

IC for Headphone Stereos

Monolithic IC LAG 665

May 10, 1994

Outline

This IC was developed for use in headphone stereos, and incorporates a dual preamp, power amp, electronic VR and motor control circuits. It can be used in a simple circuit configuration which requires very few external components.

Features

1. Broad operating voltage range of 2.0 to 5.0 V (amp system operates to 1.8 V)
2. Few external components required
 1. Internal equalizer resistance
 2. Direct coupling of preamps, electronic VR, and power amp
 3. No need for output coupling capacitor
3. Internal well-balanced electronic VR to achieve A-curve attenuation characteristic with B-curve VR
4. Internal motor control circuit to sufficiently reduce noise coming from a motor driver
5. Equipped with Preamp Off pin

Packages

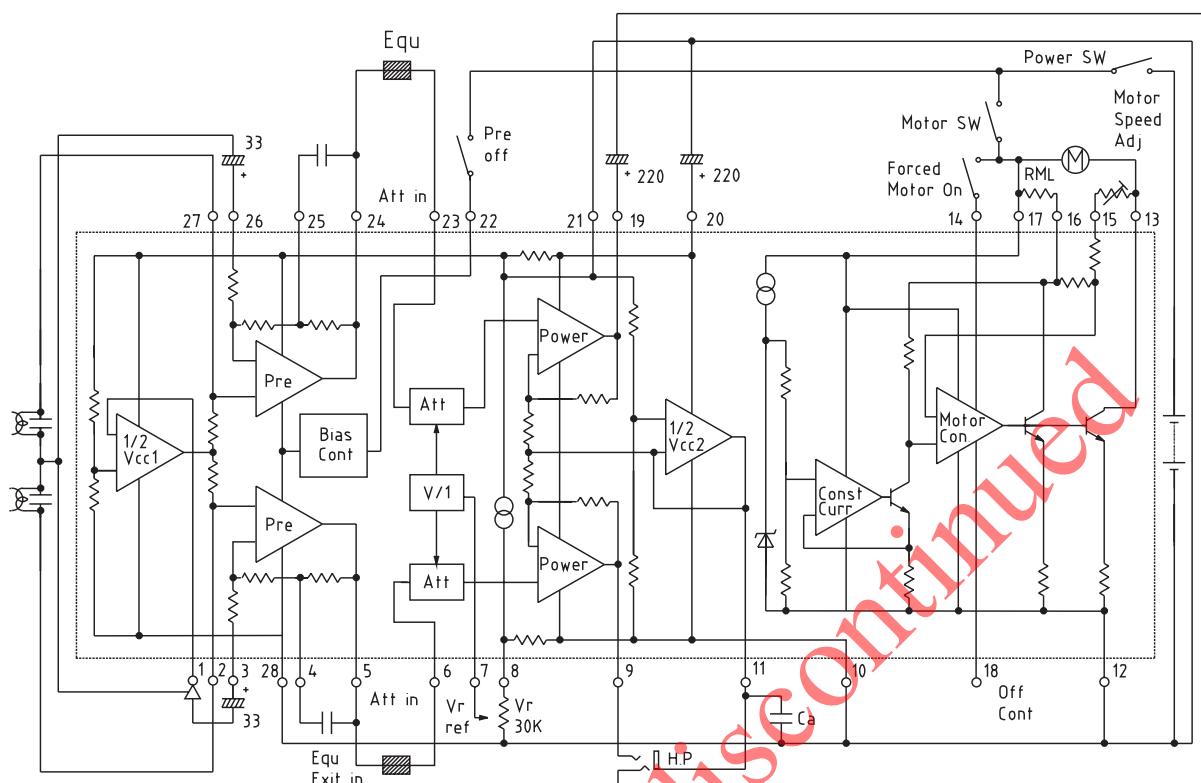
SOP-28B (LAG665F)
SDIP-30A (LAG665D)

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Item | Symbol | Ratings | Units |
|-----------------------|--------|---------------------------------|-------|
| Operating temperature | Topr | -20~+65 | °C |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | -40~+125 | °C |
| Power supply current | Vcc | -0.3~+7.5 | V |
| Power consumption | Pd | 450 (SOP-28B) 750 (SDIP-30A) | mW |
| Operating voltage | Vop | 2.0~5.0 | V |

Electrical Characteristics (Except where noted otherwise, Ta=25°C)

Block Diagram



Note 1: The potentiometer for motor speed adjustment is 150ΩHM.
(where the motor used is assumed to be M2SE-7 (Mitsumi)).

Note 2: RML (motor load correction resistance)

Note 3: When the preamp off pin is connected to +Vcc,

the preamp circuits are turned off.

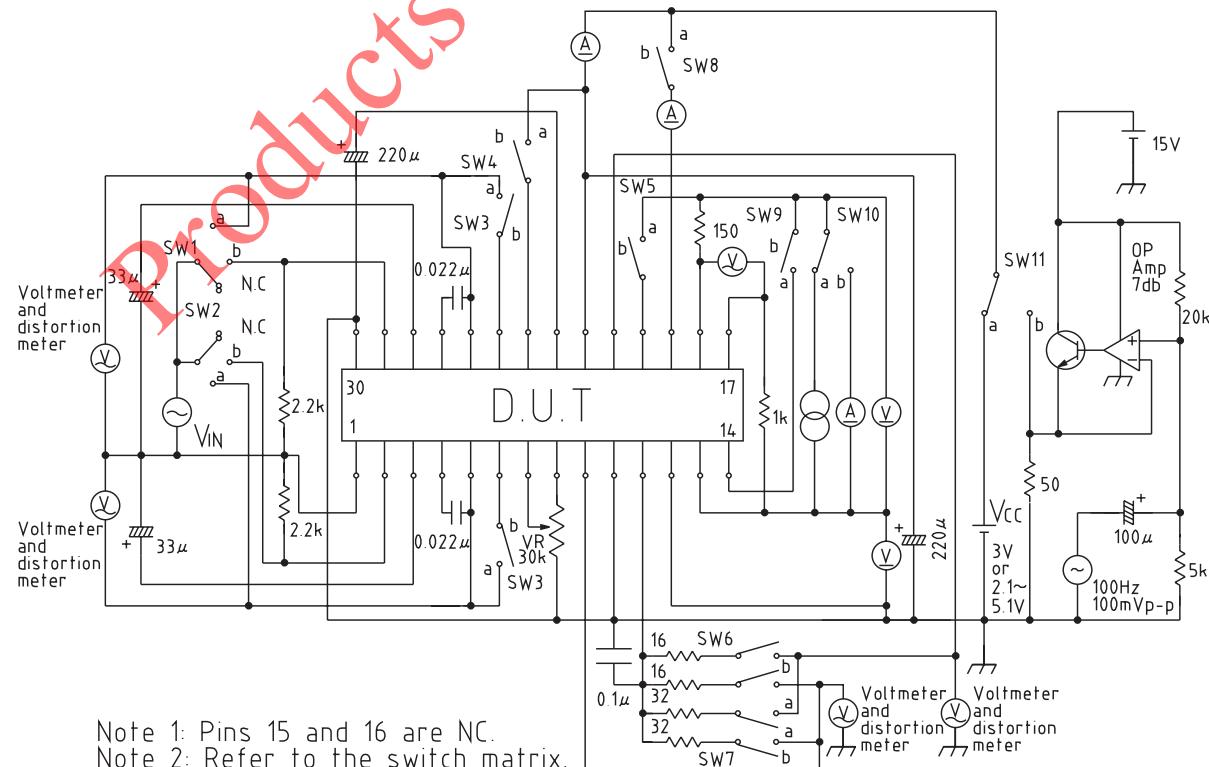
Note 4: When the motor forced-on pin is connected to +Vcc,

the motor is turned on (no control).

Ca is a 100,000 pF capacitor used to prevent oscillation

in the 1/2Vcc and amp circuits. Pins 15 and 16 are NC.

Measuring Circuit



Note 1: Pins 15 and 16 are NC.

Note 2: Refer to the switch matrix.

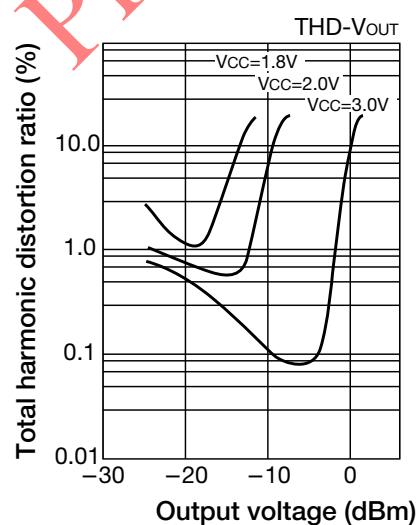
Switch Matrix

| Item | Switch Number | | | | | | | | | | | Conditions (Except where noted otherwise, $R_L=16\Omega$, $V_{CC}=3V$, $F_{osc}=1kHz$) | |
|--|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|---|-----------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | | |
| Consumption current | c | c | a | b | b | a | b | b | b | a | a | IM=0mA, VR=max. | Amp unit |
| Closed-circuit gain | b | b | b | | | | | | | | | VO=-10dBm | |
| Maximum output voltage | | | | | | | | | | | | THD=10% | |
| Total harmonic distortion ratio | ▼ | ▼ | | | | | | | | | | VO=400mVrms | |
| Output noise voltage | c | c | | | | | | | | | | Measured after inserting BPF (30 Hz to 20 kHz) | Preamp unit |
| Crosstalk between channels | b | | | | | | | | | | | VO=-10dBm, measured with channels swapped using SW1, SW2 | |
| Output voltage with preamp off | b | ▼ | ▼ | a | | | | | | | | VIN=100mVrms | |
| Maximum input voltage | a | a | a | | | | | | | | | VIN voltage when VR=mid, THD=10% | |
| Maximum attenuation | | | | | | | | | | | | Difference in VO output when VR=max and output voltage when VR=min | Attenuator unit |
| Voltage gain | | | | | | | | | | | | POUT=5mW | |
| Voltage gain difference between channels | | | | | | | ▼ | ▼ | | | | Channel output difference at VR=max | |
| Maximum output power I | | | | | | b | a | | | | | RL=32Ω, THD=10% | |
| Maximum output power II | | | | | | a | b | | | | | RL=16Ω, THD=10% | |
| Total harmonic distortion ratio | ▼ | | | | | | | | | | | POUT=5mW | |
| Crosstalk between channels | ▼ | c | | | | | | | | | | POUT=5mW measured with channels swapped output voltage when VR=min | |
| Output noise voltage | c | | ▼ | b | | | | | | | | VR=min. | |
| Ripple rejection | | b | a | | | | | | | | | VR=max. | |
| Pre + power noise | | a | b | | | | ▼ | | | | | VR=max. | |
| Consumption current | | | a | | | | a | | | | | IM=0mA | |
| Startup current | | | | | | | | b | | | | | |
| Reference voltage | | | | | | | | a | | | | IM=100mA (15~16PIN) | |
| Reference voltage fluctuation I | | | | | | | | | | | | IM=100mA, VCC=2.1~5.0V (13~17PIN) | |
| Reference voltage fluctuation II | | | | | | | ▼ | | | | | VCC=3.0V, IM=25~250mA | |
| Output voltage on forced on | | | | | a | | | | | | | IM=200mA | |
| Leakage current on forced off | ▼ | ▼ | ▼ | ▼ | b | ▼ | ▼ | ▼ | a | b | ▼ | | |

Note: For switches with only on and off states, a = on and b = off.

Characteristics

Preamplifier



Attenuator

