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TPS54527

SLVSAY5D-JULY 2011-REVISED AUGUST 2016

TPS54527 4.5-V to 18-V Input, 5-A Synchronous Step-Down Converter

Technical

Documents

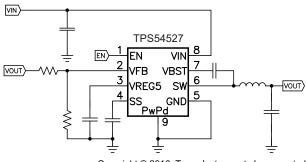
1 Features

- D-CAP2[™] Mode Enables Fast Transient Response
- Low Output Ripple and Allows Ceramic Output Capacitor
- Wide Input Voltage Range: 4.5 V to 18 V
- Output Voltage Range: 0.76 V to 6 V
- Highly Efficient Integrated FETs Optimized for Lower Duty Cycle Applications: 65 mΩ (High Side) and 36 mΩ (Low Side)
- High Efficiency: Less Than 10 µA at Shutdown
- High Initial Bandgap Reference Accuracy
- Adjustable Soft Start
- Prebiased Soft Start
- 650-kHz Switching Frequency
- Cycle-by-Cycle Overcurrent Limit

2 Applications

- Wide Range of Applications for Low Voltage System
 - Digital TV Power Supply
 - High Definition Blu-ray Disc[™] Players
 - Networking Home Terminal
 - Digital Set Top Box (STB)

Simplified Schematic



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3 Description

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The TPS54527 is an adaptive on-time D-CAP2 mode synchronous buck converter. The TPS54527 enables system designers to complete the suite of various end equipment's power bus regulators with a cost effective, low component count, low standby current solution. The main control loop for the TPS54527 uses the D-CAP2 mode control which provides a fast transient response with no external compensation components. The TPS54527 also has a proprietary circuit that enables the device to adopt to both low equivalent series resistance (ESR) output capacitors, such as POSCAP or SP-CAP, and ultra-low ESR ceramic capacitors. The device operates from a 4.5-V to 18-V input. The output voltage can be programmed from 0.76 V to 6 V. The device also features an adjustable soft-start time. The TPS54527 is available in the 8-pin DDA package, and designed to operate from -40°C to 85°C.

Support &

Community

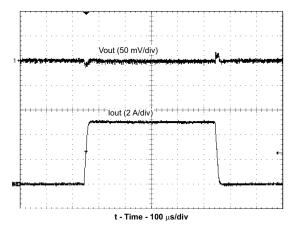
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Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
TPS54527	SO PowerPAD (8)	4.89 mm × 3.90 mm		

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Load Transient Response



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4 Revision History

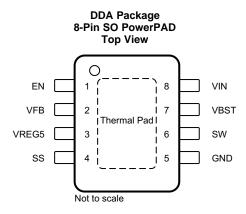
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision C (May 2012) to Revision D	Page
Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section.	
Deleted Ordering Information table; see POA at the end of the data sheet	1
Changes from Revision B (January 2012) to Revision C	Page
Changed t _{OFF(MIN)} From: 310 ns To: 330 ns	5
Changes from Revision A (November 2011) to Revision B	Page
Changed equation 1 denominator from 2 to 6	8
Changes from Original (July 2011) to Revision A	Page
Changed pinout drawing to correct pins 5, 6, 7, 8 location	3



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5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

P	PIN		DESCRIPTION		
NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION		
EN	1	I	Enable input control. EN is active high and must be pulled up to enable the device.		
VFB	2	I	Converter feedback input. Connect to output voltage with feedback resistor divider.		
VREG5	3	0	-V power supply output. A capacitor (typically 1 μ F) must be connected to GND. VREG5 is not active en EN is low.		
SS	4	I	Soft-start control. An external capacitor must be connected to GND.		
GND	5	_	Ground pin. Power ground return for switching circuit. Connect sensitive SS and VFB returns to GND at a single point.		
SW	6	0	Switch node connection between high-side NFET and low-side NFET.		
VBST	7	0	Supply input for the high-side FET gate drive circuit. Connect 0.1-µF capacitor between VBST and SW pir An internal diode is connected between VREG5 and VBST.		
VIN	8	I	nput voltage supply pin.		
Thermal Pad	Back side	_	Thermal pad of the package. Must be soldered to achieve appropriate dissipation. Must be connected to GND.		

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		Μ	IN MAX	UNIT
	VIN, EN	-(0.3 20	
	VBST	-(0.3 26	
	VBST (10-ns transient)	-().3 28	
Input voltage	VBST (vs SW)	-(0.3 6.5	V
	VFB, SS	-(0.3 6.5	
	SW	-	-2 20	
	SW (10-ns transient)	-	-3 22	
Output weltere	VREG5	-(0.3 6.5	V
Output voltage	GND	-(0.3 0.3	V
Voltage from GND to thermal pad, V _{diff}		-(0.2 0.2	V
Operating junction temperature, T _J		-	40 150	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}		-	55 150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾		V
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±500	v

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			M	IN MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Supply input voltage		4	.5 18	V
		VBST	-0	.1 24	
		VBST (10 ns transient)	-0	.1 27	-
		VBST(vs SW)	-0	.1 5.7	-
		SS	-0	.1 5.7	-
	Input voltage	EN	-0	.1 18	V
		VFB	-0	.1 5.5	-
		SW	-1	.8 18	-
		SW (10 ns transient)	-	-3 21	-
		GND	-0	.1 0.1	-
V _{OUT}	Output voltage	VREG5	-0	.1 5.7	V
I _{OUT}	Output current	I _{VREG5}		0 5	mA
T _A	Operating free-air temperature			40 85	°C
TJ	Operating junction temperature			40 150	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

		TPS54527	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DDA (SO PowerPAD)	UNIT
		8 PINS	
R_{\thetaJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	43.5	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	49.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	25.6	°C/W
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	7.4	°C/W
Ψјв	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	25.5	°C/W
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	5.2	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range, V_{IN} = 12 V (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY	CURRENT					
I _{VIN}	Operating non-switching supply current	VIN current, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, EN = 5 V, $V_{FB} = 0.8$ V		900	1400	μA
IVINSDN	Shutdown supply current	VIN current, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, EN = 0 V		3.6	10	μA
LOGIC TH	IRESHOLD					
V _{ENH}	EN high-level input voltage	EN	1.6			V
V _{ENL}	EN low-level input voltage	EN			0.6	V
	TAGE AND DISCHARGE RESISTANCE	•				
		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{OUT} = 1.05$ V, continuous mode	757	765	773	mV
V _{FBTH}	VFB threshold voltage	T_{A} = –40°C to 85°C , V_{OUT} = 1.05 V, continuous mode $^{(1)}$	751	765	779	mV
I _{VFB}	VFB input current	V _{FB} = 0.8 V, T _A = 25°C		0	±0.15	μA
VREG5 O	UTPUT					
V _{REG5}	VREG5 output voltage	T _A = 25°C, 6 V < V _{IN} < 18 V, 0 < I _{VREG5} < 5 mA	5.2	5.5	5.7	V
V _{LN5}	Line regulation	6 V < V _{IN} < 18 V, I _{VREG5} = 5 mA			25	mV
V _{LD5}	Load regulation	0 mA < I _{VREG5} < 5 mA			100	mV
I _{VREG5}	Output current	$V_{IN} = 6 V, V_{REG5} = 4 V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		60		mA
MOSFET		·				
R _{DS(ON)H}	High side switch resistance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{BST} - SW = 5.5 V$		65		mΩ
R _{DS(ON)L}	Low side switch resistance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		36		mΩ
CURREN	T LIMIT	·				
I _{ocl}	Current limit	L out = 1.5 µH ⁽¹⁾	5.6	6.4	7.9	Α
THERMA	L SHUTDOWN	·				
-	Thermal shutdown threshold	Shutdown temperature ⁽¹⁾		165		
T _{SDN}	mermai shudown inteshold	Hysteresis ⁽¹⁾		35		°C
SOFT ST	ART					
I _{SSC}	SS charge current	V _{SS} = 1 V	4.2	6	7.8	μA
I _{SSD}	SS discharge current	V _{SS} = 0.5 V	0.1	0.2		mA
UVLO						
UVLO	UV/L O throshold	Wake up VREG5 voltage	3.45	3.75	4.05	V
UVLO	UVLO threshold	Hysteresis VREG5 voltage	0.19	0.32	0.45	v
						-

(1) Not production tested.

6.6 Timing Requirements

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
ON-TIME	TIMER CONTROL					
t _{ON}	ON time	$V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{OUT} = 1.05 \text{ V}$		150		ns
t _{OFF(MIN)}	Minimum OFF time	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{FB} = 0.7 V$		260	330	ns

TPS54527

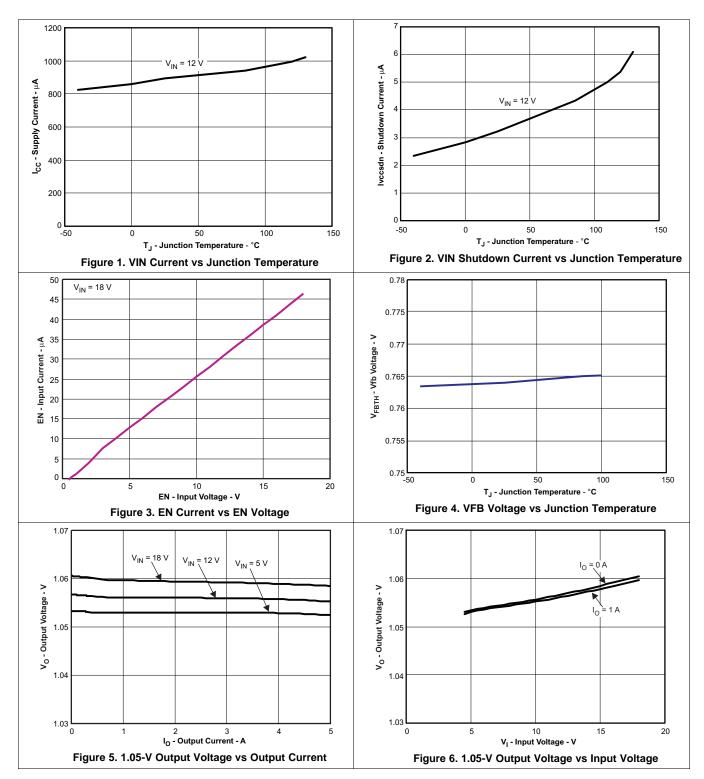
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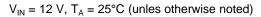
6.7 Typical Characteristics

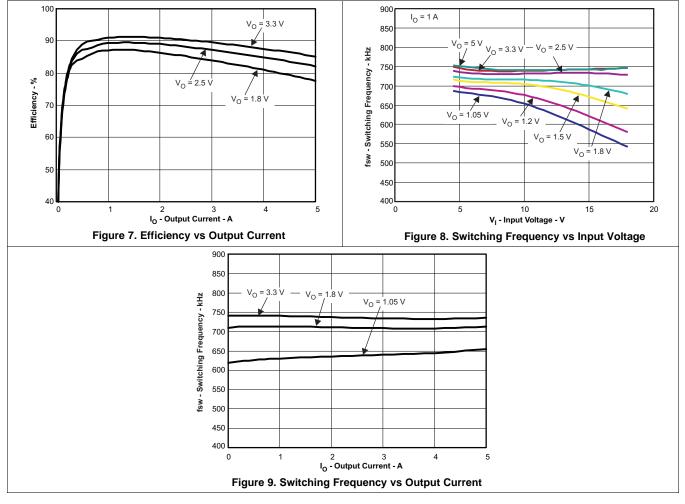
 V_{IN} = 12 V, T_A = 25°C (unles otherwise noted)





Typical Characteristics (continued)





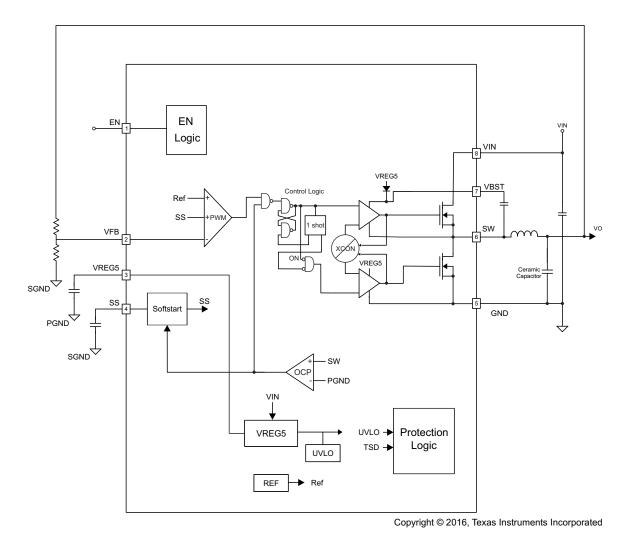


7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TPS54527 is a 5-A synchronous step-down (buck) converter with two integrated N-channel MOSFETs. It operates using D-CAP2 mode control. The fast transient response of D-CAP2 control reduces the output capacitance required to meet a specific level of performance. Proprietary internal circuitry allows the use of low ESR output capacitors including ceramic and special polymer types.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Soft Start and Pre-Biased Soft Start

The soft start function is adjustable. When the EN pin becomes high, $6-\mu A$ current begins charging the capacitor which is connected from the SS pin to GND. Smooth control of the output voltage is maintained during start up. The equation for the slow start time is shown in Equation 1. VFB voltage is 0.765 V and SS pin source current is $6-\mu A$.

$$t_{ss}(ms) = \frac{C6(nF) \times V_{FB} \times 1.1}{I_{ss}(\mu A)} = \frac{C6(nF) \times 0.765 \times 1.1}{6}$$

(1)



Feature Description (continued)

The TPS54527 contains a unique circuit to prevent current from being pulled from the output during startup if the output is pre-biased. When the soft-start commands a voltage higher than the pre-bias level (internal soft start becomes greater than feedback voltage V_{FB}), the controller slowly activates synchronous rectification by starting the first low side FET gate driver pulses with a narrow on-time. It then increments that on-time on a cycle-by-cycle basis until it coincides with the time dictated by 1 - D, where D is the duty cycle of the converter. This scheme prevents the initial sinking of the pre-bias output, and ensure that the output voltage (V_{OUT}) starts and ramps up smoothly into regulation and the control loop is given time to transition from pre-biased start-up to normal mode operation.

7.3.2 Current Protection

The output overcurrent protection (OCP) is implemented using a cycle-by-cycle valley detect control circuit. The switch current is monitored by measuring the low-side FET switch voltage between the SW pin and GND. This voltage is proportional to the switch current. To improve accuracy, the voltage sensing is temperature compensated.

During the on time of the high-side FET switch, the switch current increases at a linear rate determined by V_{IN} , V_{OUT} , the on-time and the output inductor value. During the on time of the low-side FET switch, this current decreases linearly. The average value of the switch current is the load current (I_{OUT}). The TPS54527 constantly monitors the low-side FET switch voltage, which is proportional to the switch current, during the low-side on-time. If the measured voltage is above the voltage proportional to the current limit, an internal counter is incremented per each SW cycle and the converter maintains the low-side switch on until the measured voltage is below the voltage corresponding to the current limit at which time the switching cycle is terminated and a new switching cycle begins. In subsequent switching cycles, the on-time is set to a fixed value and the current is monitored in the same manner. If the over current condition exists for 7 consecutive switching cycles, the internal OCL threshold is set to a lower level, reducing the available output current. When a switching cycle occurs where the switch current is not above the lower OCL threshold, the counter is reset and the OCL limit is returned to the higher value.

There are some important considerations for this type of over-current protection. The peak current is the average load current plus one half of the peak-to-peak inductor current. The valley current is the average load current minus one half of the peak-to-peak inductor current. Because the valley current is used to detect the overcurrent threshold, the load current is higher than the over-current threshold. Also, when the current is being limited, the output voltage tends to fall as the demanded load current may be higher than the current available from the converter. When the over current condition is removed, the output voltage returns to the regulated value. This protection is non-latching.

7.3.3 UVLO Protection

Undervoltage lockout protection (UVLO) monitors the voltage of the VREG5 pin. When the VREG5 voltage is lower than UVLO threshold voltage, the TPS54527 is shut off. This protection is non-latching.

7.3.4 Thermal Shutdown

TPS54527 monitors the temperature of itself. If the temperature exceeds the threshold value (typically 165°C), the device is shut off. This is non-latch protection.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 PWM Operation

The main control loop of the TPS54527 is an adaptive on-time pulse width modulation (PWM) controller that supports a proprietary D-CAP2 mode control. D-CAP2 mode control combines constant on-time control with an internal compensation circuit for pseudo-fixed frequency and low external component count configuration with both low ESR and ceramic output capacitors. It is stable even with virtually no ripple at the output.



Device Functional Modes (continued)

At the beginning of each cycle, the high-side MOSFET is turned on. This MOSFET is turned off after internal one shot timer expires. This one shot is set by the converter input voltage (V_{IN}) and the output voltage (V_{OUT}) to maintain a pseudo-fixed frequency over the input voltage range, hence it is called adaptive on-time control. The one-shot timer is reset and the high-side MOSFET is turned on again when the feedback voltage falls below the reference voltage. An internal ramp is added to reference voltage to simulate output ripple, eliminating the need for ESR induced output ripple from D-CAP2 mode control.

7.4.2 PWM Frequency and Adaptive On-Time Control

TPS54527 uses an adaptive on-time control scheme and does not have a dedicated on board oscillator. The TPS54527 runs with a pseudo-constant frequency of 650 kHz by using the input voltage and output voltage to set the on-time one-shot timer. The on-time is inversely proportional to the input voltage and proportional to the output voltage, therefore, when the duty ratio is V_{OUT} / V_{IN} , the frequency is constant.



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8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The TPS54327 is designed to provide up to a 2-A output current from an input voltage source ranging from 4.5 V to 18 V. The output voltage is configurable from 0.7 V to 6 V.

8.2 Typical Application

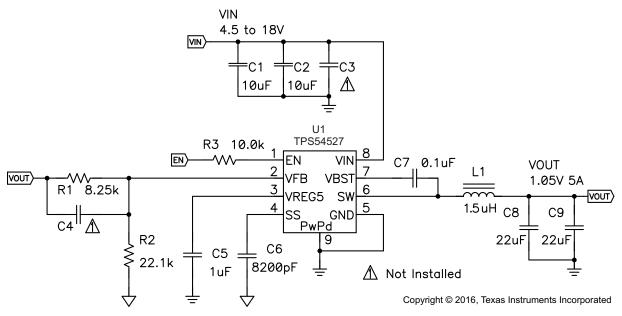


Figure 10. Shows the schematic diagram for this design example.

8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 1 as the input parameters.

PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage	4.5 V to 18 V
Output voltage	1.05 V
Output current	5 A
Output voltage ripple	20 mV
Input voltage ripple	100 mV



8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.2.1 Output Voltage Resistors Selection

The output voltage is set with a resistor divider from the output node to the VFB pin. TI recommends using a 1% tolerance or better divider resistors. Start by using Equation 2 to calculate V_{OUT}.

To improve efficiency at very light loads consider using larger value resistors, too high of resistance is more susceptible to noise and voltage errors from the VFB input current is more noticeable.

$$V_{OUT} = 0.765 \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$
(2)

8.2.2.2 Output Filter Selection

The output filter used with the TPS54527 is an LC circuit. This LC filter has a double pole at:

$$F_{\rm P} = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{L_{\rm OUT} \times C_{\rm OUT}}}$$
(3)

At low frequencies, the overall loop gain is set by the output set-point resistor divider network and the internal gain of the TPS54527. The low frequency phase is 180 degrees. At the output filter pole frequency, the gain rolls off at a -40 dB per decade rate and the phase drops rapidly. D-CAP2 introduces a high frequency zero that reduces the gain roll off to -20 dB per decade and increases the phase to 90 degrees one decade above the zero frequency. The inductor and capacitor selected for the output filter must be selected so that the double pole of Equation 3 is located below the high frequency zero but close enough that the phase boost provided be the high frequency zero provides adequate phase margin for a stable circuit. TI recommends the values in Table 2 to meet this requirement.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	R1 (kΩ)	R2 (kΩ)	C4 (pF) ⁽¹⁾	L1 (µH)	C8 + C9 (µF)
1	6.81	22.1	—	1 to 1.5	22 to 68
1.05	8.25	22.1	—	1 to 1.5	22 to 68
1.2	12.7	22.1	—	1 to 1.5	22 to 68
1.5	21.5	22.1	—	1.5	22 to 68
1.8	30.1	22.1	5 to 22	1.5	22 to 68
2.5	49.9	22.1	5 to 22	2.2	22 to 68
3.3	73.2	22.1	5 to 22	2.2	22 to 68
5	124	22.1	5 to 22	3.3	22 to 68

Table 2. Recommended Component Values

(1) Optional

Because the DC gain is dependent on the output voltage, the required inductor value increases as the output voltage increases. For higher output voltages at or above 1.8 V, additional phase boost can be achieved by adding a feed forward capacitor (C4) in parallel with R1

The inductor peak-to-peak ripple current, peak current and RMS current are calculated using Equation 4, Equation 5, and Equation 6. The inductor saturation current rating must be greater than the calculated peak current and the RMS or heating current rating must be greater than the calculated RMS current. Use 700 kHz for f_{SW} .

Use 650 kHz for f_{SW} . Chose an inductor that is rated for the peak current of Equation 5 and the RMS current of Equation 6.

$$I_{IPP} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(max)}} \times \frac{V_{IN(max)} - V_{OUT}}{L_{O} \times f_{SW}}$$
(4)

$$I_{Ipeak} = I_{O} + \frac{I_{Ipp}}{2}$$
(5)

$$I_{Lo(RMS)} = \sqrt{I_{O}^{2} + \frac{1}{12} I_{IPP}^{2}}$$
(6)



For this design example, the calculated peak current is 5.51 A and the calculated RMS current is 5.01 A. The inductor used is a TDK SPM6530-1R5M100 with a peak current rating of 11.5 A and an RMS current rating of 11 A.

The capacitor value and ESR determines the amount of output voltage ripple. The TPS54527 is intended for use with ceramic or other low ESR capacitors. Recommended values range from 22 μ F to 68 μ F. Use Equation 7 to determine the required RMS current rating for the output capacitor.

$$I_{Co(RMS)} = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{\sqrt{12} \times V_{IN} \times L_O \times f_{SW}}$$

(7)

For this design two TDK C3216X5R0J226M 22- μ F output capacitors are used. The typical ESR is 2 m Ω each. The calculated RMS current is 0.29 A and each output capacitor is rated for 4 A.

8.2.2.3 Input Capacitor Selection

The TPS54527 requires an input decoupling capacitor and a bulk capacitor is required depending on the application. TI recommends a ceramic capacitor over 10 μ F for the decoupling capacitor. An additional 0.1- μ F capacitor (C3) from VIN to ground is optional to provide additional high frequency filtering. The capacitor voltage rating must to be greater than the maximum input voltage.

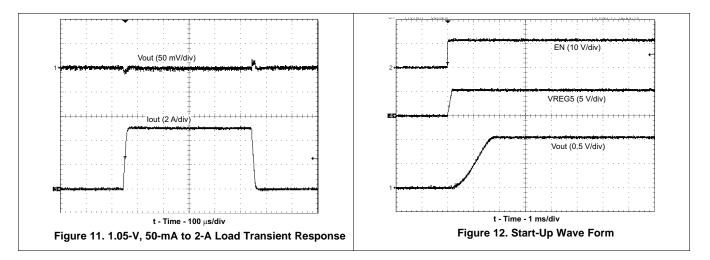
8.2.2.4 Bootstrap Capacitor Selection

A 0.1-µF ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VBST and SW pins for proper operation. TI recommends using a ceramic capacitor.

8.2.2.5 VREG5 Capacitor Selection

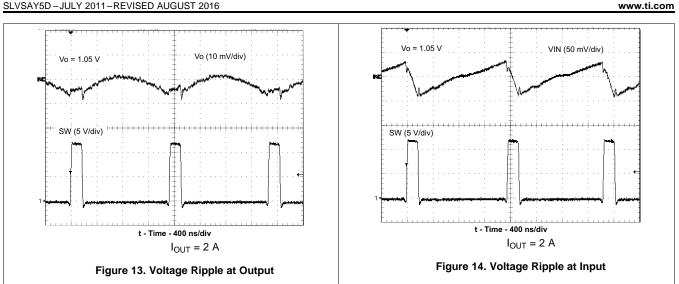
A $1-\mu F$. ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VREG5 and GND pins for proper operation. TI recommends using a ceramic capacitor.

8.2.3 Application Curves



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9 Power Supply Recommendations

The input voltage range is from 4.5 V to 18 V. The input power supply and the input capacitors must be placed as close to the device as possible to minimize the impedance of the power-supply line.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

- 1. The TPS54527 can supply large load currents up to 5 A, so heat dissipation may be a concern. The top side area adjacent to the TPS54527 must be filled with ground as much as possible to dissipate heat.
- 2. The bottom side area directly below the IC must a dedicated ground area. It must be directly connected to the thermal pad of the device using vias as shown. The ground area must be as large as practical. Additional internal layers can be dedicated as ground planes and connected to the vias as well.
- 3. Keep the input switching current loop as small as possible.
- 4. Keep the SW node as physically small and short as possible to minimize parasitic capacitance and inductance and to minimize radiated emissions. Kelvin connections must be brought from the output to the feedback pin of the device.
- 5. Keep analog and non-switching components away from switching components.
- 6. Make a single point connection from the signal ground to power ground.
- 7. Do not allow switching current to flow under the device.
- 8. Keep the pattern lines for VIN and PGND broad.
- 9. Exposed pad of device must be connected to PGND with solder.
- 10. VREG5 capacitor must be placed near the device, and connected PGND.
- 11. Output capacitor must be connected to a broad pattern of the PGND.
- 12. Voltage feedback loop must be as short as possible, and preferably with ground shield.
- 13. Lower resistor of the voltage divider which is connected to the VFB pin must be tied to SGND.
- 14. Providing sufficient via is required for VIN, SW and PGND connection.
- 15. PCB pattern for VIN, SW, and PGND must be as broad as possible.
- 16. VIN capacitor must be placed as near as possible to the device.



10.2 Layout Example

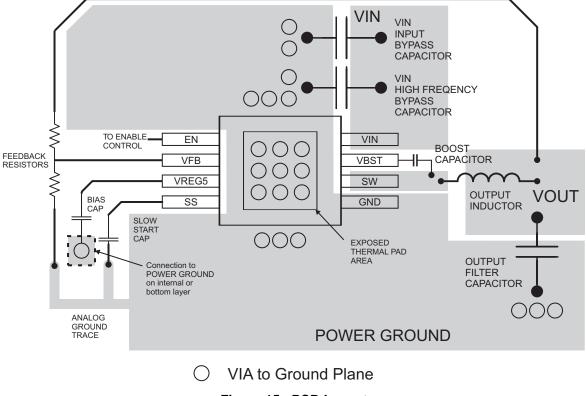


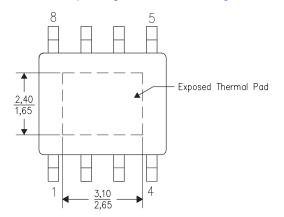
Figure 15. PCB Layout

10.3 Thermal Consideration

This 8-pin DDA package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be directly to an external heat sink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heat sink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heat sink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the exposed thermal pad and how to use the advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, see *PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package* and *PowerPAD Made Easy*.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in Figure 16.





TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Documentation Support

11.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package (SLMA002)
- PowerPAD Made Easy (SLMA004)

11.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

11.3 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E[™] Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support TI's Design Support Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.4 Trademarks

D-CAP2, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments. Blu-ray Disc is a trademark of Blu-ray Disc Association. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.6 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



1-Mar-2017

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	•	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
TPS54527DDA	ACTIVE	SO PowerPAD	DDA	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU CU SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	54527	Samples
TPS54527DDAR	ACTIVE	SO PowerPAD	DDA	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU CU SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	54527	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between

the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

1-Mar-2017

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

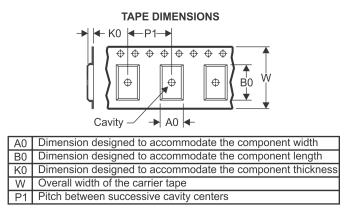
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com

Texas Instruments

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



	*All	dimensions	are	nomina	I
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Device	-	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS54527DDAR	SO Power PAD	DDA	8	2500	330.0	12.8	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

3-Mar-2016



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS54527DDAR	SO PowerPAD	DDA	8	2500	366.0	364.0	50.0

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

DDA 8

PowerPAD[™] SOIC - 1.7 mm max height PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



DDA (R-PDSO-G8)

PowerPAD[™] PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD^{\mathbb{N}} package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD package and how to take advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004. Both documents are available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206322-6/L 05/12

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments



DDA (R-PDSO-G8)

PowerPAD[™] PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002, SLMA004, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <http://www.ti.com>. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads. PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



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