

TLC1078, TLC1078Y, TLC1079, TLC1079Y LinCMOS™ μ POWER PRECISION OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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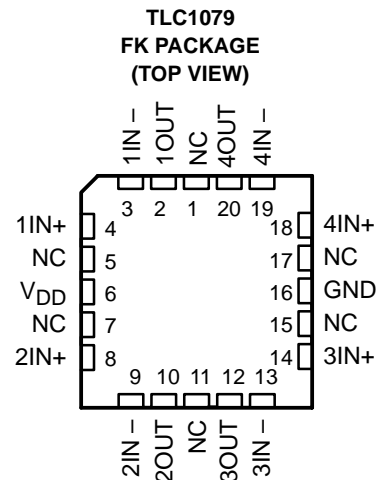
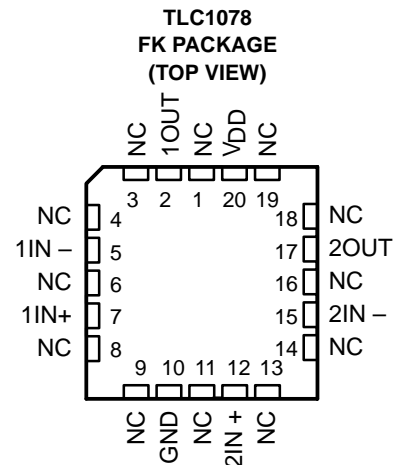
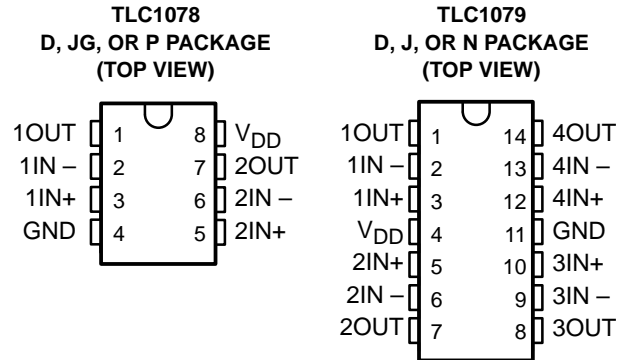
- Power Dissipation as Low as 10 μ W Typ Per Amplifier
- Operates on a Single Silver-Oxide Watch Battery, $V_{DD} = 1.4$ V Min
- $V_{IO} \dots 450 \mu\text{V}/850 \mu\text{V}$ Max in DIP and Small-Outline Package (TLC1078/79)
- Input Offset Voltage Drift $\dots 0.1 \mu\text{V}/\text{Month}$ Typ, Including the First 30 Days
- High-impedance LinCMOS™ Inputs
 $I_{IB} = 0.6$ pA Typ
- High Open-Loop Gain $\dots 800000$ Typ
- Output Drive Capability > 20 mA
- Slew Rate $\dots 47$ V/ms Typ
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Extends Below the Negative Rail
- Output Voltage Range Includes Negative Rail
- On-Chip ESD-Protection Circuitry
- Small-Outline Package Option Also Available in Tape and Reel

description

The TLC107x operational amplifiers offer ultra-low offset voltage, high gain, 110-kHz bandwidth, 47-V/ms slew rate, and just 150- μ W power dissipation per amplifier.

With a supply voltage of 1.4 V, common-mode input to the negative rail, and output swing to the negative rail, the TLC107xC is an ideal solution for low-voltage battery-operated systems. The 20-mA output drive capability means that the TLC107x can easily drive small resistive and large capacitive loads when needed, while maintaining ultra-low standby power dissipation.

Since this device is functionally compatible as well as pin compatible with the TLC27L2/4 and TLC27L7/9, the TLC107x easily upgrades existing designs that can benefit from its improved performance.



NC – No internal connection



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description (continued)

The TLC107x incorporates internal ESD-protection circuits that will prevent functional failures at voltages up to 2000 V as tested under MIL-PRF-38535, Method 3015.2; however, care should be exercised when handling these devices as exposure to ESD may result in degradation of the device parametric performance. The TLC107x design also inhibits latch-up of the device inputs and outputs even with surge currents as large 100 mA.

The C-suffix devices are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C. The I-suffix devices are characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C. The M-suffix devices are characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of –55°C to 125°C. The wide range of packaging options includes small-outline and chip-carrier versions for high-density system applications.

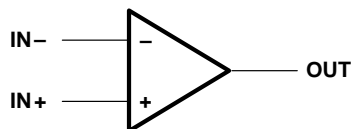
AVAILABLE OPTIONS

| T _A | PACKAGED DEVICES | | | | | | CHIP FORM [‡] (Y) |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| | SMALL OUTLINE [†] (D) | CHIP CARRIER (FK) | CERAMIC DIP (J) | CERAMIC DIP (JG) | PLASTIC DIP (N) | PLASTIC DIP (P) | |
| 0°C to 70°C | TLC1078CD TLC1079CD | — | — | — | TLC1079CN | TLC1078CP | TLC1078Y TLC1079Y |
| –40°C to 85°C | TLC1078ID TLC1079ID | — | — | — | TLC1079IN | TLC1078IP | — |
| –55°C to 125°C | TLC1078MD TLC1079MD | TLC1078MFK TLC1079MFK | TLC1079MJ | TLC1078MJG | TLC1079MN | TLC1078MP | — |

[†] The D package is available taped and reeled. Add the suffix R to the device type (e.g., TLC1078CDR).

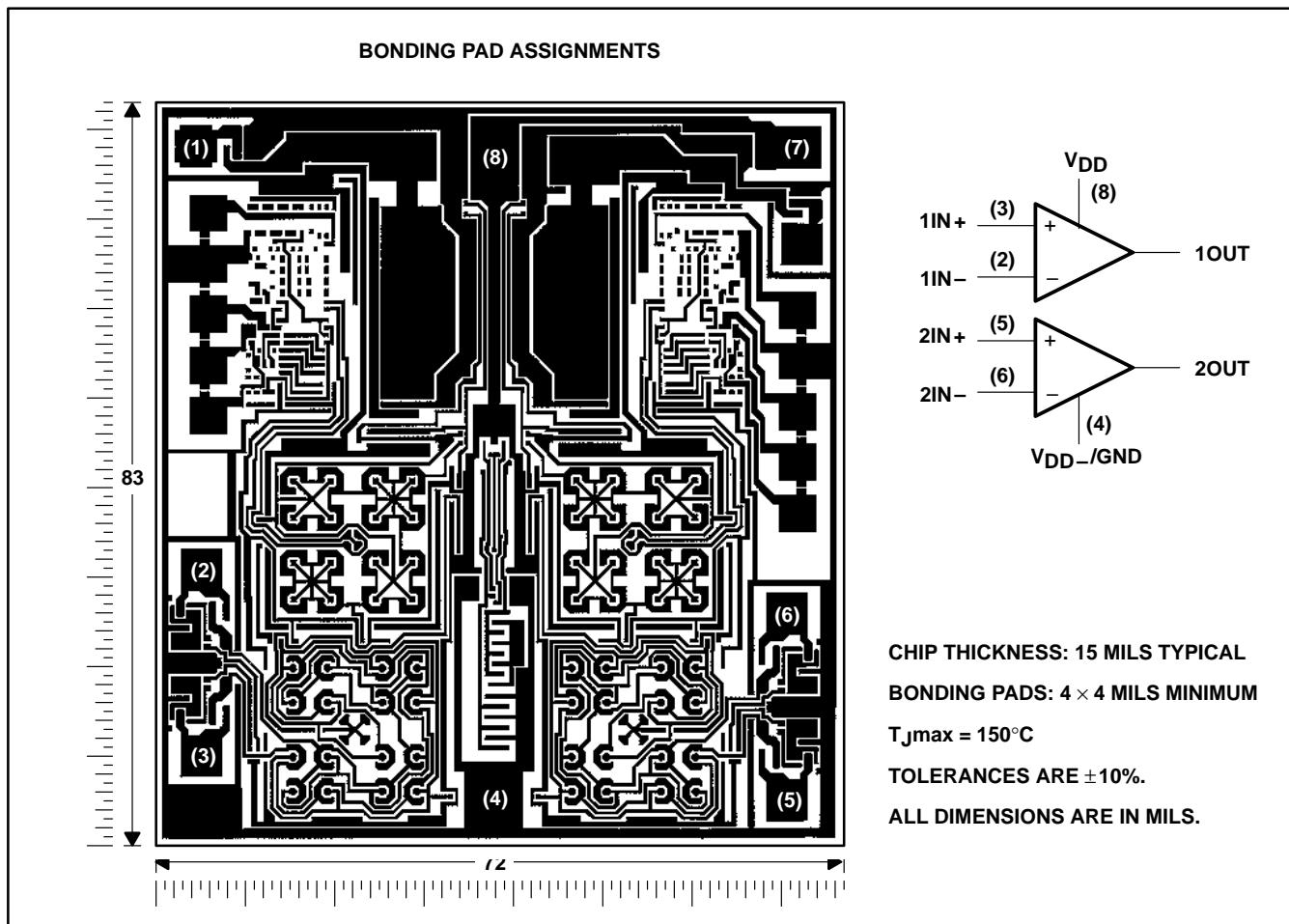
[‡] Chip forms are tested 25°C only.

symbol (each amplifier)



TLC1087Y chip information

This chip, when properly assembled, displays characteristics similar to the TLC1078C. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped-aluminum bonding pads. Chips can be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.

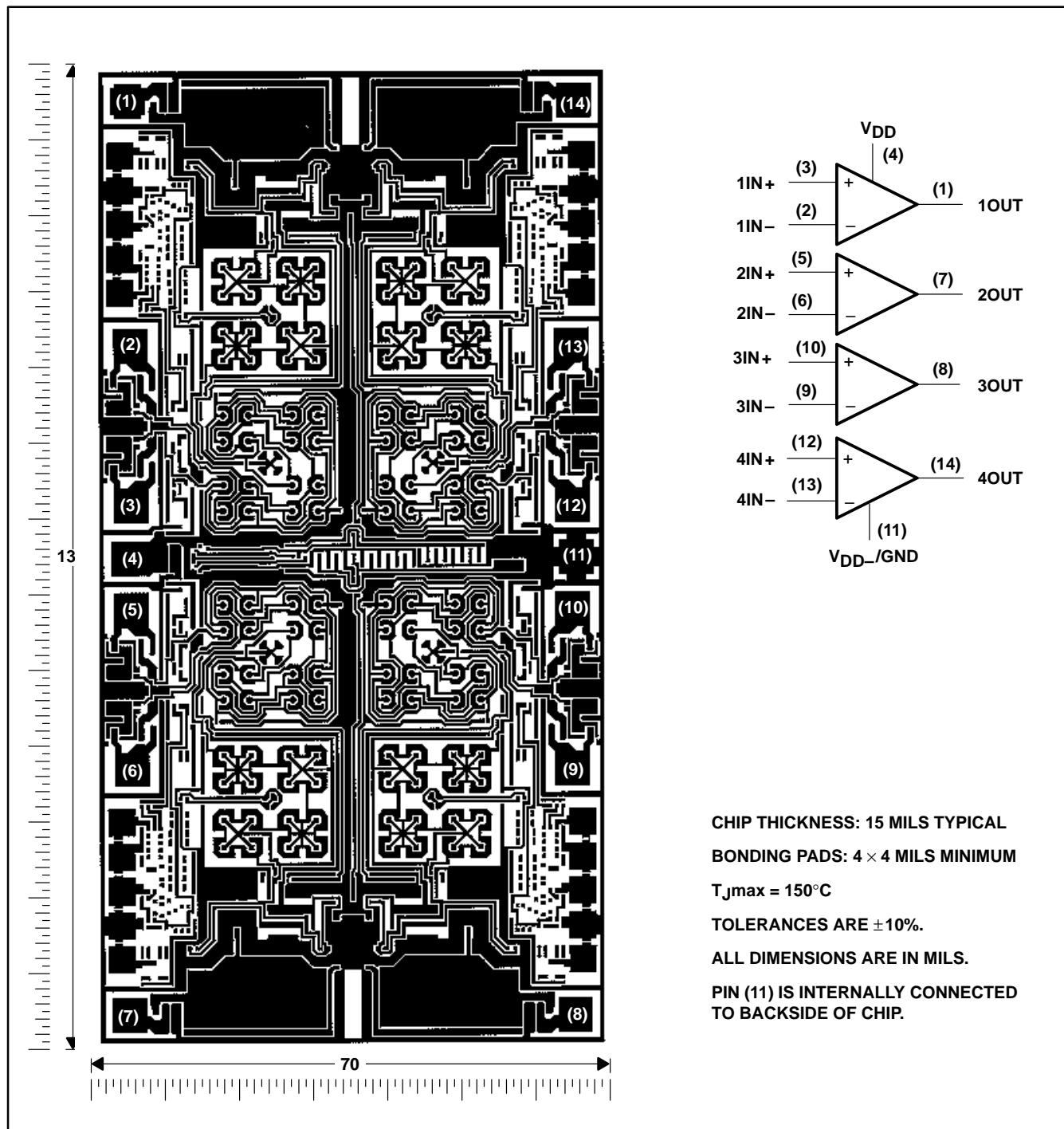


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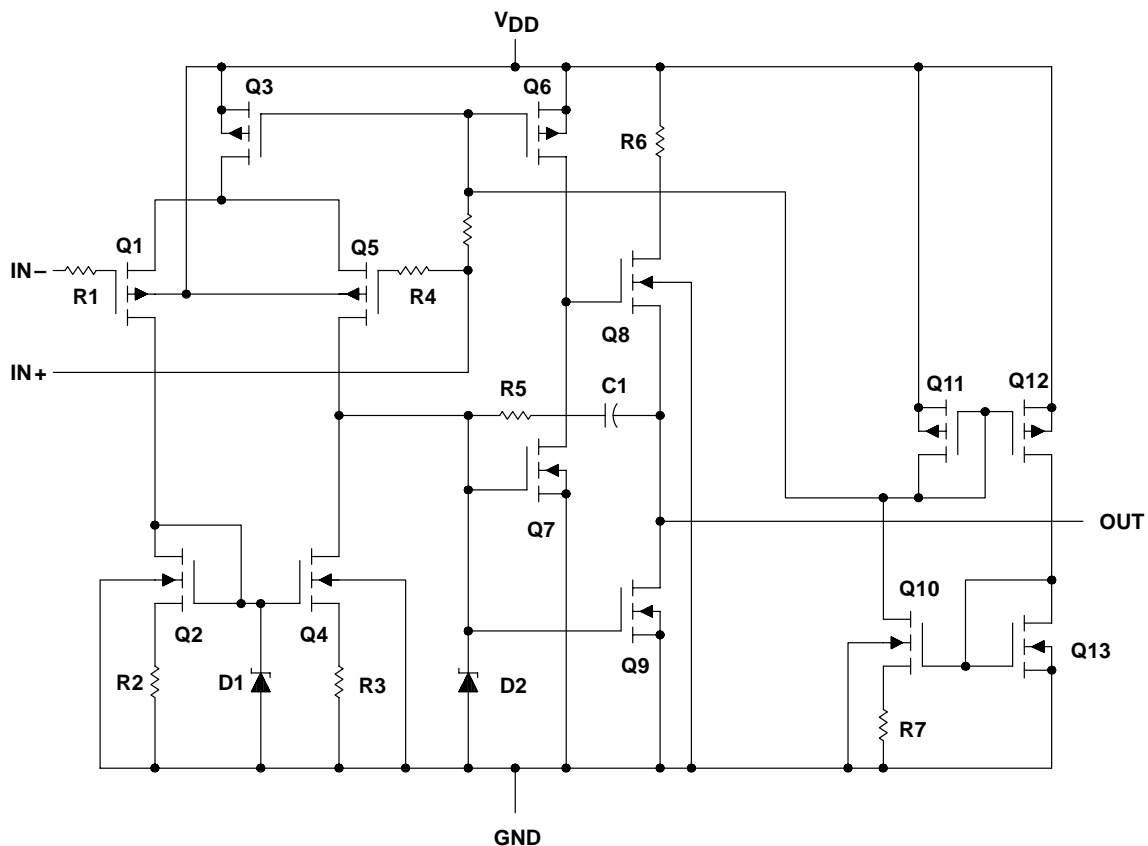
TLC1079Y chip information

This chip, when properly assembled, display characteristics similar to the TLC1079C. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped-aluminum bonding pads. Chips can be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.



CHIP THICKNESS: 15 MILS TYPICAL
 BONDING PADS: 4 × 4 MILS MINIMUM
 $T_{jmax} = 150^{\circ}C$
 TOLERANCES ARE $\pm 10\%$.
 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILS.
 PIN (11) IS INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO BACKSIDE OF CHIP.

equivalent schematic (each amplifier)



| ACTUAL DEVICE COMPONENT COUNT | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|
| COMPONENT | TLC1078 | TLC1079 |
| Transistors | 38 | 76 |
| Resistors | 16 | 32 |
| Diodes | 12 | 24 |
| Capacitors | 2 | 4 |

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

| | |
|---|--|
| Supply voltage, V_{DD} (see Note 1) | 18 V |
| Differential input voltage, V_{ID} (see Note 2) | $\pm V_{DD}$ |
| Input voltage range, V_I (any input) | -0.3 V to V_{DD} |
| Input current, I_I (each input) | ± 5 mA |
| Output current, I_O (each output) | ± 30 mA |
| Total current into V_{DD} (see Note 3) | 45 mA |
| Duration of short-circuit at (or below) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (see Note 3) | unlimited |
| Continuous total power dissipation | see Dissipation Rating Table |
| Operating free-air temperature range, T_A : C suffix | 0°C to 70°C |
| I suffix | -40°C to 85°C |
| M suffix | -55°C to 125°C |
| Storage temperature range | -65°C to 150°C |
| Case temperature for 60 seconds: FK package | 260°C |
| Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds: D or P package | 260°C |
| Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 60 seconds: JG package | 300°C |

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to network ground.
 2. Differential voltages are at $IN+$ with respect to $IN-$.
 3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation ratings are not exceeded.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

| PACKAGE | $T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING | DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING | $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING | $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING |
|---------|---|---|--|--|---|
| D-8 | 725 mW | 5.8 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | 464 mW | 377 mW | 145 mW |
| D-14 | 950 mW | 7.6 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | 608 mW | 494 mW | 190 mW |
| FK | 1375 mW | 11.0 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | 880 mW | 715 mW | 275 mW |
| J | 1375 mW | 11.0 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | 880 mW | 715 mW | 275 mW |
| JG | 1050 mW | 8.4 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | 672 mW | 546 mW | 210 mW |
| N | 1150 mW | 9.2 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | 736 mW | 598 mW | 230 mW |
| P | 1000 mW | 8.0 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | 640 mW | 520 mW | 200 mW |

recommended operating conditions

| | | C SUFFIX | | I SUFFIX | | M SUFFIX | | UNIT |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|------------------|
| | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| Supply voltage, V_{DD} | | 1.4 | 16 | 3 | 16 | 4 | 16 | V |
| Common-mode input voltage, V_{IC} | $V_{DD} = 5$ V | -0.2 | 4 | -0.2 | 4 | 0 | 4 | V |
| | $V_{DD} = 10$ V | -0.2 | 9 | -0.2 | 9 | 0 | 9 | |
| Operating free-air temperature, T_A | | 0 | 70 | -40 | 85 | -55 | 125 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |



electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A † | TLC1078C | | | | | | UNIT |
|---|--|------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----|------------------------|-------------|------|-------|
| | | | V _{DD} = 5 V | | | V _{DD} = 10 V | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V _{IO} Input offset voltage | V _O = 1.4 V, R _S = 50 Ω, V _{IC} = 0, R _I = 1 MΩ | 25°C | 160 | 450 | | 180 | 600 | μV | |
| | | Full range | | 800 | | 950 | | | |
| α _{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | | 25°C to 70°C | 1.1 | | | 1 | | | μV/°C |
| I _{IO} Input offset current (see Note 4) | V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | 25°C | 0.1 | 60 | | 0.1 | 60 | pA | |
| | | 70°C | 7 | 300 | | 7 | 300 | | |
| I _{IB} Input bias current (see Note 4) | | 25°C | 0.6 | 60 | | 0.7 | 60 | pA | |
| | | 70°C | 40 | 600 | | 50 | 600 | | |
| V _{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5) | | 25°C | -0.2 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | | -0.2 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 | V | |
| | | Full range | -0.2 to 3.5 | | | -0.2 to 8.5 | | V | |
| V _{OH} High-level output voltage | V _{ID} = 100 mV, R _L = 1 MΩ | 25°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | V | |
| | | 0°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | | |
| | | 70°C | 3.2 | 4.2 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | | |
| V _{OL} Low-level output voltage | V _{ID} = -100 mV, I _{OL} = 0 | 25°C | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | mV | |
| | | 0°C | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | | |
| | | 70°C | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | | |
| A _{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | R _L = 1 MΩ, See Note 6 | 25°C | 250 | 525 | | 500 | 850 | V/mV | |
| | | 0°C | 250 | 680 | | 500 | 1010 | | |
| | | 70°C | 200 | 380 | | 350 | 660 | | |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio | V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin} | 25°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | dB | |
| | | 0°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | | |
| | | 70°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | | |
| k _{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV _{DD} /ΔV _{IO}) | V _O = 1.4 V | 25°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | dB | |
| | | 0°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | | |
| | | 70°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | | |
| I _{DD} Supply current (two amplifiers) | V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load | 25°C | 20 | 34 | | 29 | 46 | μA | |
| | | 0°C | 24 | 42 | | 36 | 66 | | |
| | | 70°C | 16 | 28 | | 22 | 40 | | |

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

- NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.
5. This range also applies to each input individually.
6. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_O = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_O = 1 V to 6 V.

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A † | TLC1079C | | | | | | UNIT |
|--|---|--------------|-----------------------|-------------|------|------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| | | | $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ | | | $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$ | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}, V_{IC} = 0,$ $R_S = 50\ \Omega, R_I = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ | 25°C | 190 | 850 | | 200 | 1150 | μV | |
| Full range | | | 1200 | | 1500 | | | | |
| α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | | 25°C to 70°C | 1.1 | | | 1 | | | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| I_{IO} Input offset current (see Note 4) | $V_O = V_{DD}/2,$ $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$ | 25°C | 0.1 | 60 | | 0.1 | 60 | pA | |
| | | 70°C | 7 | 300 | | 7 | 300 | | |
| I_{IB} Input bias current (see Note 4) | | 25°C | 0.6 | 60 | | 0.7 | 60 | pA | |
| | | 70°C | 40 | 600 | | 50 | 600 | | |
| V_{ICR} Common mode input voltage range (see Note 5) | | 25°C | -0.2 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | | -0.2 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 | V | |
| | | Full range | -0.2 to 3.5 | | | -0.2 to 8.5 | | V | |
| V_{OH} High-level output voltage | $V_{ID} = 100\text{ mV},$ $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ | 25°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | V | |
| | | 0°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | | |
| | | 70°C | 3.2 | 4.2 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | | |
| V_{OL} Low-level output voltage | $V_{ID} = -100\text{ mV},$ $I_{OL} = 0$ | 25°C | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | mV | |
| | | 0°C | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | | |
| | | 70°C | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | | |
| A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega,$ See Note 6 | 25°C | 250 | 525 | | 500 | 850 | V/mV | |
| | | 0°C | 250 | 700 | | 500 | 1010 | | |
| | | 70°C | 200 | 380 | | 350 | 660 | | |
| CMRR Common mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = V_{ICRmin}$ | 25°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | dB | |
| | | 0°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | | |
| | | 70°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | | |
| k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V to }10\text{ V},$ $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ | 25°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | dB | |
| | | 0°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | | |
| | | 70°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | | |
| I_{DD} Supply current (four amplifiers) | $V_O = V_{DD}/2,$ $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,$ No load | 25°C | 40 | 68 | | 57 | 92 | μA | |
| | | 0°C | 48 | 84 | | 72 | 132 | | |
| | | 70°C | 31 | 56 | | 44 | 80 | | |

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

- NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.
5. This range also applies to each input individually.
6. At $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}, V_O = 0.25\text{ V to }2\text{ V};$ at $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}, V_O = 1\text{ V to }6\text{ V}.$



operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A | TLC1078C | | | | | | UNIT |
|---|---|----------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|------------------------|-----|------------------------|------|
| | | | V _{DD} = 5 V | | | V _{DD} = 10 V | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR Slew rate at unity gain | R _L = 1 M Ω , C _L = 20 pF, V _{I(PP)} = 1 V, See Figure 1 | 25°C | | 32 | | | 47 | V/ms | |
| | | 0°C | | 35 | | | 51 | | |
| | | 70°C | | 27 | | | 38 | | |
| V _n Equivalent input noise voltage | f = 1 kHz, R _S = 20 Ω | 25°C | | 68 | | | 68 | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ | |
| B ₁ Unity-gain bandwidth | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | 25°C | | 85 | | | 110 | kHz | |
| | | 0°C | | 100 | | | 125 | | |
| | | 70°C | | 65 | | | 90 | | |
| ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | 25°C | | 34° | | | 38° | | |
| | | 0°C | | 36° | | | 40° | | |
| | | 70°C | | 30° | | | 34° | | |

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A | TLC1079C | | | | | | UNIT |
|---|---|----------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|------------------------|-----|------------------------|------|
| | | | V _{DD} = 5 V | | | V _{DD} = 10 V | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR Slew rate at unity gain | R _L = 1 M Ω , C _L = 20 pF, V _{I(PP)} = 1 V, See Figure 1 | 25°C | | 32 | | | 47 | V/ms | |
| | | 0°C | | 35 | | | 51 | | |
| | | 70°C | | 27 | | | 38 | | |
| V _n Equivalent input noise voltage | f = 1 kHz, R _S = 20 Ω | 25°C | | 68 | | | 68 | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ | |
| B ₁ Unity-gain bandwidth | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | 25°C | | 85 | | | 110 | kHz | |
| | | 0°C | | 100 | | | 125 | | |
| | | 70°C | | 65 | | | 90 | | |
| ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | 25°C | | 34° | | | 38° | | |
| | | 0°C | | 36° | | | 40° | | |
| | | 70°C | | 30° | | | 34° | | |

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A † | TLC1078I | | | | | | UNIT |
|--|---|--------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----|------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| | | | $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ | | | $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$ | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$, $V_{IC} = 0$, $R_I = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ | 25°C | 160 | 450 | | 180 | 600 | μV | |
| | | Full range | | 950 | | 1100 | | | |
| α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | | 25°C to 85°C | 1.1 | | | 1 | | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| I_{IO} Input offset current (see Note 4) | $V_O = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$ | 25°C | 0.1 | 60 | | 0.1 | 60 | pA | |
| | | 85°C | 24 | 1000 | | 26 | 1000 | | |
| I_{IB} Input bias current (see Note 4) | | | 25°C | 0.6 | 60 | | 0.7 | 60 | pA |
| | | 85°C | 200 | 2000 | | 220 | 2000 | | |
| V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5) | | 25°C | -0.2 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | | -0.2 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 | V | |
| | | Full range | -0.2 to 3.5 | | | -0.2 to 8.5 | | V | |
| V_{OH} High-level output voltage | $V_{ID} = 100\text{ mV}$, $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ | 25°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | V | |
| | | -40°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | | |
| | | 85°C | 3.2 | 4.2 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | | |
| V_{OL} Low-level output voltage | $V_{ID} = -100\text{ mV}$, $I_{OL} = 0$ | 25°C | | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | mV |
| | | -40°C | | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | |
| | | 85°C | | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | |
| AVD Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$, See Note 6 | 25°C | 250 | 525 | | 500 | 850 | V/mV | |
| | | -40°C | 250 | 900 | | 500 | 1550 | | |
| | | 85°C | 150 | 300 | | 250 | 585 | | |
| $CMRR$ Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = V_{ICRmin}$ | 25°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | dB | |
| | | -40°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | | |
| | | 85°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | | |
| k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ | 25°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | dB | |
| | | -40°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | | |
| | | 85°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | | |
| I_{DD} Supply current (two amplifiers) | $V_O = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load | 25°C | | 20 | 34 | | 29 | 46 | μA |
| | | -40°C | | 31 | 54 | | 50 | 86 | |
| | | 85°C | | 15 | 26 | | 20 | 36 | |

† Full range is -40°C to 80°C.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.

6. At $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0.25\text{ V}$ to 2 V ; at $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1\text{ V}$ to 6 V .



electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A † | TLC1079I | | | | | | UNIT |
|---|--|------------------|-----------------------|-------------|------|------------------------|-------------|------|-------|
| | | | V _{DD} = 5 V | | | V _{DD} = 10 V | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V _{IO} Input offset voltage | V _O = 1.4 V, V _{IC} = 0, R _S = 50 Ω, R _I = 1 MΩ | 25°C | | 190 | 850 | | 200 | 1150 | μV |
| | | Full range | | | 1350 | | | 1650 | |
| α _{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | | 25°C to 85°C | | 1.1 | | | 1 | | μV/°C |
| I _{IO} Input offset current (see Note 4) | V _O = V _{DD} / 2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} / 2 | 25°C | | 0.1 | 60 | | 0.1 | 60 | pA |
| | | 85°C | | 24 | 1000 | | 26 | 1000 | |
| I _{IB} Input bias current (see Note 4) | | 25°C | | 0.6 | 60 | | 0.7 | 60 | pA |
| | | 85°C | | 200 | 2000 | | 220 | 2000 | |
| V _{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5) | | 25°C | -0.2 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | | -0.2 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 | | V |
| | | Full range | -0.2 to 3.5 | | | -0.2 to 8.5 | | | V |
| V _{OH} High-level output voltage | V _{ID} = 100 mV, R _L = 1 MΩ | 25°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | | V |
| | | -40°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | | |
| | | 85°C | 3.2 | 4.2 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | | |
| V _{OL} Low-level output voltage | V _{ID} = -100 mV, I _{OL} = 0 | 25°C | | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | mV |
| | | -40°C | | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | |
| | | 85°C | | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | |
| A _{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | R _L = 1 MΩ, See Note 6 | 25°C | 250 | 525 | | 500 | 850 | | V/mV |
| | | -40°C | 250 | 900 | | 500 | 1550 | | |
| | | 85°C | 150 | 330 | | 250 | 585 | | |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio | V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin} | 25°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | | dB |
| | | -40°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | | |
| | | 85°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | | |
| k _{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV _{DD} /ΔV _{IO}) | V _{DD} = 5 V to 10 V, V _O = 1.4 V | 25°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | | dB |
| | | -40°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | | |
| | | 85°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | | |
| I _{DD} Supply current (four amplifiers) | V _O = V _{DD} / 2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} / 2, No load | 25°C | | 40 | 68 | | 57 | 92 | μA |
| | | -40°C | | 62 | 108 | | 98 | 172 | |
| | | 85°C | | 29 | 52 | | 40 | 72 | |

† Full range is -40°C to 85°C.

- NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.
 5. This range also applies to each input individually.
 6. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_O = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_O = 1 V to 6 V.

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operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A | TLC1078I | | | | | | UNIT |
|---|---|----------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|------------------------|-----|-----|------------------------|
| | | | V _{DD} = 5 V | | | V _{DD} = 10 V | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR Slew rate at unity gain | R _L = 1 M Ω , C _L = 20 pF, V _{I(PP)} = 1 V, See Figure 1 | 25°C | 32 | | | 47 | | | V/ms |
| | | -40°C | 39 | | | 59 | | | |
| | | 85°C | 25 | | | 34 | | | |
| V _n Equivalent input noise voltage | f = 1 kHz, R _S = 20 Ω | 25°C | 68 | | | 68 | | | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| B ₁ Unity-gain bandwidth | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | 25°C | 85 | | | 110 | | | kHz |
| | | -40°C | 130 | | | 155 | | | |
| | | 85°C | 55 | | | 80 | | | |
| ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | 25°C | 34° | | | 38° | | | |
| | | -40°C | 38° | | | 40° | | | |
| | | 85°C | 28° | | | 32° | | | |

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A | TLC1079I | | | | | | UNIT |
|---|---|----------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|------------------------|-----|-----|------------------------|
| | | | V _{DD} = 5 V | | | V _{DD} = 10 V | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR Slew rate at unity gain | R _L = 1 M Ω , C _L = 20 pF, V _{I(PP)} = 1 V, See Figure 1 | 25°C | 32 | | | 47 | | | V/ms |
| | | -40°C | 39 | | | 59 | | | |
| | | 85°C | 25 | | | 34 | | | |
| V _n Equivalent input noise voltage | f = 1 kHz, R _S = 20 Ω | 25°C | 68 | | | 68 | | | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| B ₁ Unity-gain bandwidth | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | 25°C | 85 | | | 110 | | | kHz |
| | | -40°C | 130 | | | 155 | | | |
| | | 85°C | 55 | | | 80 | | | |
| ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | 25°C | 34° | | | 38° | | | |
| | | -40°C | 38° | | | 42° | | | |
| | | 85°C | 28° | | | 32° | | | |



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electrical characteristics at specified operating free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A † | TLC1078M | | | | | | UNIT |
|--|--|------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----|------------------------|-------------|-----|------------|
| | | | V _{DD} = 5 V | | | V _{DD} = 10 V | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V _{IO} Input offset voltage | V _O = 1.4 V, V _{IC} = 0, R _S = 50 Ω , R _L = 1 M Ω | 25°C | 160 | | 450 | 180 | | 600 | μ V |
| | | Full range | 1250 | | | 1400 | | | |
| α _{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | | 25°C to 125°C | 1.4 | | | 1.4 | | | μ V/°C |
| I _{IO} Input offset current (see Note 4) | V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | 25°C | 0.1 | 60 | | 0.1 | 60 | | pA |
| | | 125°C | 1.4 | 15 | | 1.8 | 15 | | nA |
| I _{IB} Input bias current (see Note 4) | | 25°C | 0.6 | 60 | | 0.7 | 60 | | pA |
| | | 125°C | 9 | 35 | | 10 | 35 | | nA |
| V _{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5) | | 25°C | 0 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | | 0 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 | | V |
| | | Full range | 0 to 3.5 | | | 0 to 8.5 | | | V |
| V _{OH} High-level output voltage | V _{ID} = 100 mV, R _L = 1 M Ω | 25°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | | 8.2 | 8.9 | | V |
| | | -55°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | | 8.2 | 8.8 | | |
| | | 125°C | 3.2 | 4.2 | | 8.2 | 9 | | |
| V _{OL} Low-level output voltage | V _{ID} = -100 mV, I _{OL} = 0 | 25°C | | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | mV |
| | | -55°C | | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | |
| | | 125°C | | 0 | 25 | | 0 | 25 | |
| A _{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | R _L = 1 M Ω , See Note 6 | 25°C | 250 | 525 | | 500 | 850 | | V/mV |
| | | -55°C | 250 | 950 | | 500 | 1750 | | |
| | | 125°C | 35 | 200 | | 75 | 380 | | |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio | V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin} | 25°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | | dB |
| | | -55°C | 70 | 95 | | 75 | 97 | | |
| | | 125°C | 70 | 85 | | 75 | 91 | | |
| k _{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio (Δ V _{DD} /ΔV _{IO}) | V _O = 1.4 V | 25°C | 75 | 98 | | 75 | 98 | | dB |
| | | -55°C | 70 | 98 | | 70 | 98 | | |
| | | 125°C | 70 | 98 | | 70 | 98 | | |
| I _{DD} Supply current (two amplifiers) | V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load | 25°C | | 20 | 34 | | 29 | 46 | μ A |
| | | -55°C | | 35 | 60 | | 56 | 96 | |
| | | 125°C | | 14 | 24 | | 18 | 30 | |

† Full range is -55°C to 125°C.

- NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.
5. This range also applies to each input individually.
6. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_O = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_O = 1 V to 6 V.



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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A † | TLC1079M | | | | | | UNIT |
|--|--|---------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------|------------------------|------------------------------|-----|------|
| | | | $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ | | | $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$ | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 0$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$, $R_I = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ | 25°C | 190 850 | | 200 1150 | | μV | | |
| Full range | | 1600 | | 1900 | | | | | |
| α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | | 25°C to 125°C | 1.4 | | 1.4 | | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ | | |
| I_{IO} Input offset current (see Note 4) | $V_O = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$ | 25°C | 0.1 | 60 | 0.1 | 60 | pA | | |
| | | 125°C | 1.4 | 15 | 1.8 | 15 | nA | | |
| I_{IB} Input bias current (see Note 4) | | 25°C | 0.6 | 60 | 0.7 | 60 | pA | | |
| | | 125°C | 9 | 35 | 10 | 35 | nA | | |
| V_{ICR} Common mode input voltage range (see Note 5) | | 25°C | 0 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | 0 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 | V | | |
| | | Full range | 0 to 3.5 | | 0 to 8.5 | | V | | |
| V_{OH} High-level output voltage | $V_{ID} = 100\text{ mV}$, $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ | 25°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | 8.2 | 8.9 | V | | |
| | | -55°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | 8.2 | 8.9 | | | |
| | | 125°C | 3.2 | 4.2 | 8.2 | 9 | | | |
| V_{OL} Low-level output voltage | $V_{ID} = -100\text{ mV}$, $I_{OL} = 0$ | 25°C | 0 25 | | 0 25 | | mV | | |
| | | -55°C | 0 25 | | 0 25 | | | | |
| | | 125°C | 0 25 | | 0 25 | | | | |
| A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$, See Note 6 | 25°C | 250 | 525 | 500 | 850 | V/mV | | |
| | | -55°C | 250 | 950 | 500 | 1750 | | | |
| | | 125°C | 35 | 200 | 75 | 380 | | | |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = V_{ICRmin}$ | 25°C | 70 | 95 | 75 | 97 | dB | | |
| | | -55°C | 70 | 95 | 75 | 97 | | | |
| | | 125°C | 70 | 85 | 75 | 91 | | | |
| k_{SVR} Supply voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V to }10\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ | 25°C | 75 | 98 | 75 | 98 | dB | | |
| | | -55°C | 70 | 98 | 70 | 98 | | | |
| | | 125°C | 70 | 98 | 70 | 98 | | | |
| I_{DD} Supply current (four amplifiers) | $V_O = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load | 25°C | 40 | 68 | 57 | 92 | μA | | |
| | | -55°C | 69 | 120 | 111 | 192 | | | |
| | | 125°C | 27 | 48 | 35 | 60 | | | |

† Full range is -55°C to 125°C.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.

6. At $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0.25\text{ V to }2\text{ V}$; at $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1\text{ V to }6\text{ V}$.



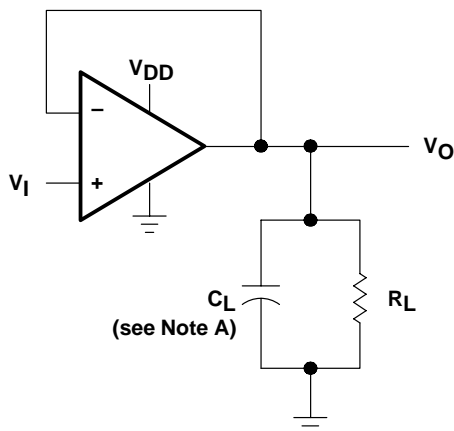
operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A | TLC1078M | | | | | | UNIT |
|---|---|----------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|------------------------|-----|------------------------|------|
| | | | V _{DD} = 5 V | | | V _{DD} = 10 V | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR Slew rate at unity gain | R _L = 1 M Ω , C _L = 20 pF, V _{I(PP)} = 1 V, See Figure 1 | 25°C | | 32 | | | 47 | V/ms | |
| | | -55°C | | 41 | | | 63 | | |
| | | 125°C | | 20 | | | 27 | | |
| V _n Equivalent input noise voltage | f = 1 kHz, R _S = 20 Ω | 25°C | | 68 | | | 68 | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ | |
| B ₁ Unity-gain bandwidth | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | 25°C | | 85 | | | 110 | kHz | |
| | | -55°C | | 140 | | | 165 | | |
| | | 125°C | | 45 | | | 70 | | |
| ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | 25°C | | 34° | | | 38° | | |
| | | -55°C | | 39° | | | 43° | | |
| | | 125°C | | 25° | | | 29° | | |

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T _A | TLC1079M | | | | | | UNIT |
|---|---|----------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|------------------------|-----|------------------------|------|
| | | | V _{DD} = 5 V | | | V _{DD} = 10 V | | | |
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR Slew rate at unity gain | R _L = 1 M Ω , C _L = 20 pF, V _{I(PP)} = 1 V, See Figure 1 | 25°C | | 32 | | | 47 | V/ms | |
| | | -55°C | | 41 | | | 63 | | |
| | | 125°C | | 20 | | | 27 | | |
| V _n Equivalent input noise voltage | f = 1 kHz, R _S = 20 Ω | 25°C | | 68 | | | 68 | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ | |
| B ₁ Unity-gain bandwidth | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | 25°C | | 85 | | | 110 | kHz | |
| | | -55°C | | 140 | | | 165 | | |
| | | 125°C | | 45 | | | 70 | | |
| | | 25°C | | 34° | | | 38° | | |
| ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain | C _L = 20 pF, See Figure 2 | -55°C | | 39° | | | 43° | | |
| | | 125°C | | 25° | | | 29° | | |

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTE A: C_L includes fixture capacitance.

Figure 1. Slew-Rate Test Circuit

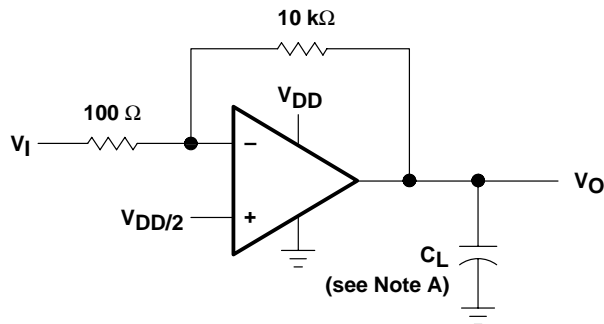


Figure 2. Unity-Gain Bandwidth and Phase-Margin Test Circuit

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

| | | FIGURE |
|----------------|---|---|
| α_{VIO} | Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | Distribution 3 – 6 |
| I_{IB} | Input bias current | vs Free-air temperature 7 |
| I_{IO} | Input offset current | vs Free-air temperature 7 |
| V_{IC} | Common-mode input voltage | vs Supply voltage 8 |
| V_{OH} | High-level output voltage | vs High-level output current 9, 10 |
| | | vs Supply voltage 11 |
| | | vs Free-air temperature 12 |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output voltage | vs Common-mode input voltage 13, 14 |
| | | vs Differential input voltage 15 |
| | | vs Free-air temperature 16 |
| | | vs Low-level output current 17, 18 |
| | | vs Supply voltage 19 |
| A_{VD} | Large-signal differential voltage amplification | vs Free-air temperature 20 |
| | | vs Frequency 21, 22 |
| | | |
| V_{OM} | Maximum peak output voltage | vs Frequency 23 |
| I_{DD} | Supply current | vs Supply voltage 24 |
| | | vs Free-air temperature 25 |
| SR | Slew rate | vs Supply voltage 26 |
| | | vs Free-air temperature 27 |
| | | Normalized slew rate vs Free-air temperature 28 |
| V_n | Equivalent input noise voltage | vs Frequency 29 |
| B_1 | Unity-gain bandwidth | vs Supply voltage 30 |
| | | vs Free-air temperature 31 |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin | vs Supply voltage 32 |
| | | vs Free-air temperature 33 |
| | | vs Capacitive load 34 |
| | Phase shift | vs Frequency 21, 22 |

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC1078
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
 TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

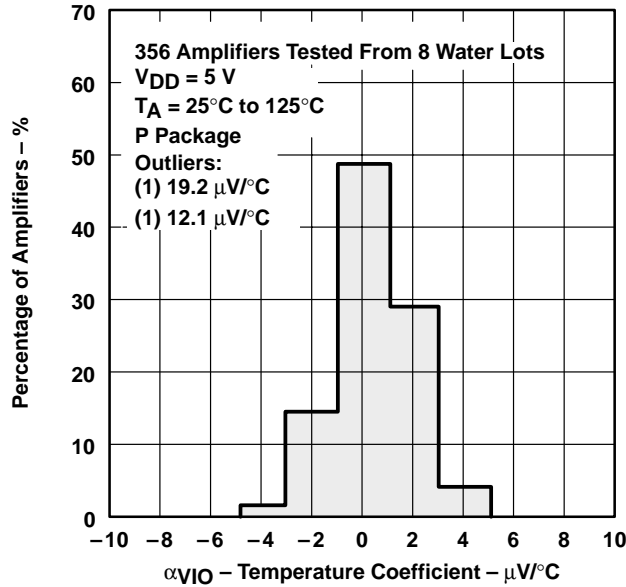


Figure 3

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC1078
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
 TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

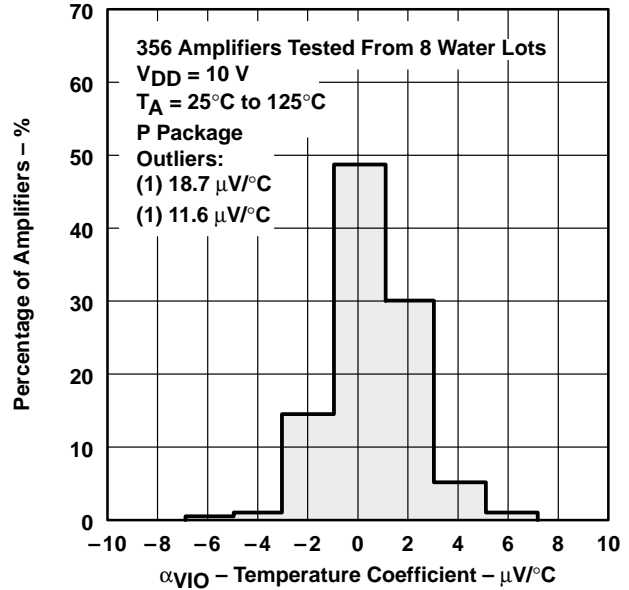


Figure 4

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC1079
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
 TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

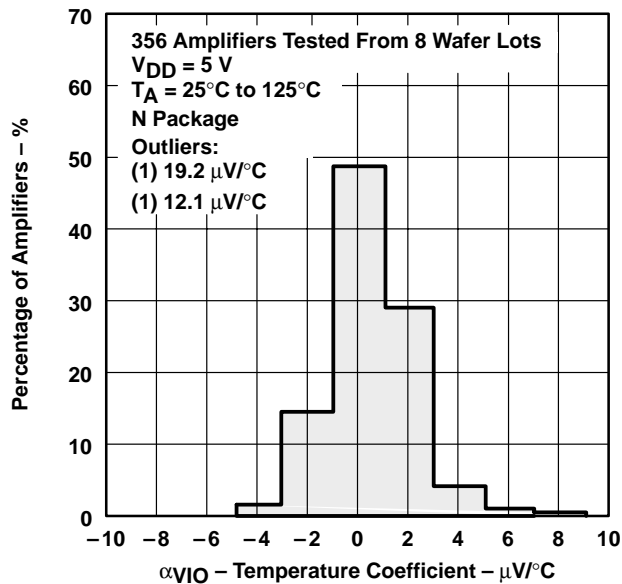


Figure 5

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC1079
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
 TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

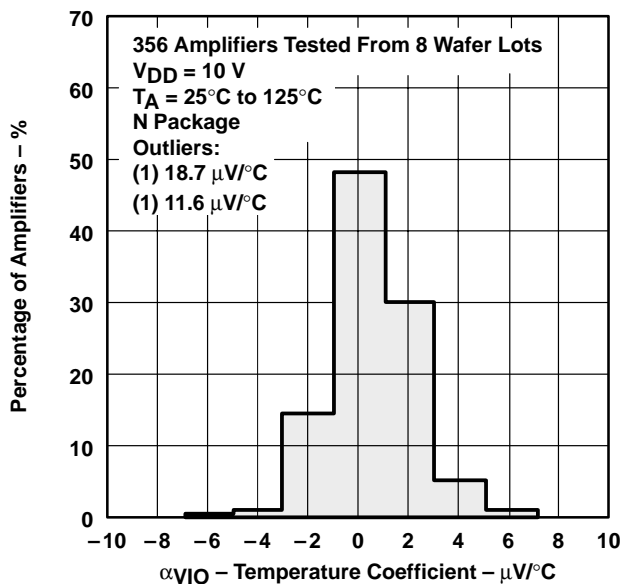
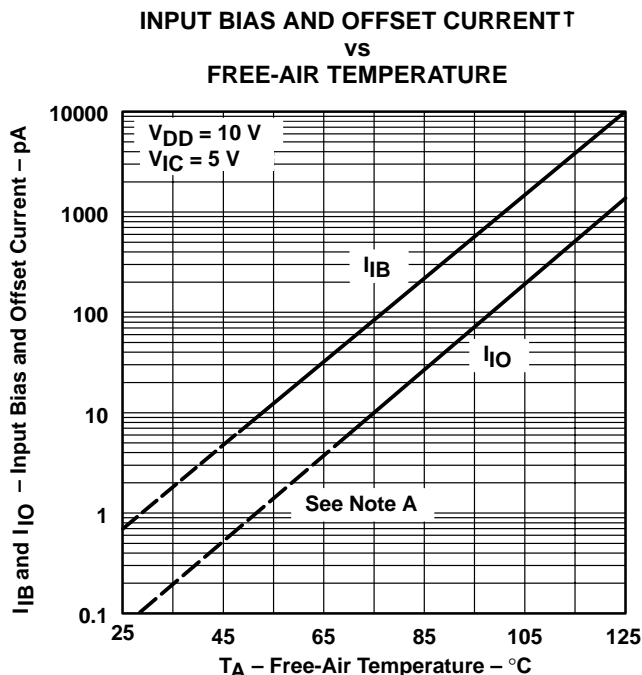


Figure 6

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



NOTE A: The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

Figure 7

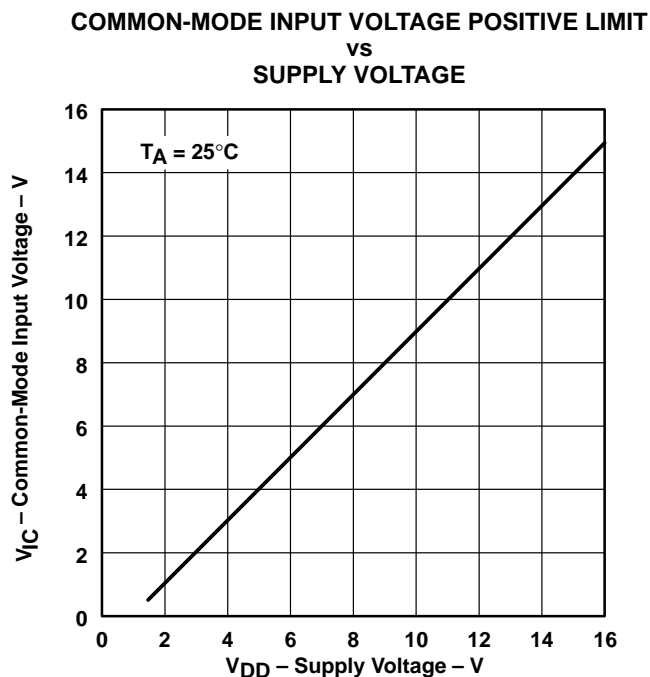


Figure 8

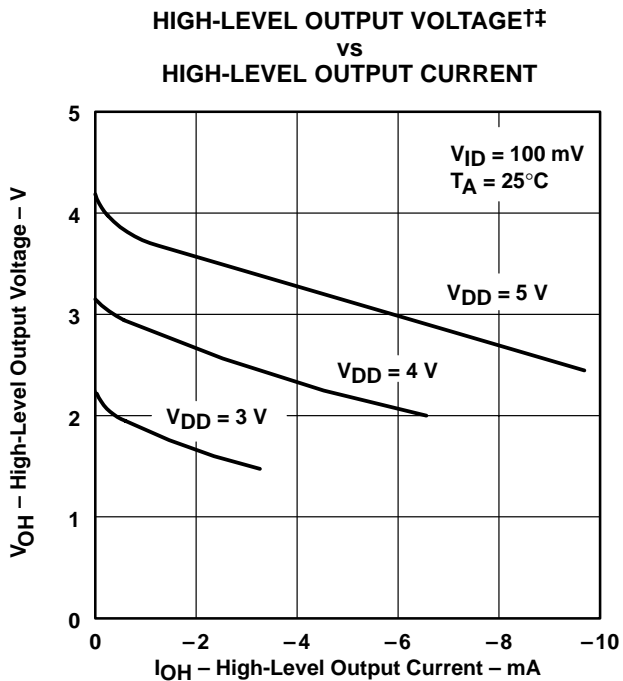


Figure 9

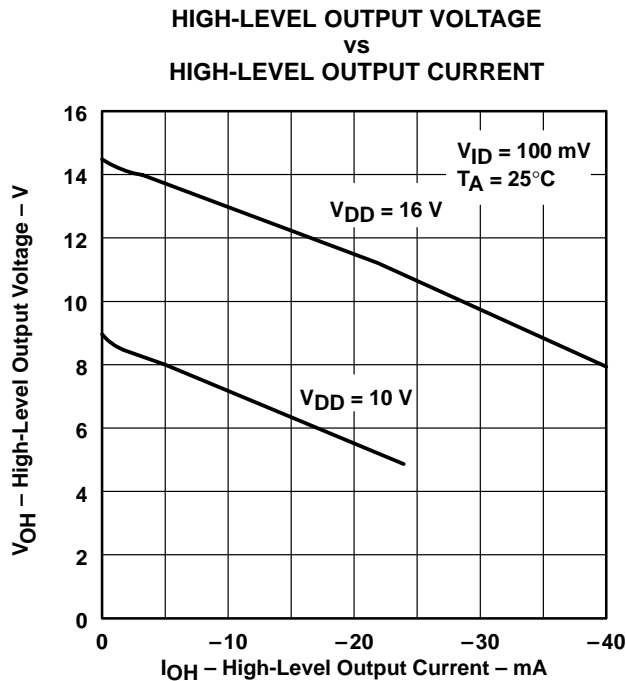


Figure 10

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
 † The $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$ curve does not apply to the TLC107xM.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 vs
 SUPPLY VOLTAGE

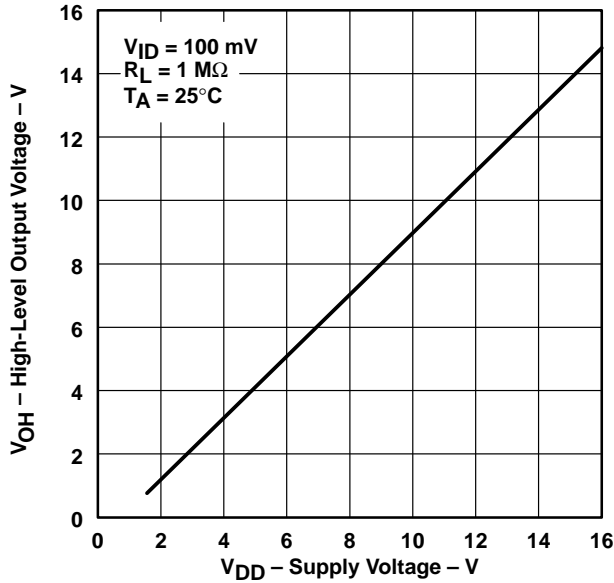


Figure 11

HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE†
 vs
 FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

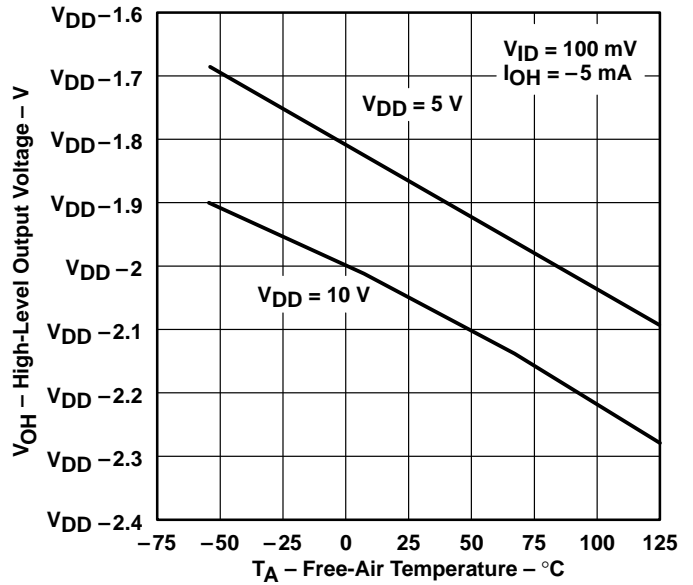


Figure 12

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 vs
 COMMON-MODE INPUT VOLTAGE

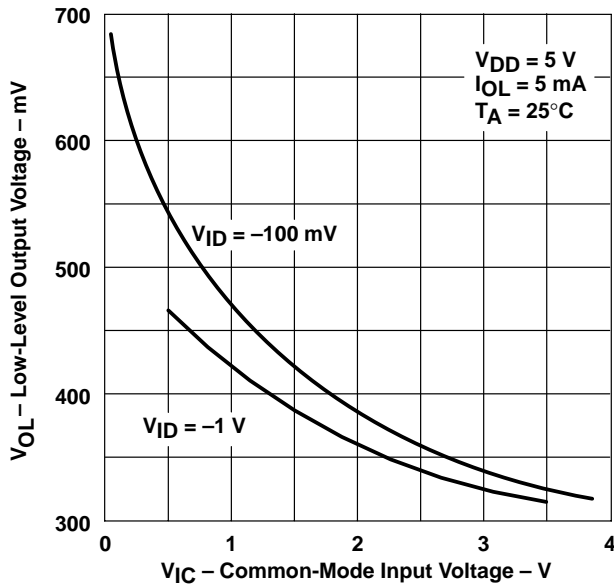


Figure 13

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 vs
 COMMON-MODE INPUT VOLTAGE

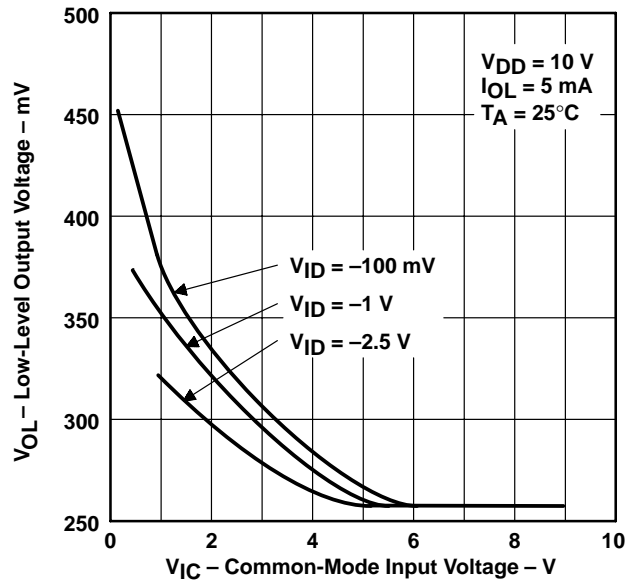


Figure 14

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 VS
 DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE

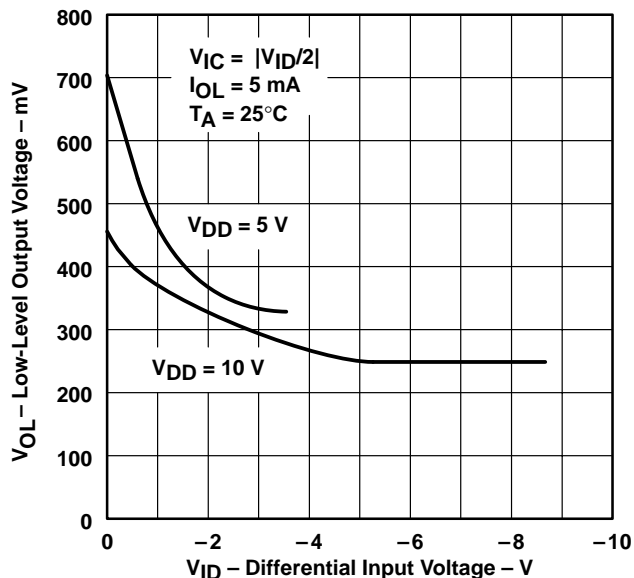


Figure 15

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE†
 VS
 FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

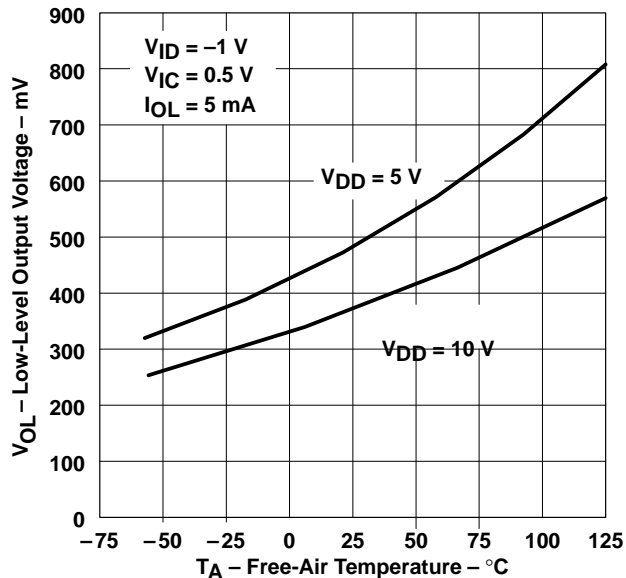


Figure 16

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 VS
 LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

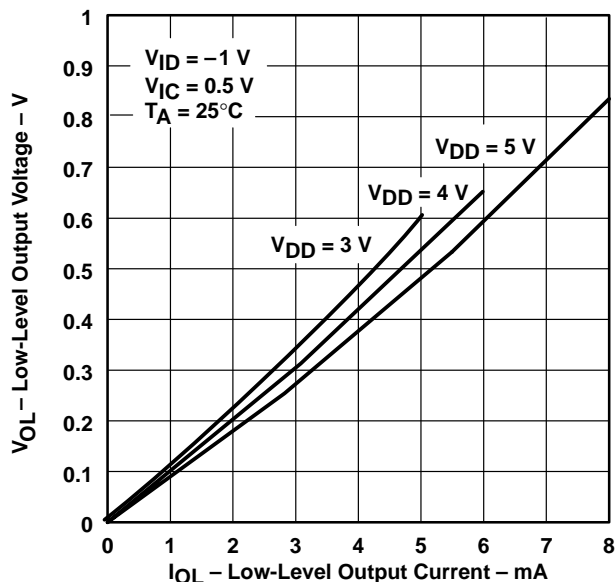


Figure 17

LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 VS
 LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

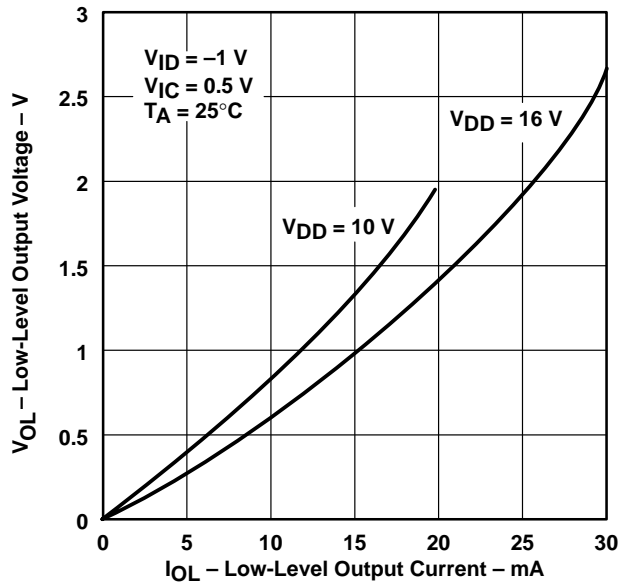


Figure 18

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

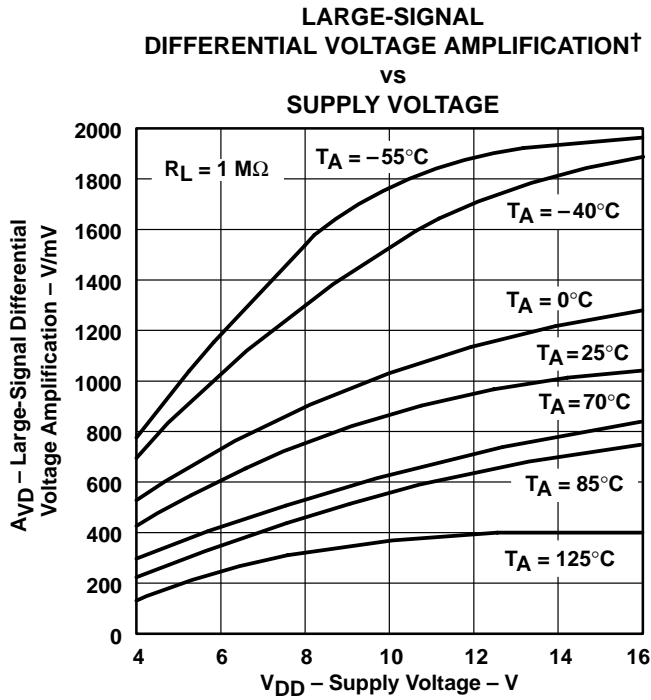


Figure 19

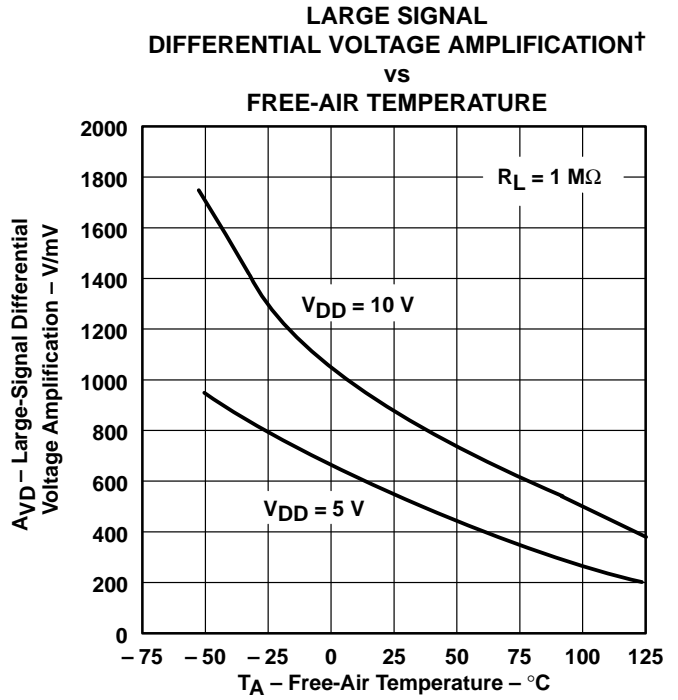


Figure 20

**LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE
AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE SHIFT
vs
FREQUENCY**

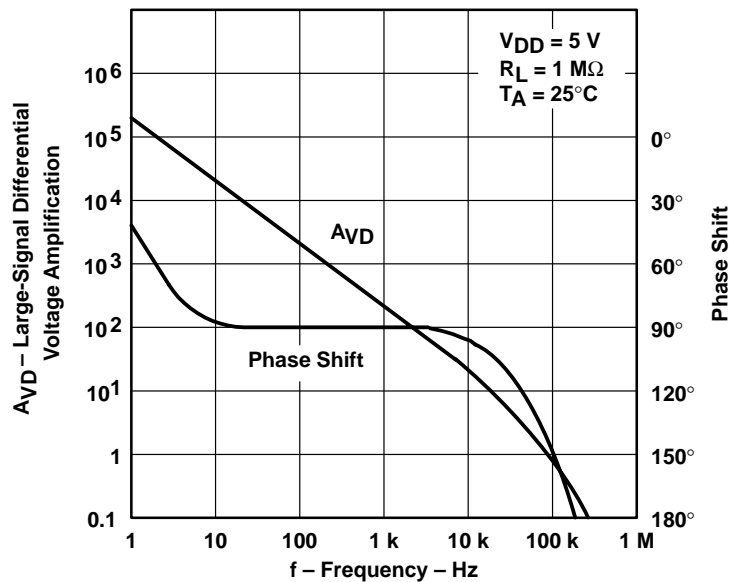


Figure 21

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE
 AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE SHIFT
 VS
 FREQUENCY

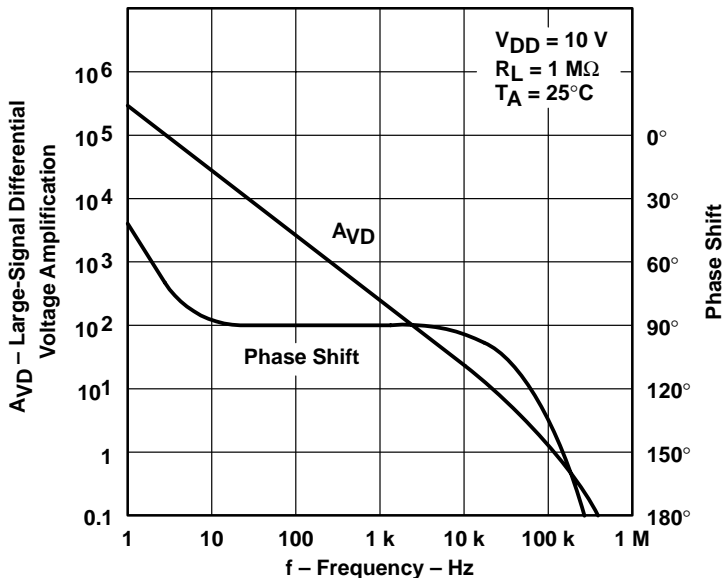


Figure 22

MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 VS
 FREQUENCY

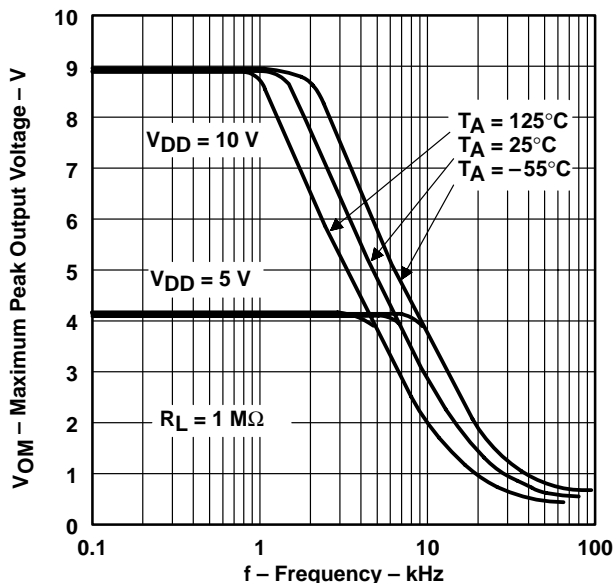


Figure 23

SUPPLY CURRENT†
 VS
 SUPPLY VOLTAGE

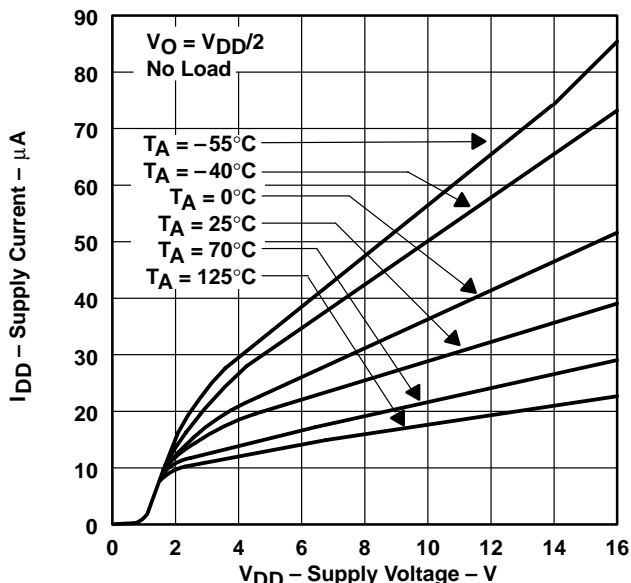
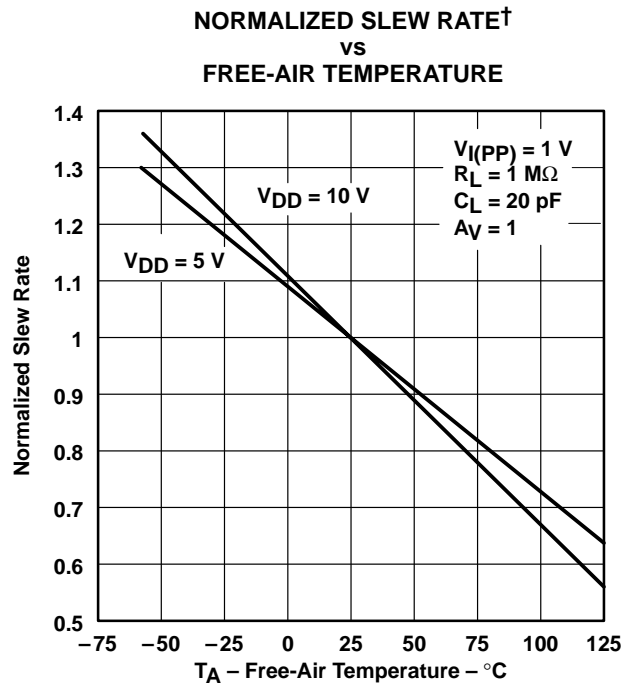
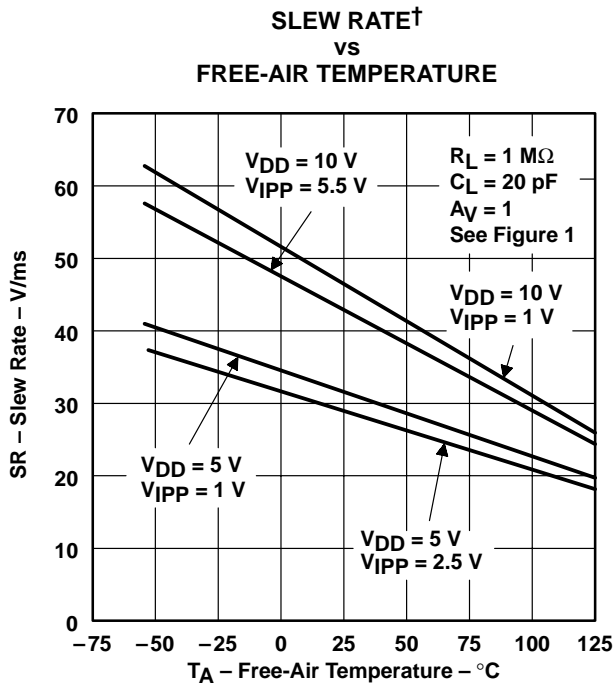
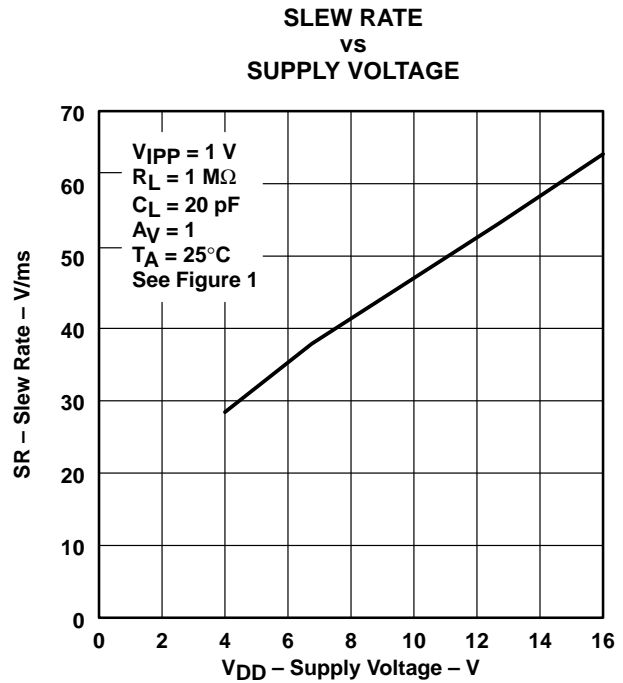
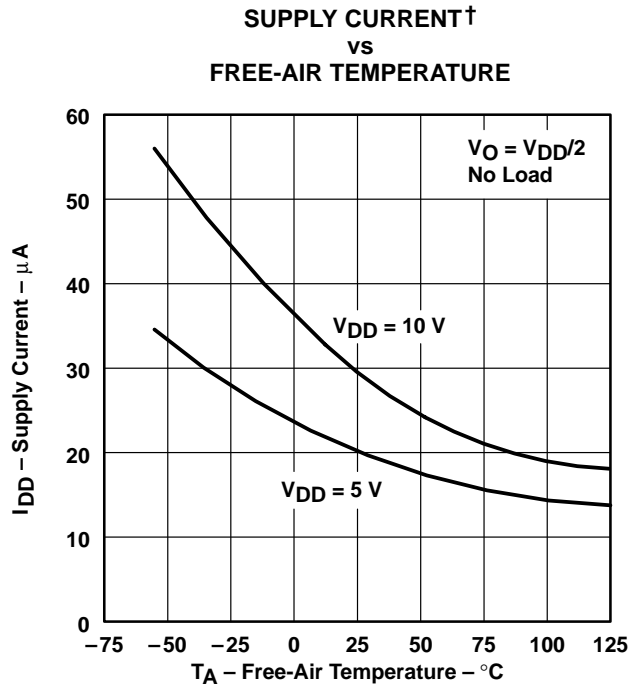


Figure 24

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE
 VS
 FREQUENCY

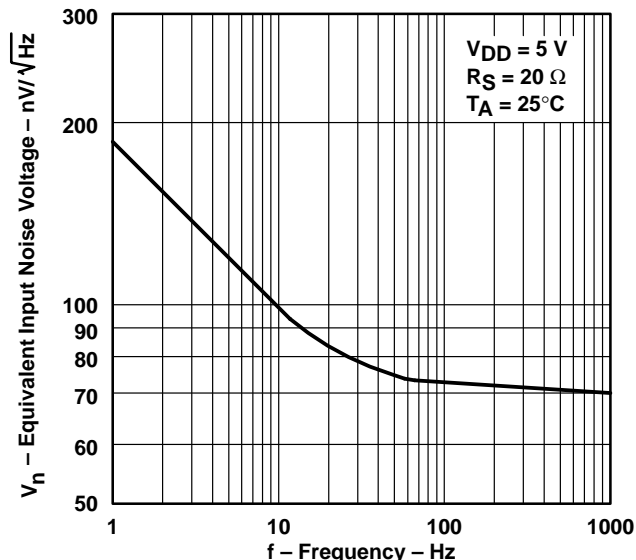


Figure 29

UNITY-GAIN BANDWIDTH
 VS
 SUPPLY VOLTAGE

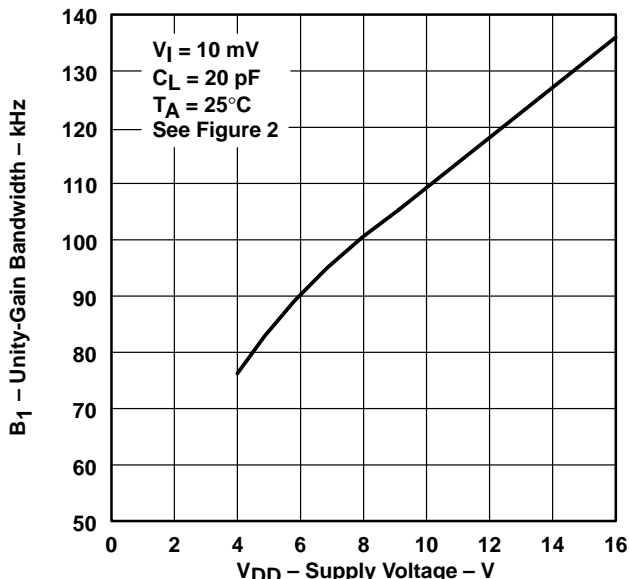


Figure 30

UNITY-GAIN BANDWIDTH†
 VS
 FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

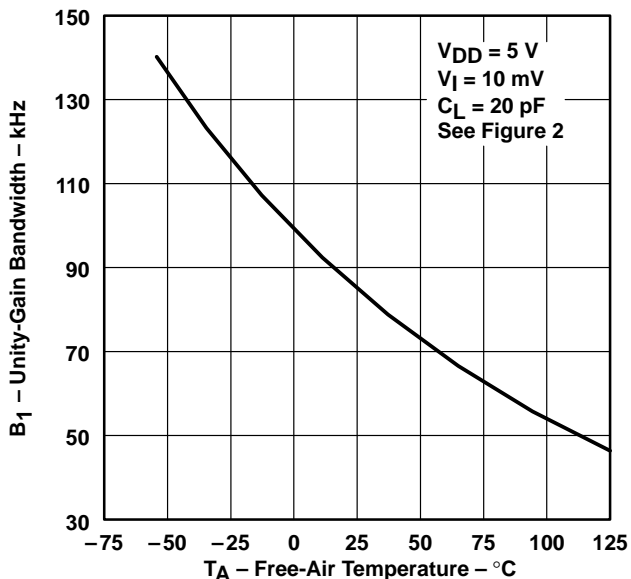


Figure 31

PHASE MARGIN
 VS
 SUPPLY VOLTAGE

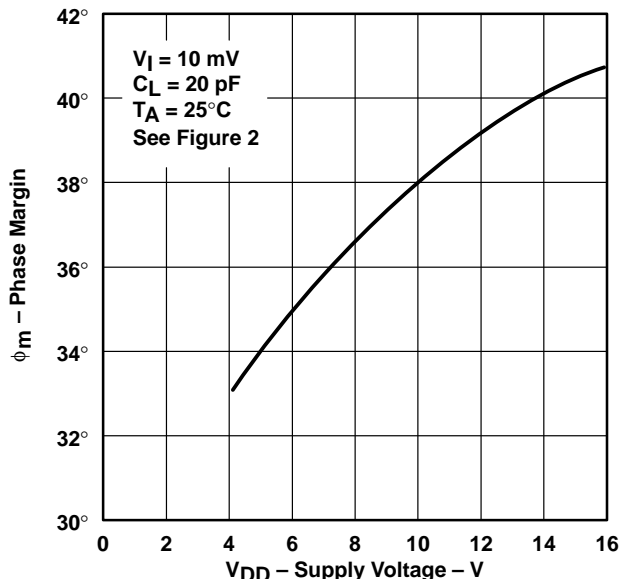


Figure 32

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

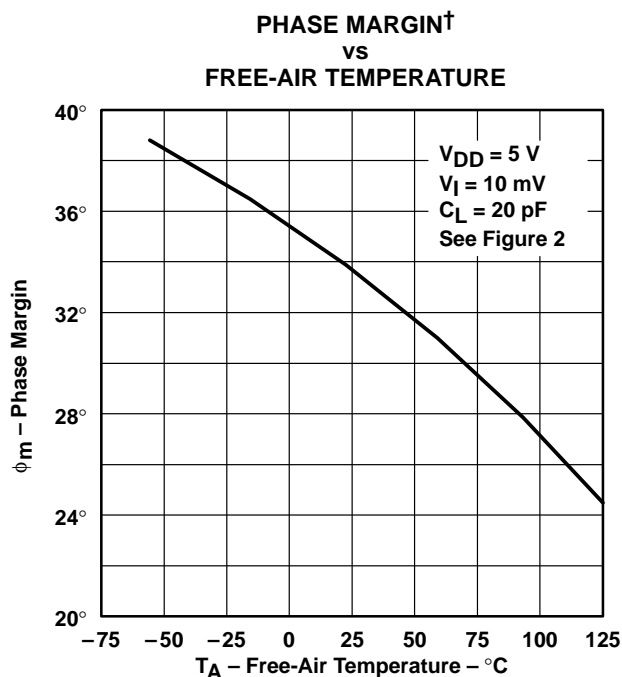


Figure 33

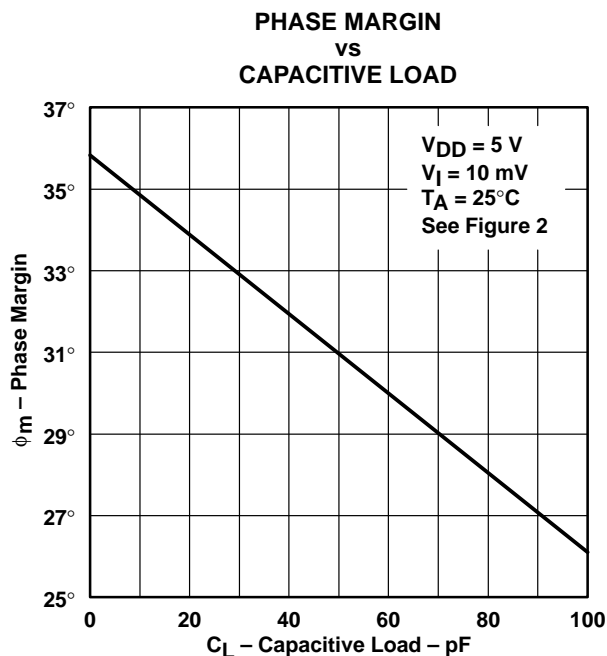


Figure 34

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan (2) | Lead/Ball Finish (6) | MSL Peak Temp (3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| TLC1078CD | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 75 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | 0 to 70 | 1078C | Samples |
| TLC1078CDG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 75 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | 0 to 70 | 1078C | Samples |
| TLC1078CDR | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | 0 to 70 | 1078C | Samples |
| TLC1078CDRG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | 0 to 70 | 1078C | Samples |
| TLC1078CP | ACTIVE | PDIP | P | 8 | 50 | Pb-Free (RoHS) | CU NIPDAU | N / A for Pkg Type | 0 to 70 | TLC1078CP | Samples |
| TLC1078CPE4 | ACTIVE | PDIP | P | 8 | 50 | Pb-Free (RoHS) | CU NIPDAU | N / A for Pkg Type | 0 to 70 | TLC1078CP | Samples |
| TLC1078ID | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 75 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | 1078I | Samples |
| TLC1078IDG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 75 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | 1078I | Samples |
| TLC1078IDR | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | 1078I | Samples |
| TLC1078IP | ACTIVE | PDIP | P | 8 | 50 | Pb-Free (RoHS) | CU NIPDAU | N / A for Pkg Type | -40 to 85 | TLC1078IP | Samples |
| TLC1078IPE4 | ACTIVE | PDIP | P | 8 | 50 | Pb-Free (RoHS) | CU NIPDAU | N / A for Pkg Type | -40 to 85 | TLC1078IP | Samples |
| TLC1078MDG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 75 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -55 to 125 | 1078M | Samples |
| TLC1079CD | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 50 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | 0 to 70 | TLC1079C | Samples |
| TLC1079CDG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 50 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | 0 to 70 | TLC1079C | Samples |
| TLC1079CDR | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | | TLC1079C | Samples |
| TLC1079CN | ACTIVE | PDIP | N | 14 | 25 | Pb-Free (RoHS) | CU NIPDAU | N / A for Pkg Type | | TLC1079CN | Samples |
| TLC1079CNE4 | ACTIVE | PDIP | N | 14 | 25 | Pb-Free (RoHS) | CU NIPDAU | N / A for Pkg Type | | TLC1079CN | Samples |

| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan (2) | Lead/Ball Finish (6) | MSL Peak Temp (3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| TLC1079ID | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 50 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | | TLC1079I | Samples |
| TLC1079IDG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 50 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | | TLC1079I | Samples |
| TLC1079IDR | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | | TLC1079I | Samples |
| TLC1079IN | ACTIVE | PDIP | N | 14 | 25 | Pb-Free (RoHS) | CU NIPDAU | N / A for Pkg Type | | TLC1079IN | Samples |
| TLC1079INE4 | ACTIVE | PDIP | N | 14 | 25 | Pb-Free (RoHS) | CU NIPDAU | N / A for Pkg Type | | TLC1079IN | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| TLC1078CDR | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| TLC1078IDR | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| TLC1078IDR | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| TLC1079CDR | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.5 | 9.0 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| TLC1079IDR | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.5 | 9.0 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| TLC1078CDR | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 340.5 | 338.1 | 20.6 |
| TLC1078IDR | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 340.5 | 338.1 | 20.6 |
| TLC1078IDR | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 367.0 | 367.0 | 38.0 |
| TLC1079CDR | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | 367.0 | 367.0 | 38.0 |
| TLC1079IDR | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | 367.0 | 367.0 | 38.0 |

D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
 - D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
 - E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4211283-2/E 08/12

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.

N (R-PDIP-T**)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

16 PINS SHOWN



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
 - D The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.

4040049/E 12/2002

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