with 100pF. Machine model, 0Ω In series with 200pF.

Operating Ratings (1)

Thermal Resistance	Package	(θ_{JC})	(θ_{JA})
	8-Pin SOIC	65°C/W	145°C/W
	5-Pin SOT23	120°C/W	187°C/W
Operating Temperature		-40°C	+85°C
Nominal Supply Voltage (2)		±3.3V	±6V

⁽¹⁾ The maximum output current (I_{OUT}) is determined by device power dissipation limitations. See the Power Dissipation section of the Application Section for more details.

±5V Electrical Characteristics

Unless specified, A_V = +2, R_F = 250 Ω : V_S = ±5V, R_L = 100 Ω ; unless otherwise specified. **Boldface** limits apply over temperature Range. ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units				
Frequency Domain Response										
SSBW	-3dB Bandwidth	$V_{OUT} = 0.5V_{PP}$		260		MHz				
LSBW	-3dB Bandwidth	$V_{OUT} = 4.0V_{PP}$	150	170		MHz				
SSBWG1	−3dB Bandwidth A _V = 1	$V_{OUT} = 0.25V_{PP}$		900		MHz				
GFP	.1dB Bandwidth	Gain is Flat to .1dB		130		MHz				
DG	Differential Gain	$R_L = 150\Omega, 4.43MHz$		0.01		%				
DP	Differential Phase	$R_L = 150\Omega, 4.43MHz$		0.026		deg				
Time Doma	ain Response	•	·	•		•				
TRS	Rise and Fall Time	1V Step		1.6		ns				
TRL		4V Step		2.6		ns				
t _s	Settling Time to 0.05%	2V Step		15		ns				
SR	Slew Rate	4V Step (2)	1200	1400		V/µs				

⁽¹⁾ Electrical Table values apply only for factory testing conditions at the temperature indicated. Factory testing conditions result in very limited self-heating of the device such that T_J = T_A. No specification of parametric performance is indicated in the electrical tables under conditions of internal self heating where T_J > T_A. See Applications Section for information on temperature derating of this device. Min/Max ratings are based on product characterization and simulation. Individual parameters are tested as noted.

⁽²⁾ Nominal Supply voltage range is for supplies with regulation of 10% or better.

⁽²⁾ Slew rate is Average of Rising and Falling 40-60% slew rates.



±5V Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Unless specified, A_V = +2, R_F = 250 Ω : V_S = ±5V, R_L = 100 Ω ; unless otherwise specified. **Boldface** limits apply over temperature Range. (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Distortion	and Noise Response			•		•
HD2	2 nd Harmonic Distortion	2V _{PP} , 20MHz		-63		dBc
HD3	3 rd Harmonic Distortion	2V _{PP} , 20MHz		- 57		dBc
	Equivalent Input Noise					
VN	Voltage Noise	>1MHz		3.1		nV/√Hz
CN	Current Noise	>1MHz		1.6		pA/√Hz
Static, DC	Performance					
V_{IO}	Input Offset Voltage			±0.8	±2.5 ± 3.5	mV
	Input Voltage Temperature Drift			4		μV/°C
I _{BN}	Input Bias Current			-2	±5 ±8	μΑ
	Bias Current Temperature Drift			11		nA/°C
I _{BI}	Input Offset Current			0.1	±1.5 ±3	μA
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	DC, 1V Step	67 65	73		dB
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	DC, 2V Step	67 65	73		dB
I _{CC}	Supply Current	R _L = ∞		7.0	7.8 8.5	mA
Miscellane	ous Performance	•	·	•	*	•
R _{IN}	Input Resistance			1		МΩ
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			1.2		pF
R _{OUT}	Output Resistance	Closed Loop		0.3		Ω
V _O	Output Voltage Range	R _L = ∞	±3.6 ±3.3	±3.9		V
V_{OL}	Output Voltage Natige	$R_L = 100\Omega$	±3.2 ±3.0	±3.5		V
CMIR	Input Voltage Range	Common Mode, CMRR > 60dB	±2.8 ±2.5	±3.0		V
I _O	Linear Output Current	V _{OUT}	±60 ±50	±90		mA



±3.3V Electrical Characteristics

Unless specified, A_V = +2, R_F = 250 Ω : V_S = ±3.3V, R_L = 100 Ω ; unless otherwise specified. **Boldface** limits apply over temperature Range. ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Conditions				Units
Frequenc	y Domain Response			Тур	l	
SSBW	-3dB Bandwidth	$V_{OUT} = 0.5V_{PP}$		180		MHz
LSBW	-3dB Bandwidth	$V_{OUT} = 3.0V_{PP}$		110		MHz
SSBWG1	−3dB Bandwidth A _V = 1	$V_{OUT} = 0.25V_{PP}$		450		MHz
GFP	.1dB Bandwidth	V _{OUT} = 1V _{PP}		40		MHz
DG	Differential Gain	$R_L = 150\Omega, 4.43MHz$.01		%
DP	Differential Phase	$R_L = 150\Omega, 4.43MHz$.06		deg
Time Don	nain Response	,	,	1		
TRL		1V Step		2.2		ns
SR	Slew Rate	2V Step (2)		800		V/µs
Distortion	and Noise Response	,	,	1		
HD2	2 nd Harmonic Distortion	2V _{PP} , 20MHz		-63		dBc
HD3	3 rd Harmonic Distortion	2V _{PP} , 20MHz		-43		dBc
	Equivalent Input Noise					
VN	Voltage Noise	>1MHz		3.7		nV/ pA/√Hz
CN	Current Noise	>1MHz		1.1		pA/√Hz
Static, DC	Performance		<u>.</u>			
V _{IO}	Input Offset Voltage			0.8	±2.5 ±3.5	mV
I _{BN}	Input Bias Current			-1	±3 ±6	μА
I _{BI}	Input Offset Current			0	±1.5 ±3	μА
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	DC, .5V Step	67	73		dB
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	DC, 1V Step	67	75		dB
I _{CC}	Supply Current	R _L = ∞		3.6	5 6	mA
Miscellan	eous Performance					
R _{OUT}	Input Resistance	Close Loop		.05		Ω
Vo	Output Valtage Dage	R _L = ∞	±2.1	±2.3		V
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Range	$R_L = 100\Omega$	±1.9	±2.0		V
CMIR	Input Voltage Range	Common Mode		±1.3		V
Io	Linear Output Current	V _{OUT}	±30	±45		mA

⁽¹⁾ Electrical Table values apply only for factory testing conditions at the temperature indicated. Factory testing conditions result in very limited self-heating of the device such that T_J = T_A. No specification of parametric performance is indicated in the electrical tables under conditions of internal self heating where T_J > T_A. See Applications Section for information on temperature derating of this device. Min/Max ratings are based on product characterization and simulation. Individual parameters are tested as noted.

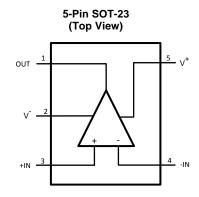
(2) Slew rate is Average of Rising and Falling 40-60% slew rates.

Submit Documentation Feedback

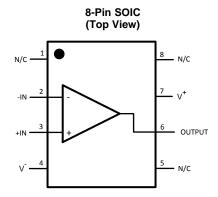
Copyright © 2003–2013, Texas Instruments Incorporated



CONNECTION DIAGRAM



See Package Number D0008A



See Package Number DBV0005A



Typical Performance Characteristics

Small Signal Non-Inverting Frequency Response

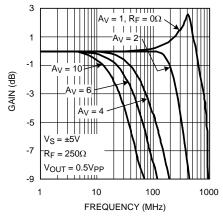
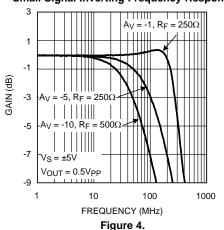
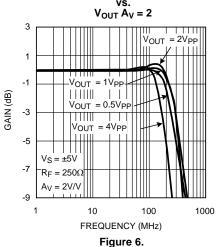


Figure 2.

Small Signal Inverting Frequency Response



Frequency Response vs.



Large Signal Non-Inverting Frequency Response

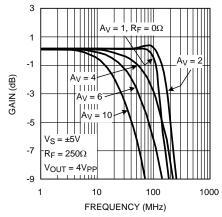
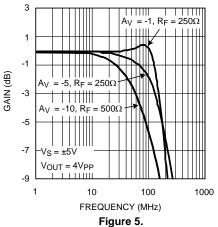


Figure 3.

Large Signal Inverting Frequency Response



Frequency Response vs.

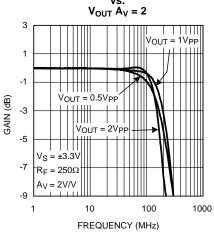


Figure 7.



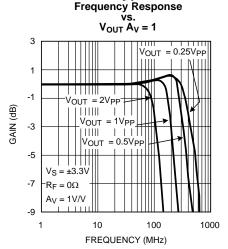


Figure 8.

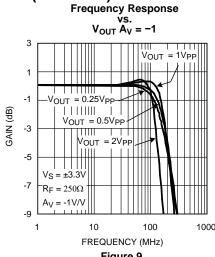
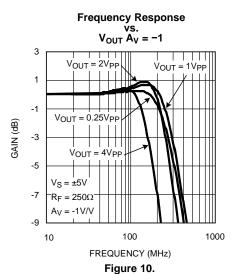
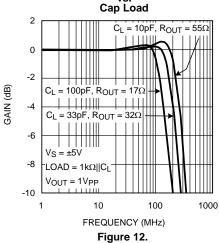


Figure 9.



Frequency Response vs. Cap Load



Frequency Response vs.
Cap Load

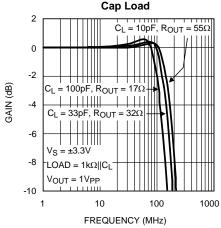


Figure 11.



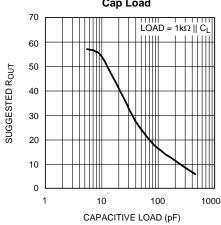


Figure 13.



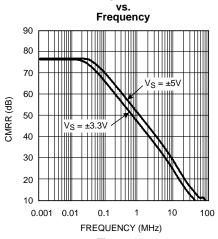


Figure 14.

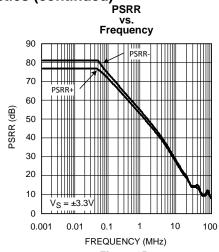
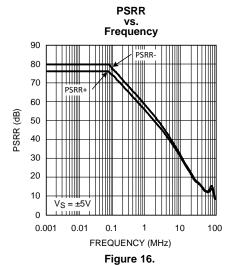
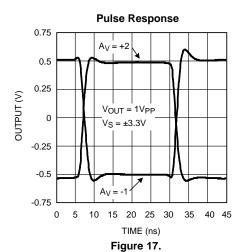


Figure 15.



J



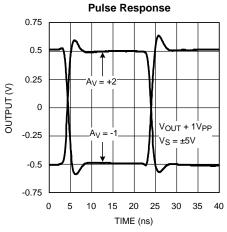


Figure 18.

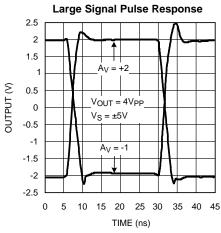


Figure 19.



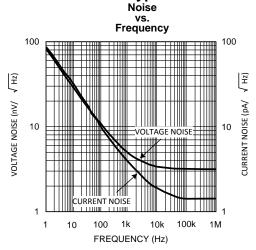


Figure 20.

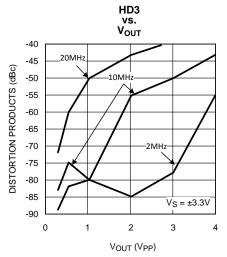


Figure 22.

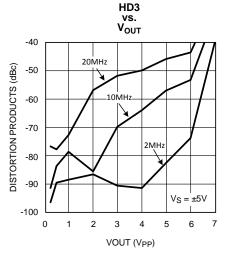


Figure 24.

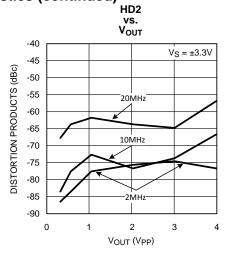


Figure 21.

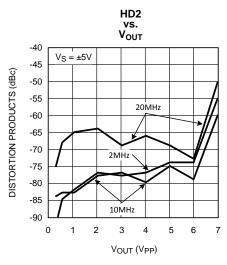


Figure 23.

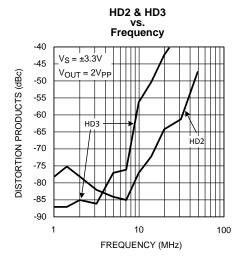


Figure 25.



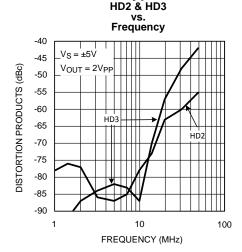


Figure 26.

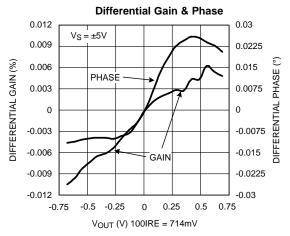


Figure 28.

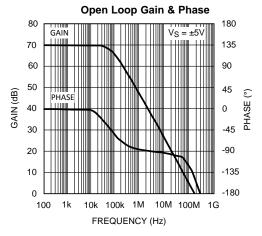


Figure 30.

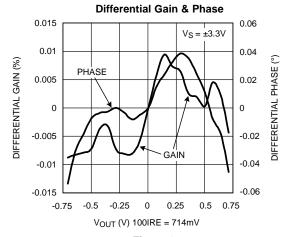


Figure 27.

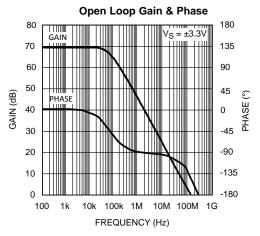


Figure 29.

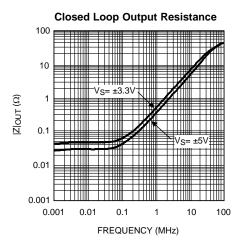


Figure 31.

(1)



APPLICATION INFORMATION

GENERAL DESIGN EQUATION

The LMH6609 is a unity gain stable voltage feedback amplifier. The matched input bias currents track well over temperature. This allows the DC offset to be minimized by matching the impedance seen by both inputs.

GAIN

The non-inverting and inverting gain equations for the LMH6609 are as follows:

NON-INVERTING GAIN : 1+
$$\frac{R_F}{R_G}$$

INVERTING GAIN : -
$$\frac{R_F}{R_G}$$

 $10 \mu F$ $0.01 \mu F$ V_{OUT} 10 μF $0.01 \mu F$ $R_{SEQ} = R_{S}||R_{T}$

Figure 32. Typical Non-Inverting Application

Copyright © 2003-2013, Texas Instruments Incorporated Product Folder Links: LMH6609



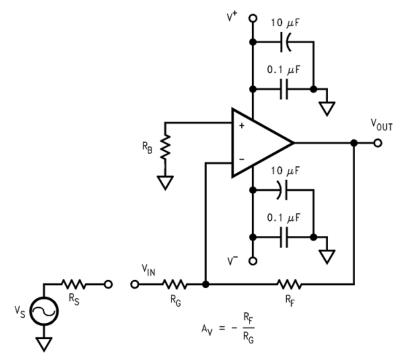


Figure 33. Typical Inverting Application

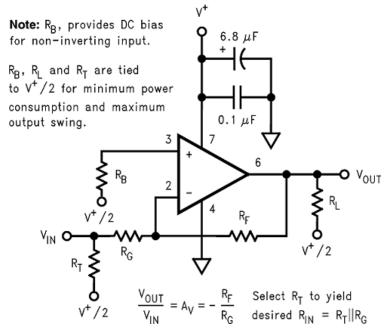


Figure 34. Single Supply Inverting



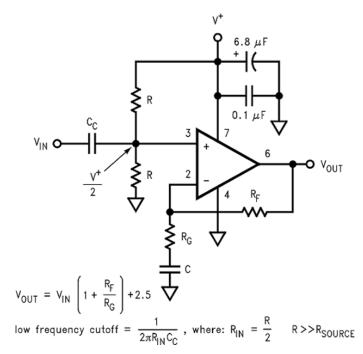


Figure 35. AC Coupled Non-Inverting

GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT

The LMH6609 is a voltage feedback amplifier, whose closed-loop bandwidth is approximately equal to the gainbandwidth product (GBP) divided by the gain (A_V). For gains greater than 5, A_V sets the closed-loop bandwidth of the LMH6609.

CLOSED LOOP BANDWIDTH =
$$\frac{GBP}{A_V}$$

$$A_V = \frac{(R_F + R_G)}{R_G}$$

$$GBP = 240MHz$$
 (2)

For Gains less than 5, refer to the frequency response plots to determine maximum bandwidth. For large signal bandwidth the slew rate is a more accurate predictor of bandwidth.

$$f_{MAX} = \frac{S_R}{2\pi V_P} \tag{3}$$

Where f_{MAX} = bandwidth, S_R = Slew rate and V_P = peak amplitude.

OUTPUT DRIVE AND SETTLING TIME PERFORMANCE

The LMH6609 has large output current capability. The 100mA of output current makes the LMH6609 an excellent choice for applications such as:

- Video Line Drivers
- **Distribution Amplifiers**

Copyright © 2003-2013, Texas Instruments Incorporated



When driving a capacitive load or coaxial cable, include a series resistance R_{OUT} to back match or improve settling time. Refer to the Driving Capacitive Loads section for guidance on selecting an output resistor for driving capacitive loads.

EVALUATION BOARDS

TI offers the following evaluation boards as a guide for high frequency layout and as an aid in device testing and characterization. Many of the data sheet plots were measured with these boards.

Device	Package	Board Part #
LMH6609MA	SOIC	LMH730227
LMH6609MF	SOT-23	LMH730216

CIRCUIT LAYOUT CONSIDERATION

A proper printed circuit layout is essential for achieving high frequency performance. TI provides evaluation boards for the LMH6609 as shown above. These boards were laid out for optimum, high-speed performance. The ground plane was removed near the input and output pins to reduce parasitic capacitance. Also, all trace lengths were minimized to reduce series inductances.

Supply bypassing is required for the amplifiers performance. The bypass capacitors provide a low impedance return current path at the supply pins. They also provide high frequency filtering on the power supply traces. $10\mu\text{F}$ tantalum and $.01\mu\text{F}$ capacitors are recommended on both supplies (from supply to ground). In addition, a $0.1\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor can be added from V⁺ to V⁻ to aid in second harmonic suppression.

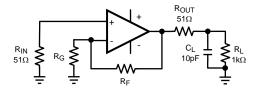


Figure 36. Driving Capacitive Loads with R_{OUT} for Improved Stability

DRIVING CAPACITIVE LOADS

Capacitive output loading applications will benefit from the use of a series output resistor R_{OUT} . Figure 36 shows the use of a series output resistor, R_{OUT} as it might be applied when driving an analog to digital converter. The charts "Suggested R_{O} vs. Cap Load" in the Typical Performance Section give a recommended value for mitigating capacitive loads. The values suggested in the charts are selected for .5dB or less of peaking in the frequency response. This gives a good compromise between settling time and bandwidth. For applications where maximum frequency response is needed and some peaking is tolerable, the value of R_{O} can be reduced slightly from the recommended values. There will be amplitude lost in the series resistor unless the gain is adjusted to compensate; this effect is most noticeable with heavy resistive loads.

Copyright © 2003–2013, Texas Instruments Incorporated Product Folder Links: *LMH6609*



COMPONENT SELECTION AND FEEDBACK RESISTOR

Surface mount components are highly recommended for the LMH6609. Leaded components will introduce unpredictable parasitic loading that will interfere with proper device operation. Do not use wire wound resistors.

The LMH6609 operates best with a feedback resistor of approximately 250Ω for all gains of +2 and greater and for -1 and less. With lower gains in particular, large value feedback resistors will exaggerate the effects of parasitic capacitances and may lead to ringing on the pulse response and frequency response peaking. Large value resistors also add undesirable thermal noise. Feedback resistors that are much below 100Ω will load the output stage, which will reduce voltage output swing, increase device power dissipation, increase distortion and reduce current available for driving the load.

In the buffer configuration the output should be shorted directly to the inverting input. This feedback does not load the output stage because the inverting input is a high impedance point and there is no gain set resistor to ground.

OPTIMIZING DC ACCURACY

The LMH6609 offers excellent DC accuracy. The well-matched inputs of this amplifier allows even better performance if care is taken to balance the impedances seen by the two inputs. The parallel combination of the gain setting R_G and feedback R_F resistors should be equal to R_{SEQ} , the resistance of the source driving the op amp in parallel with any terminating Resistor (See Figure 32). Combining this with the non inverting gain equation gives the following parameters:

$$R_F = A_{VRSEQ}$$

$$R_G = R_F/(A_V - 1)$$

For Inverting gains the bias current cancellation is accomplished by placing a resistor R_B on the non-inverting input equal in value to the resistance seen by the inverting input (See Figure 33). $R_B = R_F || (R_G + R_S)$

The additional noise contribution of R_B can be minimized by the use of a shunt capacitor (not shown).

POWER DISSIPATION

The LMH6609 has the ability to drive large currents into low impedance loads. Some combinations of ambient temperature and device loading could result in device overheating. For most conditions peak power values are not as important as RMS powers. To determine the maximum allowable power dissipation for the LMH6609 use the following formula:

$$P_{MAX} = (150^{\circ} - T_{AMB})/\theta_{JA}$$
 (4)

Where T_{AMB} = Ambient temperature (°C) and θJA = Thermal resistance, from junction to ambient, for a given package (°C/W). For the SOIC package θJA is 148°C/W, for the SOT-23 it is 250°C/W. 150°C is the absolute maximum limit for the internal temperature of the device.

Either forced air cooling or a heat sink can greatly increase the power handling capability for the LMH6609.

VIDEO PERFORMANCE

The LMH6609 has been designed to provide good performance with both PAL and NTSC composite video signals. The LMH6609 is specified for PAL signals. NTSC performance is typically marginally better due to the lower frequency content of the signal. Performance degrades as the loading is increased, therefore best performance will be obtained with back-terminated loads. The back termination reduces reflections from the transmission line and effectively masks transmission line and other parasitic capacitances from the amplifier output stage. This means that the device should be configured for a gain of 2 in order to have a net gain of 1 after the terminating resistor. (See Figure 37)



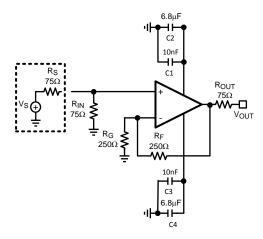


Figure 37. Typical Video Application

ESD PROTECTION

The LMH6609 is protected against electrostatic discharge (ESD) on all pins. The LMH6609 will survive 2000V Human Body model or 200V Machine model events.

Under closed loop operation the ESD diodes have no effect on circuit performance. There are occasions, however, when the ESD diodes may be evident. For instance, if the amplifier is powered down and a large input signal is applied the ESD diodes will conduct.

TRANSIMPEDANCE AMPLIFIER

The low input current noise and unity gain stability of the LMH6609 make it an excellent choice for transimpedance applications. Figure 38 illustrates a low noise transimpedance amplifier that is commonly implemented with photo diodes. R_F sets the transimpedance gain. The photo diode current multiplied by R_F determines the output voltage.

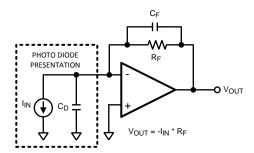


Figure 38. Transimpedance Amplifier

The capacitances are defined as:

- C_D = Equivalent Diode Capacitance
- C_F = Feedback Capacitance

The feedback capacitor is used to give optimum flatness and stability. As a starting point the feedback capacitance should be chosen as ½ of the Diode capacitance. Lower feedback capacitors will peak frequency response.



Rectifier

The large bandwidth of the LMH6609 allows for high-speed rectification. A common rectifier topology is shown in Figure 39. R_1 and R_2 set the gain of the rectifier.

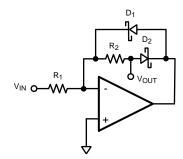


Figure 39. Rectifier Topology

SNOSA84F - AUGUST 2003 - REVISED MARCH 2013



REVISION HISTORY

Cł	Changes from Revision E (March 2013) to Revision F						
•	Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format	. 1	17				

Submit Documentation Feedback





27-Jul-2016

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
LMH6609 MDC	ACTIVE	DIESALE	Y	0	400	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(40)	Samples
LMH6609MA	NRND	SOIC	D	8	95	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	LMH66 09MA	
LMH6609MA/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	95	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LMH66 09MA	Samples
LMH6609MAX/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LMH66 09MA	Samples
LMH6609MF/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	A89A	Samples
LMH6609MFX/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	A89A	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

27-Jul-2016

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 20-Dec-2016

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LMH6609MAX/NOPB	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.5	5.4	2.0	8.0	12.0	Q1
LMH6609MF/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMH6609MFX/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3

www.ti.com 20-Dec-2016



*All dimensions are nominal

7 till dilliteriererie dre riterininal							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LMH6609MAX/NOPB	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
LMH6609MF/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LMH6609MFX/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4073253/P







NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.





NOTES: (continued)

- 4. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 5. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 7. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.







NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.





NOTES: (continued)

- 4. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 5. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 7. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated (TI) reserves the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete.

TI's published terms of sale for semiconductor products (http://www.ti.com/sc/docs/stdterms.htm) apply to the sale of packaged integrated circuit products that TI has qualified and released to market. Additional terms may apply to the use or sale of other types of TI products and services.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such reproduced documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions. Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyers and others who are developing systems that incorporate TI products (collectively, "Designers") understand and agree that Designers remain responsible for using their independent analysis, evaluation and judgment in designing their applications and that Designers have full and exclusive responsibility to assure the safety of Designers' applications and compliance of their applications (and of all TI products used in or for Designers' applications) with all applicable regulations, laws and other applicable requirements. Designer represents that, with respect to their applications, Designer has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards that (1) anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, (2) monitor failures and their consequences, and (3) lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate actions. Designer agrees that prior to using or distributing any applications that include TI products, Designer will thoroughly test such applications and the functionality of such TI products as used in such applications.

TI's provision of technical, application or other design advice, quality characterization, reliability data or other services or information, including, but not limited to, reference designs and materials relating to evaluation modules, (collectively, "TI Resources") are intended to assist designers who are developing applications that incorporate TI products; by downloading, accessing or using TI Resources in any way, Designer (individually or, if Designer is acting on behalf of a company, Designer's company) agrees to use any particular TI Resource solely for this purpose and subject to the terms of this Notice.

TI's provision of TI Resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable published warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products, and no additional obligations or liabilities arise from TI providing such TI Resources. TI reserves the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its TI Resources. TI has not conducted any testing other than that specifically described in the published documentation for a particular TI Resource.

Designer is authorized to use, copy and modify any individual TI Resource only in connection with the development of applications that include the TI product(s) identified in such TI Resource. NO OTHER LICENSE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, BY ESTOPPEL OR OTHERWISE TO ANY OTHER TI INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT, AND NO LICENSE TO ANY TECHNOLOGY OR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT OF TI OR ANY THIRD PARTY IS GRANTED HEREIN, including but not limited to any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information regarding or referencing third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services, or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of TI Resources may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

TI RESOURCES ARE PROVIDED "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS. TI DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING RESOURCES OR USE THEREOF, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS, TITLE, ANY EPIDEMIC FAILURE WARRANTY AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND NON-INFRINGEMENT OF ANY THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS. TI SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR AND SHALL NOT DEFEND OR INDEMNIFY DESIGNER AGAINST ANY CLAIM, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY INFRINGEMENT CLAIM THAT RELATES TO OR IS BASED ON ANY COMBINATION OF PRODUCTS EVEN IF DESCRIBED IN TI RESOURCES OR OTHERWISE. IN NO EVENT SHALL TI BE LIABLE FOR ANY ACTUAL, DIRECT, SPECIAL, COLLATERAL, INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF TI RESOURCES OR USE THEREOF, AND REGARDLESS OF WHETHER TI HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

Unless TI has explicitly designated an individual product as meeting the requirements of a particular industry standard (e.g., ISO/TS 16949 and ISO 26262), TI is not responsible for any failure to meet such industry standard requirements.

Where TI specifically promotes products as facilitating functional safety or as compliant with industry functional safety standards, such products are intended to help enable customers to design and create their own applications that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Using products in an application does not by itself establish any safety features in the application. Designers must ensure compliance with safety-related requirements and standards applicable to their applications. Designer may not use any TI products in life-critical medical equipment unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special contract specifically governing such use. Life-critical medical equipment is medical equipment where failure of such equipment would cause serious bodily injury or death (e.g., life support, pacemakers, defibrillators, heart pumps, neurostimulators, and implantables). Such equipment includes, without limitation, all medical devices identified by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration as Class III devices and equivalent classifications outside the U.S.

TI may expressly designate certain products as completing a particular qualification (e.g., Q100, Military Grade, or Enhanced Product). Designers agree that it has the necessary expertise to select the product with the appropriate qualification designation for their applications and that proper product selection is at Designers' own risk. Designers are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such selection.

Designer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages, costs, losses, and/or liabilities arising out of Designer's non-compliance with the terms and provisions of this Notice.