



Order







SN74LVC1G373

SCES528F - DECEMBER 2003 - REVISED MAY 2017

SN74LVC1G373 Single D-Type Latch With 3-State Output

1 Features

- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoFree[™] Package
- Supports 5-V V_{CC} Operation
- Inputs Accept Voltages to 5.5 V
- Provides Down Translation to V_{CC}
- Max t_{pd} of 4 ns at 3.3 V
- Low Power Consumption: 10-µA Maximum I_{CC}
- ±24-mA Output Drive at 3.3 V
- Ioff Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode and Back **Drive Protection**
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II

2 Applications

- Servers
- Printers
- **Telecom and Grid Infrastructure**
- Memory Addressing
- **Buffer Registers**
- **Electronic Point of Sale**

3 Description

The SN74LVC1G373 device is a single D-type latch designed for 1.65-V to 5.5-V V_{CC} operation.

This device is particularly suitable for implementing buffer registers, I/O ports, bidirectional bus drivers, and working registers. While the latch-enable (LE) input is high, the Q outputs follow the data (D) inputs. When LE is taken low, the Q outputs are latched at the logic levels set up at the D inputs.

NanoFree™ package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

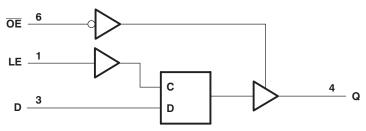
OE does not affect the internal operations of the latch. Old data can be retained or new data can be entered while the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

Device Information(1)

| PACKAGE NUMBER | PACKAGE | BODY SIZE (NOM) | | | |
|-----------------|------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| SN74LVC1G373DBV | SOT-23 (6) | 2.90 mm × 1.60 mm | | | |
| SN74LVC1G373DCK | SC70 (6) | 2.00 mm × 1.25 mm | | | |
| SN74LVC1G373YZP | DSBGA (6) | 1.41 mm × 0.91 mm | | | |

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)





2

Table of Contents

| 1 | Feat | ures 1 | |
|---|-------|--|---|
| 2 | Арр | lications 1 | |
| 3 | Desc | cription 1 | |
| 4 | Revi | sion History 2 | |
| 5 | Pin (| Configuration and Functions 3 | 5 |
| 6 | Spee | cifications | ł |
| | 6.1 | Absolute Maximum Ratings 4 | ł |
| | 6.2 | ESD Ratings 4 | |
| | 6.3 | Recommended Operating Conditions 5 | ì |
| | 6.4 | Thermal Information 5 | , |
| | 6.5 | Electrical Characteristics 6 | i |
| | 6.6 | Timing Requirements: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ | i |
| | 6.7 | Timing Requirements: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ | i |
| | 6.8 | Switching Characteristics: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ 7 | |
| | 6.9 | Switching Characteristics: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ 7 | |
| | 6.10 | Switching Characteristics: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ 8 | |
| | 6.11 | Operating Characteristics8 | , |
| | 6.12 | Typical Characteristics9 |) |
| 7 | Para | meter Measurement Information 10 |) |
| 8 | Deta | iled Description 12 | |

| | 8.1 | Overview 1 | 2 |
|----|-------|---|---|
| | 8.2 | Functional Block Diagram 1 | 2 |
| | 8.3 | Feature Description 1 | 2 |
| | 8.4 | Device Functional Modes 1 | 3 |
| 9 | App | lication and Implementation1 | 4 |
| | 9.1 | Application Information 1 | 4 |
| | 9.2 | Typical Application 1 | 4 |
| 10 | Pow | er Supply Recommendations 1 | 6 |
| 11 | Laye | out 1 | 6 |
| | 11.1 | Layout Guidelines1 | 6 |
| | 11.2 | Layout Example 1 | 6 |
| 12 | Dev | ice and Documentation Support1 | 7 |
| | 12.1 | Documentation Support 1 | 7 |
| | 12.2 | Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates 1 | 7 |
| | 12.3 | Community Resource 1 | 7 |
| | 12.4 | Trademarks 1 | 7 |
| | 12.5 | Electrostatic Discharge Caution 1 | 7 |
| | 12.6 | Glossary 1 | 7 |
| 13 | Мес | hanical, Packaging, and Orderable | |
| | Infor | mation 1 | 7 |

4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

|--|

| • | Changed YZP Package pinout diagram and added YZP pin numbers in <i>Pin Functions</i> table | 3 |
|---|--|----|
| • | Added Balanced High-Drive CMOS Push-Pull Outputs, Standard CMOS Inputs, Clamp Diodes, Partial Power Down (<i>I</i> _{off}), Over-voltage Tolerant Inputs | 12 |
| • | Added Trace Example in Layout Example section | |
| • | Added Documentation Support section | 17 |

Changes from Revision D (December 2013) to Revision E

| • | Added Applications section, Device Information table, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device | |
|---|--|---|
| | Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout | |
| | section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information | |
| | section | 1 |
| | | _ |
| | | |

| Cł | hanges from Revision C (May 2007) to Revision D P | Page |
|----|--|------|
| • | Updated document to new TI data sheet format | 1 |
| • | Deleted Ordering Information table; see POA at the end of the data sheet | 1 |
| • | Updated operating temperature range. | 5 |

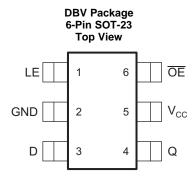


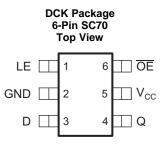
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Page

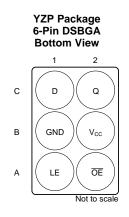


5 Pin Configuration and Functions





See mechanical drawings for dimensions.



Pin Functions

| | PIN | | I/O | DESCRIPTION | |
|-----------------|----------|-----|-----|--|--|
| NAME | DCK, DBV | YZP | | DESCRIPTION | |
| LE | 1 | A1 | I | Latch Enable; output follows D input when high | |
| GND | 2 | B1 | — | Ground | |
| D | 3 | C1 | I | D latch input | |
| Q | 4 | C2 | 0 | latch output | |
| V _{CC} | 5 | B2 | — | Positive supply | |
| OE | 6 | A2 | I | tive low output enable; Hi-Z output when high | |

Specifications 6

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

| | | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------|---|---|------|-----------------------|------|
| V_{CC} | Supply voltage | | -0.5 | 6.5 | V |
| VI | Input voltage ⁽²⁾ | | -0.5 | 6.5 | V |
| Vo | Voltage range applied to any output in the high-imp | edance or power-off state ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | -0.5 | 6.5 | V |
| Vo | Voltage range applied to any output in the high or lo | ow state ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | -0.5 | V _{CC} + 0.5 | V |
| I _{IK} | Input clamp current | V ₁ < 0 | | -50 | mA |
| I _{OK} | Output clamp current | V _O < 0 | | -50 | mA |
| I _O | Continuous output current | | | ±50 | mA |
| | Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND | | | ±100 | mA |
| TJ | Absolute maximum Junction temperature | | | 150 | °C |
| T _{stg} | Storage temperature | | -65 | 150 | °C |

Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended (1) Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(3)

6.2 ESD Ratings

| | | | VALUE | UNIT |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--|-------|------|
| V | Electrostatic discharge | Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾ | ±2000 | V |
| V _(ESD) | Electrostatic discharge | Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾ | ±1500 | V |

JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. (1)

(2)JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. CDM tested on DBV package

The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed. The value of V_{CC} is provided in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. (2)



6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

| See V |
|-------|
|-------|

| | | | MIN | MAX | UNIT | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------|--|
| \ <i>\</i> | Currente contra en | Operating | 1.65 | 5.5 | V | |
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage | Data retention only | 1.5 | | V | |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 0.65 × V _{CC} | 5.5 | | |
| | | V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V | 1.7 | 5.5 | | |
| V _{IH} | High-level input voltage | $V_{CC} = 3 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$ | 2 | 5.5 | V | |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 0.7 × V _{CC} | 5.5 | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 1.95 V | 0 | $0.35 \times V_{CC}$ | | |
| V | | V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V | 0 | 0.7 | V | |
| V _{IL} | Low-level input voltage | $V_{CC} = 3 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$ | 0 | 0.8 | | |
| | | V_{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 0 | $0.3 \times V_{CC}$ | | |
| Vo | Output voltage | | 0 | V _{CC} | V | |
| I _{OH} | | V _{CC} = 1.65 V | | -4 | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.3 V | | -8 | | |
| | High-level output current | | | -16 | mA | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3 V$ | | -24 | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | | -32 | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.65 V | | 4 | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.3 V | | 8 | | |
| I _{OL} | Low-level output current | | | 16 | mA | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3 V$ | | 24 | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 4.5 V | | 32 | | |
| | Input transition rise or fall rate | V _{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V, 2.5 V ± 0.2 V | | 20 | | |
| $\Delta t / \Delta v$ | | V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V | | 10 | ns/V | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | | 5 | | |
| - | | DSBGA package | -40 | 85 | ° O | |
| T _A | Operating free-air temperature | All other packages | -40 | 125 | °C | |

 All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. See Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs (SCBA004).

6.4 Thermal Information

| | | | SN74LVC1G373 | 3 | |
|----------------------|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|------|
| | THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾ | DBV (SOT-23) | DCK (SC70) | YZP (DSBGA) | UNIT |
| | | 6 PINS | 6 PINS | 6 PINS | |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 219.8 | 255.2 | 131 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JC(top)}$ | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance | 189 | 121.9 | 1.3 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JB}$ | Junction-to-board thermal resistance | 65.8 | 58 | 22.6 | °C/W |
| ΨJT | Junction-to-top characterization parameter | 67.3 | 7.2 | 5.2 | °C/W |
| Ψјв | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 65.2 | 57.3 | 22.6 | °C/W |

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

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6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CON | IDITIONS | V _{cc} | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT | |
|------------------|--|--|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------|------|--|
| | I _{OH} = −100 μA | | 1.65 V to 5.5 V | V _{CC} - 0.1 | | | | |
| | $I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$ | | 1.65 V | 1.2 | | | | |
| | I _{OH} = -8 mA | | 2.3 V | 1.9 | | | | |
| V _{OH} | I _{OH} = -16 mA | | 2.1/ | 2.4 | | | V | |
| | I _{OH} = -24 mA | | 3 V | 2.3 | | | | |
| | I _{OH} = -32 mA | | 4.5 V | 3.8 | | | | |
| | I _{OL} = 100 μA | | 1.65 V to 5.5 V | | | 0.1 | | |
| | I _{OL} = 4 mA | | 1.65 V | | | 0.45 | | |
| | I _{OL} = 8 mA | | 2.3 V | | | 0.3 | | |
| M | I _{OL} = 16 mA | | | | | 0.4 | V | |
| V _{OL} | 1 04 mA | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$ | 3 V | | | 0.55 | | |
| | I _{OL} = 24 mA | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$ | | | | 0.65 | | |
| | L 30 mA | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$ | 4.5 V | | | 0.55 | | |
| | I _{OL} = 32 mA | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$ | 4.5 V | | | 0.65 | | |
| li - | $V_1 = 5.5 V \text{ or GND}$ | | 0 V to 5.5 V | | | ±1 | | |
| I _{oz} | $V_0 = 0$ to 5.5 V | | 3.6 V | | | ±5 | | |
| I _{off} | $V_1 \text{ or } V_0 = 5.5 \text{ V}$ | | 0 | | | ±10 | μA | |
| I _{CC} | $V_{I} = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}, I_{O} = 0$ | | 1.65 V to 5.5 V | | | 10 | μ/ 1 | |
| ΔI_{CC} | One input at $V_{CC} - 0.6 V$, Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND | | 3 V to 5.5 V | | | 500 | | |
| C _i | $V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$ | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$ | 3.3 V | | 3.5 | | ъĘ | |
| Co | $V_0 = V_{CC}$ or GND | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$ | 3.3 V | | 6 | | pF | |

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.

6.6 Timing Requirements: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

| | | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|---|---|-----|-----|------|
| tw | Pulse duration, LE high | | 3 | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ | 2.4 | | |
| | Satur time, data bafara LE | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 2 | | |
| ι _{su} | Setup time, data before LE \downarrow | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 1.5 | | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ | 2.5 | | |
| | Lield time, data after L | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | | |
| τ _h | Hold time, data after LE↓ | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 1.5 | | |

6.7 Timing Requirements: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

| | | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|---|---|-----|-----|------|
| tw | Pulse duration, LE high | | 3 | | |
| | t _{su} Setup time, data before LE↓ | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ | 2.9 | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 2.1 | | |
| ι _{su} | | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ | 3 | | |
| | Light time, data after L | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | | |
| t _h | Hold time, data after LE↓ | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 1.5 | |] |



6.8 Switching Characteristics: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|---|-----|------|------|
| | | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ | 2 | 15 | |
| | D | | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 15 | 5 | |
| t _{pd} | D | | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 4 | UNIT |
| | | Q | $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 3.5 | |
| | | Q | V _{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V | 2 | 15 | |
| | LE | | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 5 | |
| | LE | | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 4 | |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 1 | 3.5 | |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ | 2 | 12.5 | ns |
| | OE | 0 | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 4.5 | |
| t _{en} | UE | Q | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 4 | |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 1 | 2.5 | |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ | 2 | 14 | |
| | OE | 0 | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 7 | |
| t _{dis} | UE | Q | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 7.9 | ns |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 1 | 5.3 | 1 |

6.9 Switching Characteristics: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$ or 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|--|-----|------|------|
| | | | V _{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V | 2 | 16 | |
| | D | | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 7.3 | ns |
| t _{pd} | D | | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 5.4 | |
| | | Q | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 1 | 4 | |
| | | Q | V _{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V | 2 | 16.3 | |
| | LE | | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 7.4 | |
| | LE | | V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V | 1 | 5.5 | |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 1 | 4 | |
| | | | V _{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V | 2 | 13 | ns |
| | OE | Q | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 6.3 | |
| t _{en} | UE | Q | V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V | 1 | 5.1 | ns |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 1 | 3.7 | |
| | | | V _{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V | 2 | 17.4 | |
| | OE | 0 | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 5.9 | |
| t _{dis} | UE | Q | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 6.5 | ns |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 1 | 4.6 | |

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6.10 Switching Characteristics: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$ or 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|---|-----|--|------|
| | | | V _{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V | 2 | 17 | |
| | D | | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 8 | |
| | D | | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 6 | |
| | | Q | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 1 | 4.5 | |
| pd | | Q | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ | 2 | 17 | |
| | LE | | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 8 | |
| | LE | | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 6 | |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 4.5 | |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ | 2 | 13.5 | |
| | ŌĒ | Q | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 7 | |
| en | UE | Q | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 5.5 | |
| | | | V _{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V | 1 | 4 | |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ | 2 | 18.4 | ns |
| | ŌĒ | Q | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 6.2 | |
| t _{dis} | UE | Q | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1 | 6.8 | |
| | | | V _{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V | 1 | 5 | |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ | 2 | 14 | |
| | ŌĒ | Q | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 8.3 | |
| en | UE | Q | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 0.9 | 6.5 | |
| | | | $V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | 0.7 | 5.5 | |
| | | | V _{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V | 2 | 16 | |
| | ŌĒ | 0 | $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ | 1.1 | 8 6 4.5 13.5 7 5.5 4 18.4 6.2 6.8 5 14 8.3 6.5 5.5 | |
| dis | UE | Q | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.4 | 6 | |
| | | | V _{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V | 0.8 | 5.1 | ns |

6.11 Operating Characteristics

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

| | PARAMETI | TEST | CONDITIONS | TYP | UNIT | |
|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------|------|----|
| | | | | V _{CC} = 1.8 V | 19 | |
| | | Outputs enabled | | $V_{CC} = 2.5 V$ | 19 | |
| | | | f = 10 MHz | $V_{CC} = 3.3 V$ | 19 | pF |
| | Power dissipation | | | $V_{CC} = 5 V$ | 20 | |
| C _{pd} | capacitance | | | V _{CC} = 1.8 V | 3 | рг |
| | | Outputs disabled | | $V_{CC} = 2.5 V$ | 3 | |
| | | Oulpuis disabled | | $V_{CC} = 3.3 V$ | 3 | |
| | | | | $V_{CC} = 5 V$ | 4 | |



SN74LVC1G373 SCES528F – DECEMBER 2003 – REVISED MAY 2017

6.12 Typical Characteristics

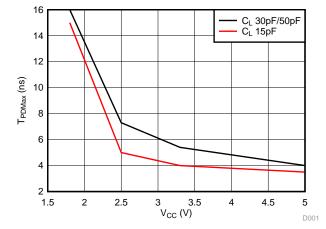
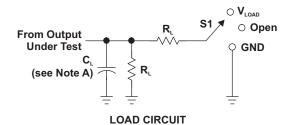


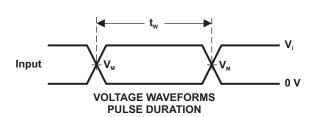
Figure 1. Propagation delay vs V_{CC}

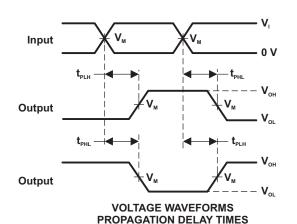
7 Parameter Measurement Information



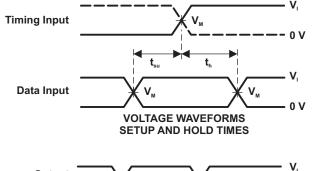
| TEST | S1 |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| t _{PLH} /t _{PHL} | Open |
| t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL} | V_{load} |
| t _{PHZ} /t _{PZH} | GND |

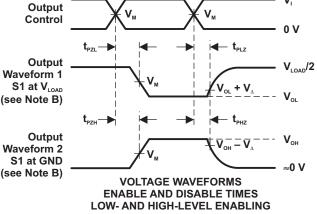
| V | INF | PUTS | | | | _ | |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|--------------|--------|
| V _{cc} | V | t,/t, | V _M | VLOAD | C | R | V |
| 1.8 V ± 0.15 V | V _{cc} | ≤2 ns | V _{cc} /2 | 2 × V _{cc} | 15 pF | 1 Μ Ω | 0.15 V |
| $2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$ | V_{cc} | ≤2 ns | V _{cc} /2 | 2 × V _{cc} | 15 pF | 1 Μ Ω | 0.15 V |
| $3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ | 3 V | ≤2.5 ns | 1.5 V | 6 V | 15 pF | 1 Μ Ω | 0.3 V |
| $5 V \pm 0.5 V$ | V_{cc} | ≤2.5 ns | V _{cc} /2 | 2 × V _{cc} | 15 pF | 1 Μ Ω | 0.3 V |





INVERTING AND NONINVERTING OUTPUTS





NOTES: A. C_{L} includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
 C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z₀ = 50 Ω.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
- F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
- G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHI} are the same as t_{rol} .
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

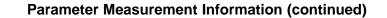
Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

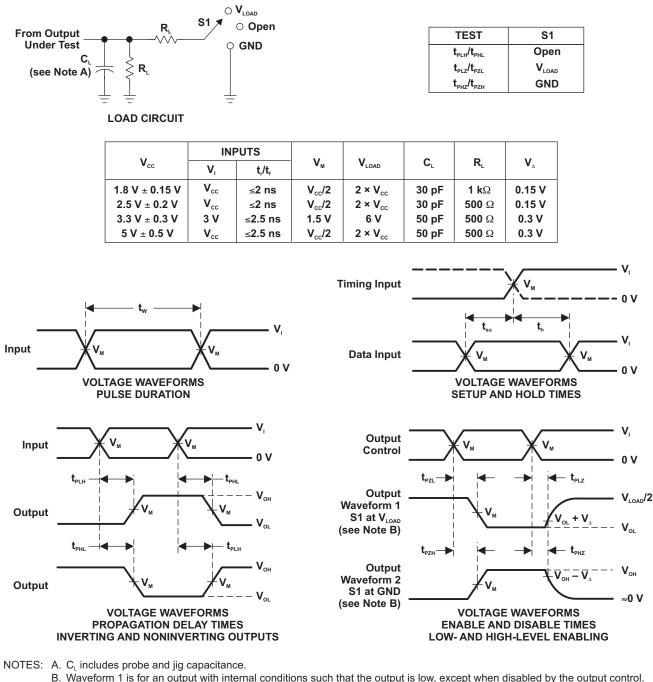
10 Submit Documentation Feedback



SN74LVC1G373 SCES528F – DECEMBER 2003 – REVISED MAY 2017

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B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control.
 Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
 C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z₀ = 50 Ω.

- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics. PRR < 101
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. $t_{_{\text{PLZ}}}$ and $t_{_{\text{PHZ}}}$ are the same as $t_{_{\text{dis}}}.$
- F. $t_{_{\text{PZL}}}$ and $t_{_{\text{PZH}}}$ are the same as $t_{_{\text{en}}}.$
- G. $t_{\mbox{\tiny PLH}}$ and $t_{\mbox{\tiny PHL}}$ are the same as $t_{\mbox{\tiny pd}}$
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

A buffered output-enable (\overline{OE}) input can be used to place the output in either a normal logic state (high or low logic levels) or the high-impedance state. In the high-impedance state, the output neither loads nor drives the bus lines significantly. The high-impedance state and increased drive provide the capability to drive bus lines without interface or pullup components. To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver. This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off}. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram

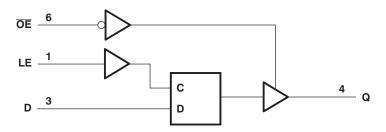


Figure 4. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Balanced High-Drive CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

A balanced output allows the device to sink and source similar currents. The high drive capability of this device creates fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the power output of the device to be limited to avoid thermal runaway and damage due to over-current. The electrical and thermal limits defined the in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* must be followed at all times.

8.3.2 Standard CMOS Inputs

Standard CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modelled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, and the maximum input leakage current, given in the *Electrical Characteristics*, using ohm's law ($R = V \div I$).

Signals applied to the inputs need to have fast edge rates, as defined by $\Delta t/\Delta v$ in *Recommended Operating Conditions* to avoid excessive currents and oscillations. If a slow or noisy input signal is required, a device with a Schmitt-trigger input should be utilized to condition the input signal prior to the standard CMOS input.



Feature Description (continued)

8.3.3 Clamp Diodes

The inputs and outputs to this device have negative clamping diodes.

CAUTION

Voltages beyond the values specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table can cause damage to the device. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

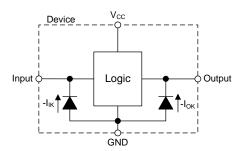


Figure 5. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

8.3.4 Partial Power Down (I_{off})

The inputs and outputs for this device enter a high impedance state when the supply voltage is 0 V. The maximum leakage into or out of any input or output pin on the device is specified by I_{off} in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

8.3.5 Over-voltage Tolerant Inputs

Input signals to this device can be driven above the supply voltage so long as they remain below the maximum input voltage value specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 lists the functions of this device.

| | INPUTS | | | | | | | |
|----|--------|---|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| OE | LE | D | Q | | | | | |
| L | Н | L | L | | | | | |
| L | Н | Н | Н | | | | | |
| L | L | Х | Q ₀ | | | | | |
| Н | Х | Х | Hi-Z | | | | | |

Table 1. Function Table

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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9 Application and Implementation

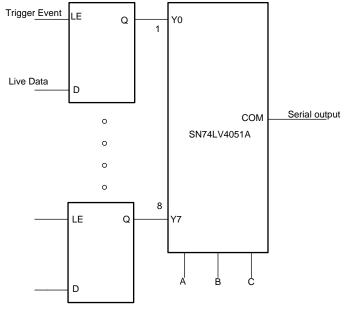
NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The SN74LVC1G373 latches can be used to store one bit of data. Figure 6 shows a typical application. The multiplexer is used to convert parallel data coming in from the latch into serial data using the A, B, and C select pins moving up in a sequence. With latch input low by a trigger event, the output Q holds the previous Q_0 data entered until the LE pin is cleared.

9.2 Typical Application



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Figure 6. Latch Used With Multiplexer for Parallel to Serial Conversion

9.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Take care to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits. The high drive also creates fast edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions must be considered to prevent ringing.



Typical Application (continued)

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- 1. Recommended Input Conditions
 - For rise time and fall time specifications, see $\Delta t/\Delta V$ in *Recommended Operating Conditions*.
 - For specified High and low levels, see V_{IH} and V_{IL} in *Recommended Operating Conditions*.
 - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 5.5 V at any valid V_{CC}.
- 2. Recommended Output Conditions
 - Load currents should not exceed 32 mA per output and 100 mA total through the part.
 - Outputs must not be pulled above V_{CC}.

9.2.3 Application Curve

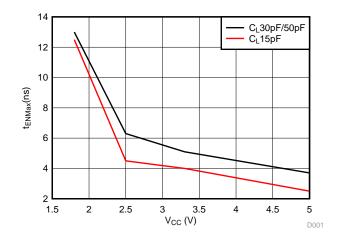


Figure 7. Enable Time vs V_{CC}



10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in *Recommended Operating Conditions*.

Each V_{CC} pin should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, TI recommends a 0.1- μ F bypass capacitor. If there are multiple V_{CC} pins, TI recommends 0.01- μ F or 0.022- μ F bypass capacitor for each power pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. 0.1- μ F and 1- μ F capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.

11 Layout

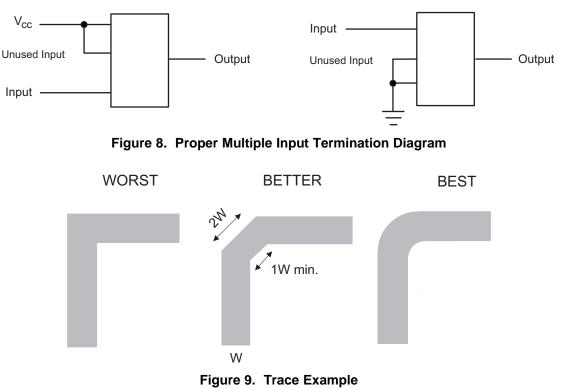
11.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple bit logic devices, inputs should not float. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused. Some examples are when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used, or when only 3 of the 4-buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states.

Specified in Figure 8 are rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or VCC, whichever makes more sense or is more convenient.

Even low data rate digital signals can have high frequency signal components due to fast edge rates. When a PCB trace turns a corner at a 90° angle, a reflection can occur. A reflection occurs primarily because of the change of width of the trace. At the apex of the turn, the trace width increases to 1.414 times the width. This increase upsets the transmission-line characteristics, especially the distributed capacitance and self-inductance of the trace which results in the reflection. Not all PCB traces can be straight and therefore some traces must turn corners. Figure 9 shows progressively better techniques of rounding corners. Only the last example (BEST) maintains constant trace width and minimizes reflections.

11.2 Layout Example





12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs (SCBA004)

12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.3 Community Resource

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

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Design Support TI's Design Support Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.4 Trademarks

NanoFree, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.6 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



3-Jul-2018

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking | Samples |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------|
| 74LVC1G373DBVRE4 | (1) ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 6 | 3000 | (2) Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | (6) CU NIPDAU | (3) Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | (4/5) (CA35, CA3R) | Samples |
| 74LVC1G373DCKRE4 | ACTIVE | SC70 | DCK | 6 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | (D35, D3R) | Samples |
| 74LVC1G373DCKRG4 | ACTIVE | SC70 | DCK | 6 | 3000 | TBD | Call TI | Call TI | -40 to 125 | (D35, D3R) | Samples |
| SN74LVC1G373DBVR | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 6 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | (CA35, CA3R) | Samples |
| SN74LVC1G373DCKR | ACTIVE | SC70 | DCK | 6 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | (D35, D3R) | Samples |
| SN74LVC1G373YZPR | ACTIVE | DSBGA | YZP | 6 | 3000 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | SNAGCU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | D3N | Samples |

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.



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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



| *All dimensions are nominal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
| SN74LVC1G373DBVR | SOT-23 | DBV | 6 | 3000 | 178.0 | 9.2 | 3.3 | 3.23 | 1.55 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| SN74LVC1G373DCKR | SC70 | DCK | 6 | 3000 | 178.0 | 9.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 1.22 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| SN74LVC1G373YZPR | DSBGA | YZP | 6 | 3000 | 178.0 | 9.2 | 1.02 | 1.52 | 0.63 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q1 |

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

11-May-2017



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| SN74LVC1G373DBVR | SOT-23 | DBV | 6 | 3000 | 180.0 | 180.0 | 18.0 |
| SN74LVC1G373DCKR | SC70 | DCK | 6 | 3000 | 180.0 | 180.0 | 18.0 |
| SN74LVC1G373YZPR | DSBGA | YZP | 6 | 3000 | 220.0 | 220.0 | 35.0 |

DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
 - A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
 - E Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.



LAND PATTERN DATA



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



LAND PATTERN DATA



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



YZP0006



PACKAGE OUTLINE

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

NanoFree Is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. NanoFree[™] package configuration.



YZP0006

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SBVA017 (www.ti.com/lit/sbva017).

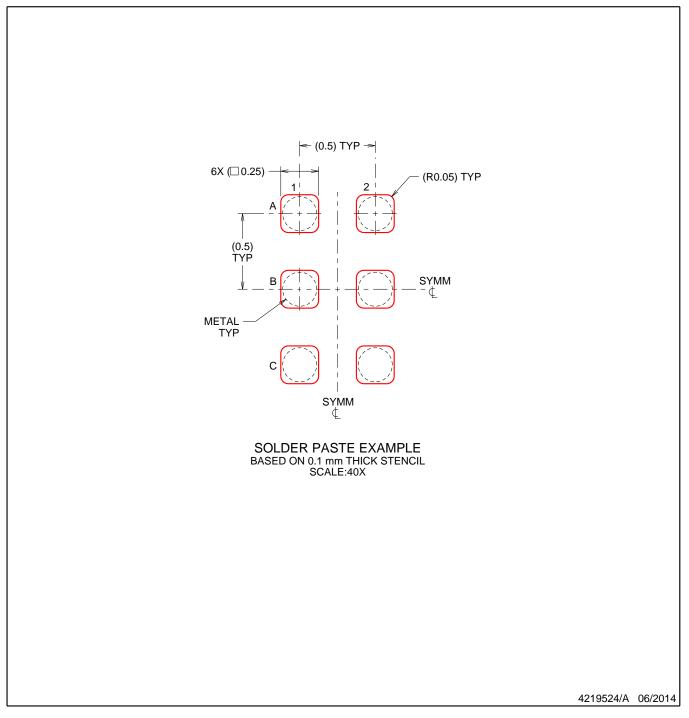


YZP0006

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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